



HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2009



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH**

HIMACHAL PRADESH CRIME REVIEW 2009



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA**

TELEPHONE NO. : 0177- 2628216
WEBSITE : <http://hppolice.nic.in>
E-MAIL : scrb-cid-hp@nic.in

PREFACE



Himachal Pradesh, “Crime Review-2009” is the second issue being published by State CID, SCRB. Efforts have been made to collect, present and analyze the data. Our endeavour was to make available maximum details by way of statistical tables, graphs/charts and brief interpretation wherever possible.

The job of data interpretation of crime is increasingly becoming important tool to forecast future trends for proper law enforcement and therefore, mere presentation of statistics does not serve the purpose anymore. It is our objective to collect accurate, meaningful and relevant statistics which would contribute towards formulation of focused Crime Control Policies in the State.

The Officers and the staff of State Crime Records Bureau, H.P., particularly Sh. Rameshwar Thakur, Superintendent of Police (Crime), Sh. Sunil Negi, Dy.S.P., SCRB, ASI Purshotam Chand, HC Surinder Singh, Const. Harish Singh and L/Const. Neena Devi of SCRB who have made significant contribution towards the preparation of this second issue of Crime Review because of which it has become possible to bring this second issue in such a comprehensive manner.

I am sure; this effort will go a long way in helping the police officers besides providing information to all stakeholders.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'I.D. Bhandari', written over a faint, circular official stamp.

(I.D. BHANDARI), IPS
Addl. Director General of Police,
Criminal Investigation Department,
Himachal Pradesh, Shimla-9

CONTENTS

CHAPTER NO.	TITLE	PAGE
	HIMACHAL AT A GLANCE	i
	PROFILE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE	ii
1.	INCIDENCE AND RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES IN HP	1-42
2.	CRIME AGAINST PERSONS AND PROPERTY	43-65
3.	TRENDS, DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIMES AND LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS (SLL) CRIMES BY POLICE AND COURT	66-92
4.	CRIME AGAINST WOMEN	93-112
5.	CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN	113-121
6.	ARREST DETAILS	122-143
7.	CRIME AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS OF THE SOCIETY	144-152
8.	SUICIDAL DEATHS	153-168
9.	ACCIDENTAL DEATHS	169-174
10.	CYBER CRIME	175-176
11.	DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT	177-181
12.	POLICE-STRENGTH, INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURE	182-187
	ANNEXURE-I:- OTHER IPC SECTIONS	i
	ANNEXURE-II:- LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS	ii-vi
	ANNEXURE-III:- HP ACTS	vii-ix
	GLOSSARY	x-xi

HIMACHAL PRADESH AT A GLANCE

1.	Area	:	55,673 Sq. Kms.	
2.	Border	:	Jammu& Kashmir, Punjab, Haryana, Uttrakhand	
3.	Population	:	2001 Census	Projected (2008)
			60,77,900	68,06,000
4.	Gender:- Male (50.80%)	:	30,87,940	
	Female (49.19%)	:	29,89,960	
5.	Sex Ratio (Per 1000 male)	:	968 Female	
5.	Population Density	:	109 (per square km.)	
5.	Literacy Rate	:	77 %	
6.	Per Capita Income	:	Rs.39,819	
7.	National Highways	:	7 (1493 Kms.)	
8.	State Highways	:	19,985 Kms.	
9.	Total No. of Districts	:	12	
10.	Snow Bound Districts	:	5	
11.	Border with J&K	:	216 Kms.	
12.	Seismic Zone	:	Zone-V (Highly Prone)	

➤ **Having International Tourist Destinations.**

PROFILE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE

1. Zone	:	1
2. Ranges	:	3
3. Districts	:	12
4. Police Districts	:	13
5. Police Sub-divisions	:	26
6. Police Stations	:	99
7. Railway Police Stations	:	2
8. CID Police Station	:	1
8. Highest Police Station	:	12000 Ft. (Kaza)
9. Police Posts (Permanent)	:	88
10. Police Posts (Temporary)	:	27
11. Battalions & India Reserve Battalions:		6
12. HP Institute of Police Studies	:	1
13. Police Training College	:	1
14. Total Police Strength	:	Sanctioned = 17896 Actual = 14767
15. Police Population (Per Thousand of Population)	:	2.4
16. Police: Density (Per 100 Sq. Km.)	:	25.76

CHAPTER-1

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

1.1 General:

The Himachal Pradesh is a hilly and peaceful state. There are sporadic incidents of crime taking place, but no particular area of any district of this State is notorious for any class or category of crime. There has not been any abnormal fluctuation in the incidence of crime in the State.

The crime situation has remained peaceful and well under control during the year 2009 throughout the State of Himachal Pradesh. No alarming increase was noticed under any major head of crime.

1.2. The Parameters for Review and Analysis of Crime:-

The following parameters have been adopted while analyzing the crime for the year 2009:-

- ➡ Geographical spread.
- ➡ Reasons for commission of crime especially in offences against persons.
- ➡ Investigative process followed.
- ➡ Recovery of property.
- ➡ Profile of criminals.

1.3. Reported Incidence of Cognizable Crimes:

The ten years trends of incidence and rate of total cognizable crime under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local and Special Laws (2008-2009) is presented in Table-1.2 at the end of the chapter. Total numbers of 17,418 cognizable crime cases were reported during the year 2009. This comprise of 13,315 cases under IPC and 4,103

cases under (SLL) Local & Special Law. (Table-1.1 and Chart-1.1 & 1.2)

CHART-1.1

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL REGISTERED CRIME
FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2000-2009)**

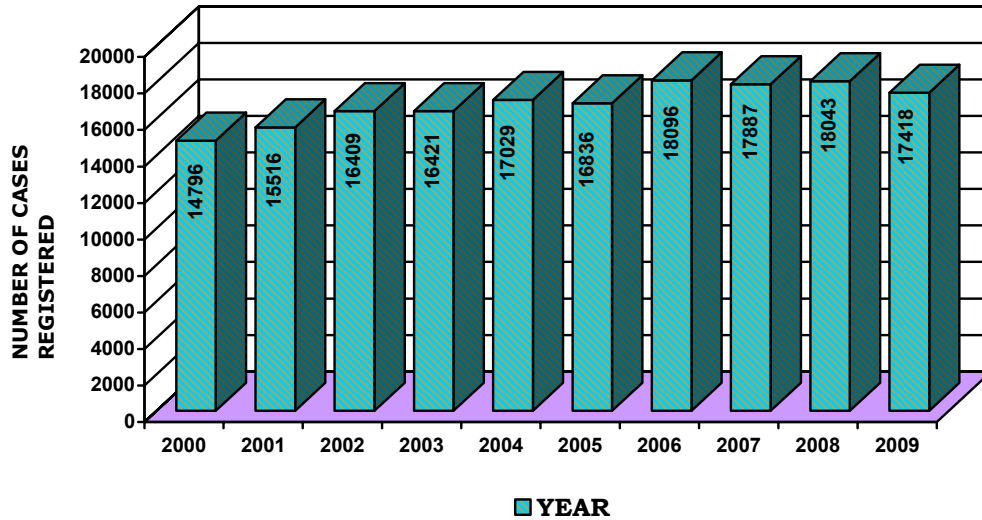
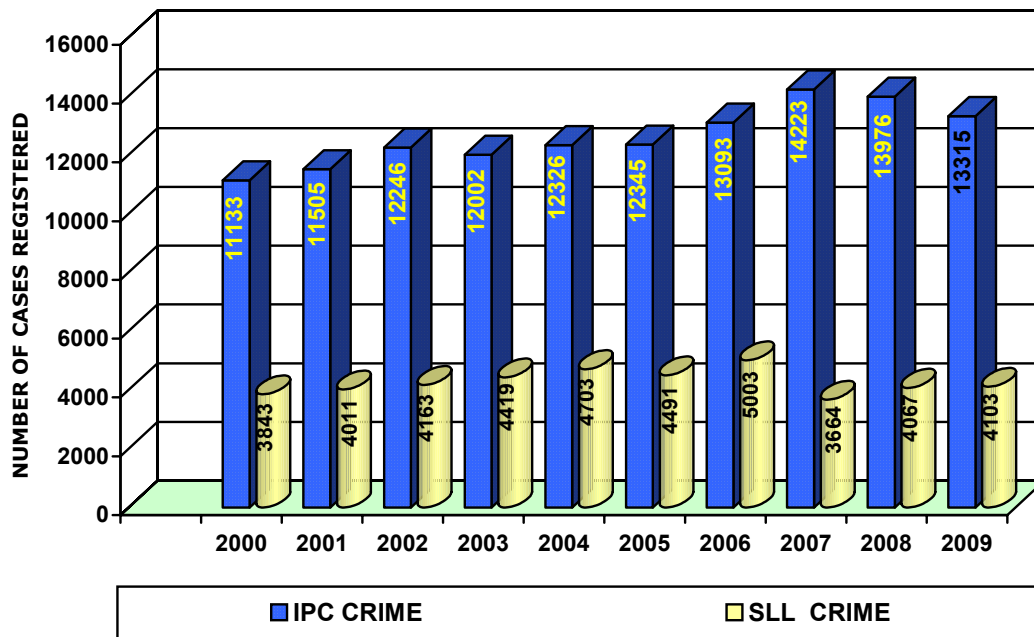


CHART-1.2

**INCIDENCE OF TOTAL IPC AND LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW
CRIME FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2000-2009)**



1.4. Crime Trends:

1.4.1. Crime Incidence:

During the year 2009, cases of cognizable crime have decreased by 3.46% (625) when compared to the registration of cognizable crime cases of the corresponding previous year. The registration of IPC crimes has recorded decrease of 4.73% while that of Special and Local Laws crime has recorded an increase of 0.88% in 2009 as compared to the year 2008.

Total 13315 IPC cases were reported in the State during the year 2009, as against 13976 cases during 2008 (4.73% decrease). District Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Bilaspur have recorded crime incidence between 1000 to 2500 IPC cases in each, district Una, Kullu, Hamirpur, Sirmaur and Chamba have recorded crime between 700 to 1000 IPC cases each, Police District Baddi and Kinnaur have recorded crime between 200 to 500 IPC cases each. The crime in district Lahaul & Spiti, Railway & Traffic unit and CID Unit have remain below the figure of 100 cases. The district wise detailed volume of crime is depicted in the Table-1.3.

1.4.2. District-wise IPC Crimes Trends:

The highest incidence of IPC cases was reported in District Kangra (2486 cases) followed by Mandi (1937), Shimla (1763), Bilaspur (1063) Una (994), Kullu (961), Hamirpur (936), Sirmaur (909), Solan (854), Chamba (711). The detail of number of districts falling under different ranges with incidence of IPC crimes during the year 2009 is presented in Table-1.3.

1.5. Crime Pattern: (IPC Crimes)

As compared to 2008, this year incidences of Attempt to Murder, Culpable Homicide, Rape, Robbery, Burglary, Molestation, Hurt and accidents Cases have shown increase while Murder, Dacoity,

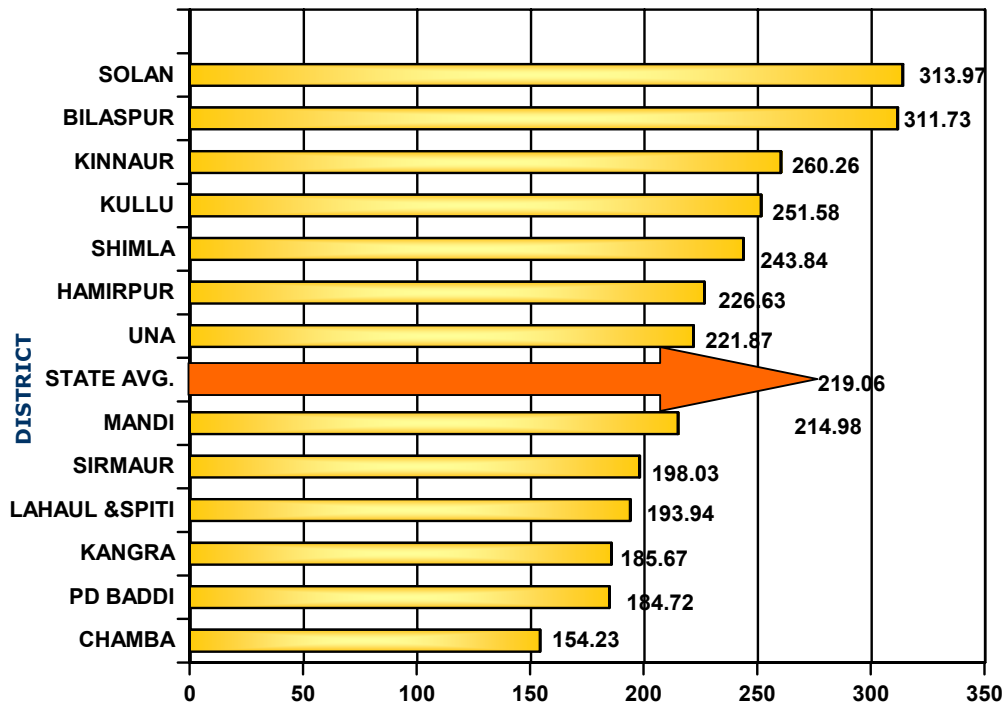
Kidnapping-Abduction, Dowry Deaths, Cruelty to Women, Rioting, Theft and other IPC cases have reported a decrease.

1.6. Crime Rate:

The Crime Rate, District wise is presented in Table-1.4. The average IPC Crime Rate in the State for 2009 was 219.06. The Crime Rate was the highest in Solan (313.97 followed by Bilaspur (311.73), Kinnaur (260.26), Kullu (251.58), Shimla (243.84), Hamirpur (226.63), Una (221.87), Mandi (214.98), Sirmaur (198.03), Lahaul & Spiti (193.94) and the lowest crime rate were found to be in districts Kangra (185.67), PD Baddi (184.72 Chamba (154.23), (Chart-1.3) and Table 1.4.

CHART-1.3

RATE OF IPC CRIME (DISTRICT-WISE) DURING-2009



Rate of Crime Incidence

1.7. Head Wise Analysis Of IPC Offences:

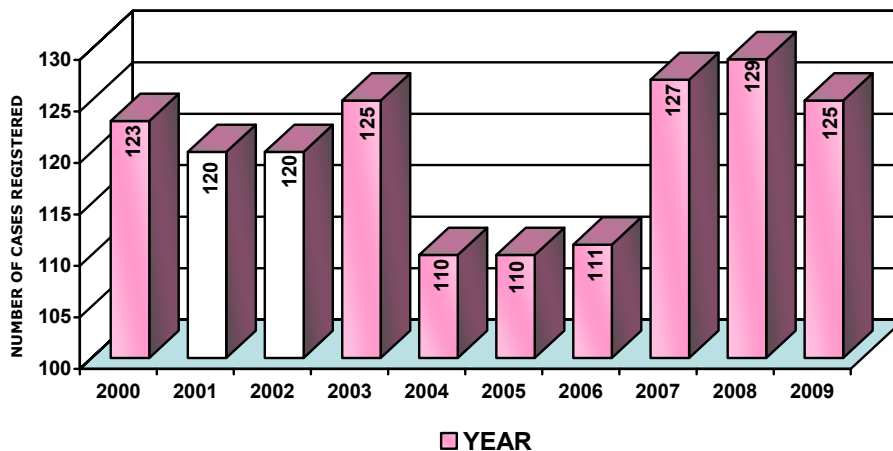
The head wise analysis of IPC offences is presented in Table-1.5. The head wise statistics indicates the following trends:-

(i) Murder : (Decrease 3.10 %)

The incidence of murder (125) in 2009 decreased by 3.10% as compared to the previous year 2008. Highest incidence of murder was reported in Kangra (29 cases) district, contributing 0.17 % of the total cases. Other districts which reported more than 10 cases were Shimla (18) Una (11), PD Baddi (10). The lowest incidence of murder was reported in districts Mandi (9), Chamba (8), Sirmaur, Solan and Kullu (7 cases each), Hamirpur (6) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.4.

The analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime was committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercations were the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

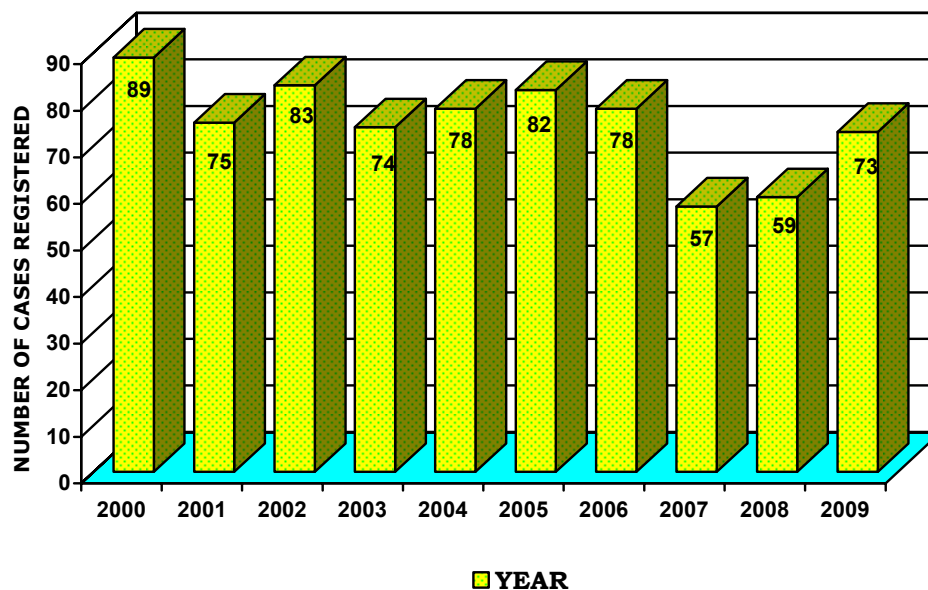
CHART-1.4
INCIDENCE OF MURDER DURING (2000-2009)



(ii) Attempt to commit Murder: (increase 23.73%)

The incidence (73) of Attempt to Commit Murder during this year has increased by 23.73 percent. The higher incidence of cases under this head was reported in Kangra (17) followed by Shimla (12), Una, Shimla (7 each) Bilaspur, Kullu (6 each) Sirmaur (5). The lowest incidence under this head was reported in Hamirpur, Solan (4 each), Chamba (3), PD Baddi and Kinnaur (1 each). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.5.

CHART-1.5
INCIDENCE OF ATTEMPT TO MURDER
DURING (2000-2009)

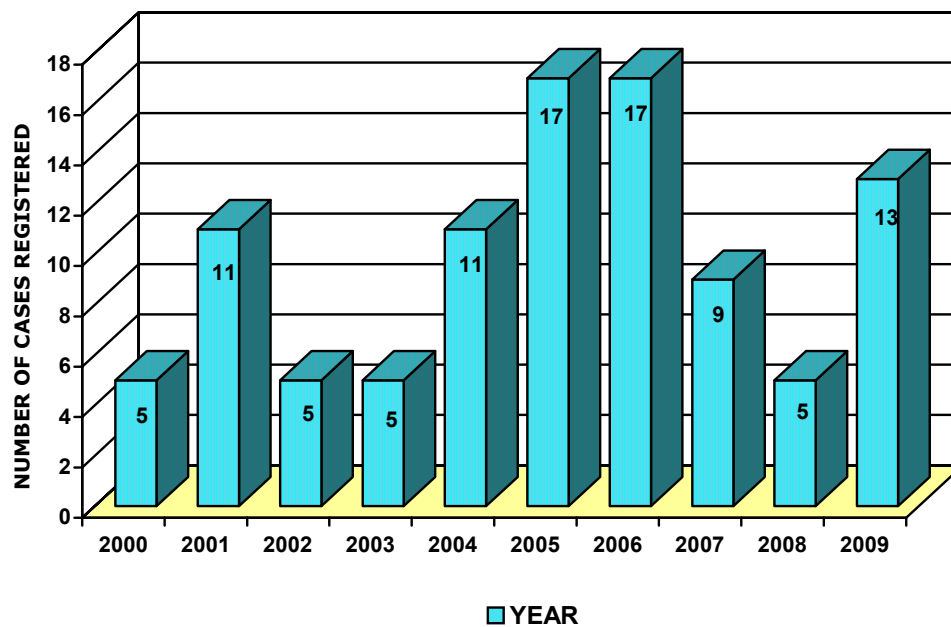


(iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder: (Increase 160%)

13 cases of Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder were reported during the year, showing an increase of 160% percent over the previous year (5 cases). The highest incidence (3 cases) was reported in Chamba district followed by Kangra, Shimla and Bilaspur

(2 each), Hamirpur, Mandi, Kullu and Una (1 case each) Districts. No incidence under this head was reported in Solan, PD Baddi, Sirmaur, Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.6.

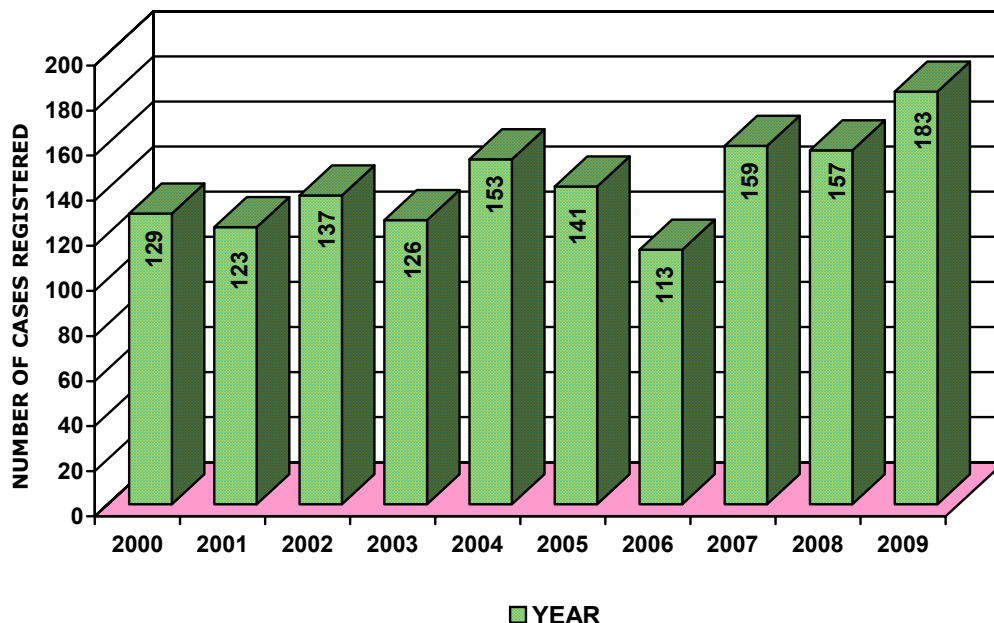
CHART-1.6
INCIDENCE OF C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER
DURING (2000-2009)



(iv) Rape : (Increase 16.56 Percent)

Total 183 cases of Rape were reported which has shown an increase of 16.56 percent during 2009 over previous year 2008 (157 cases). The highest incidence of rape was reported in Shimla (28) followed by Kullu (24), Kangra (23), Mandi (22), Chamba (20), Sirmaur (15), Bilaspur (14), Una (11), Hamirpur (9) Solan (8) and Kinnaur (6). The lowest number of cases were reported in PD Baddi (2) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1. 7.

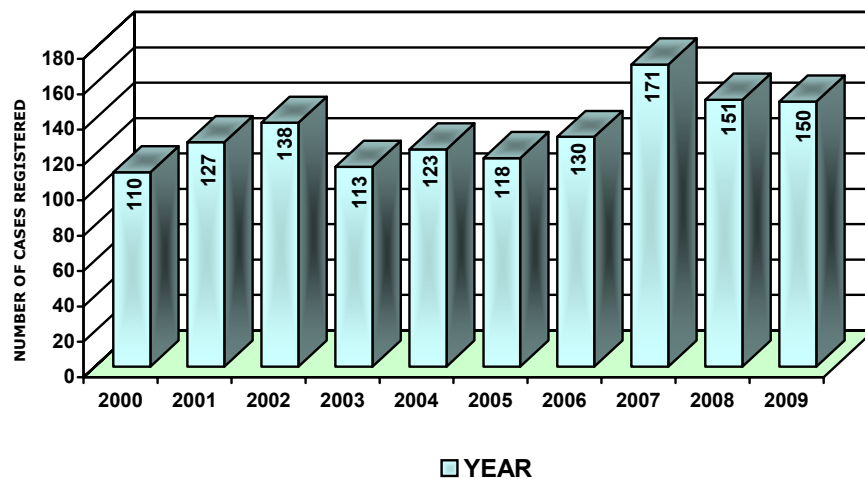
CHART-1.7
INCIDENCE OF RAPE DURING (2000-2009)



(v) Kidnapping and abduction: (decrease 0.66 %)

During the year 2009 a total number of 150 cases of Kidnapping and Abduction were reported with a decrease of 0.66 percent compared to previous year 2008. The highest incidences were reported in Shimla (28) followed by Kangra (24), Chamba and Hamirpur (16 each) Mandi (14) Solan & Kullu (12 each) Sirmaur and Una (10 each), The lowest number of cases was reported in Bilaspur (6) and Kinnaur (2). No incidence under this head was reported in PD Baddi and Lahaul & Spiti district. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.8.

CHART-1.8
INCIDENCE OF KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION
DURING (2000-2009)



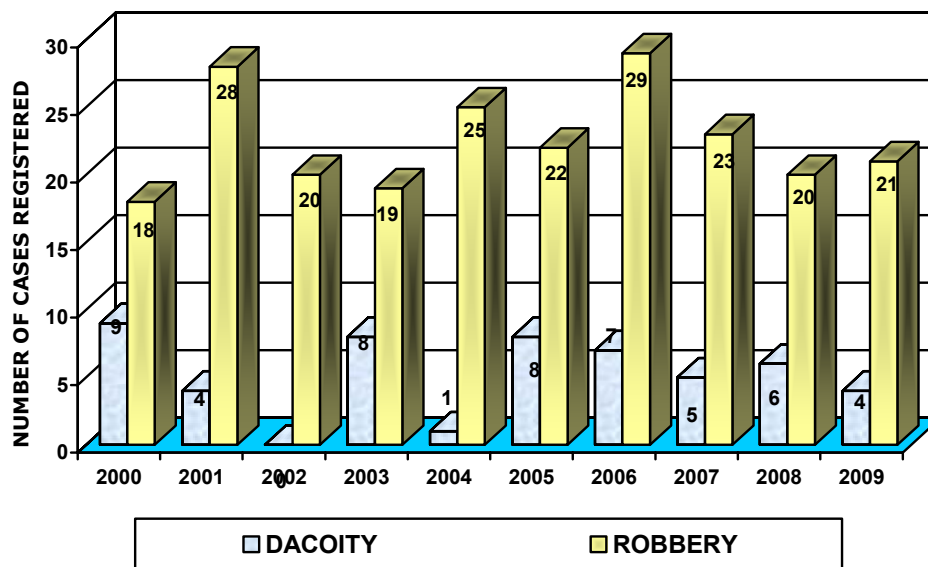
(vi) Dacoity : (Decrease 33%)

Total incidence of Dacoity (4) showed a decrease of 33% over the previous year 2008. Districts Bilaspur, Kangra, Mandi and Solan was reported 1 each incidence. No incidence under this head was reported in remaining districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

(vii) Robbery : (increase 5%)

The incidence of 21 cases of Robbery showed a increase of 5% over the previous year 2008. The highest incidence was reported in Sirmaur followed by Una (4) PD Baddi and Kullu (3 each), Mandi (2). The lowest number of cases were reported in Bilaspur, Chamba, Hamirpur and Solan (1 each) districts. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of State. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.9.

CHART-1.9
INCIDENCE OF DACOITY AND ROBBERY
DURING (2000-2009)



(viii) Burglary : (Increase 1.16%)

The incidence of Burglary (784) recorded an increase with 1.16% during the year 2009 as compared with 2008. The highest number of Burglary cases (152) was reported in Kangra district followed by Shimla (112), Chamba (95), Mandi (75), Sirmaur (73), Solan (67) Kullu, Una (49 each). The remaining districts have reported less than 40 cases under this head. The crime rate was the highest at 24.63 in Solan district and the lowest at 8.32 in Mandi district as against the State average of 12.80. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.10.

(ix) Theft: (Decrease 28.56%)

The incidence of Theft recorded a decrease of 28.56% during the year 2009 over the previous year. Shimla district has reported highest incidence (200 cases) followed by Kangra (136), Solan

(96), Una (74), Mandi (61) Sirmaur (60), Kullu (58). The remaining districts have reported less than 50 cases each. The crime rate was the highest in Solan (35.29) district and the lowest (4.99) in Chamba district as against the State average of 13.54. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.11.

CHART-1.10

INCIDENCE OF BURGLARY DURING (2000-2009)

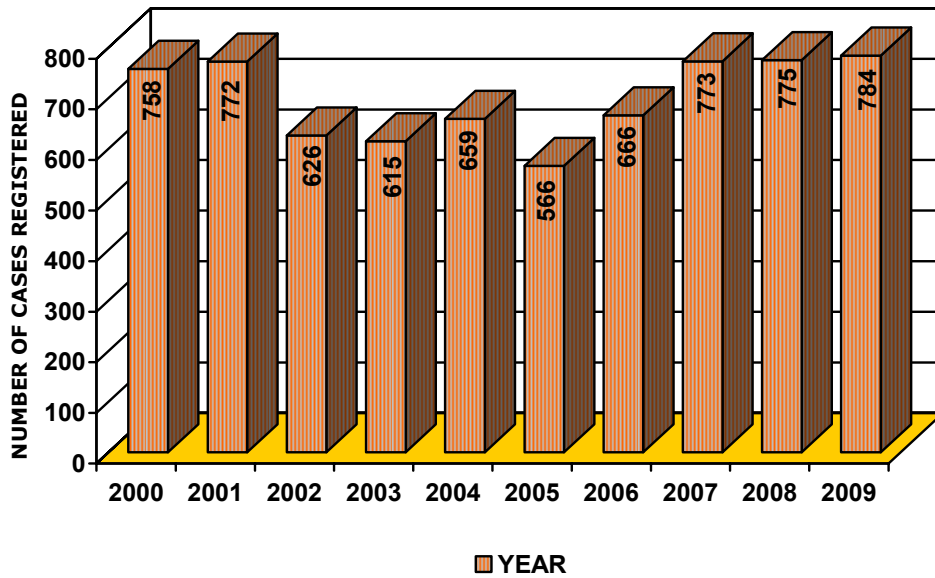
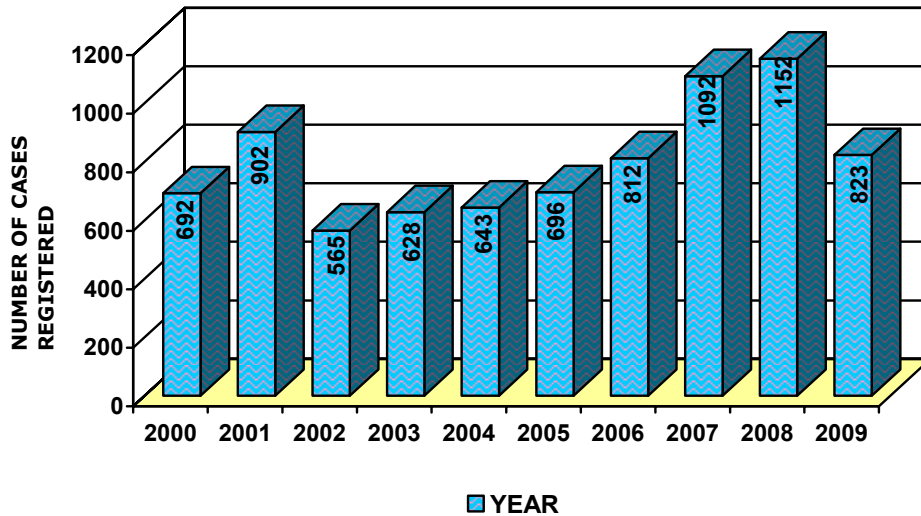


CHART-1.11

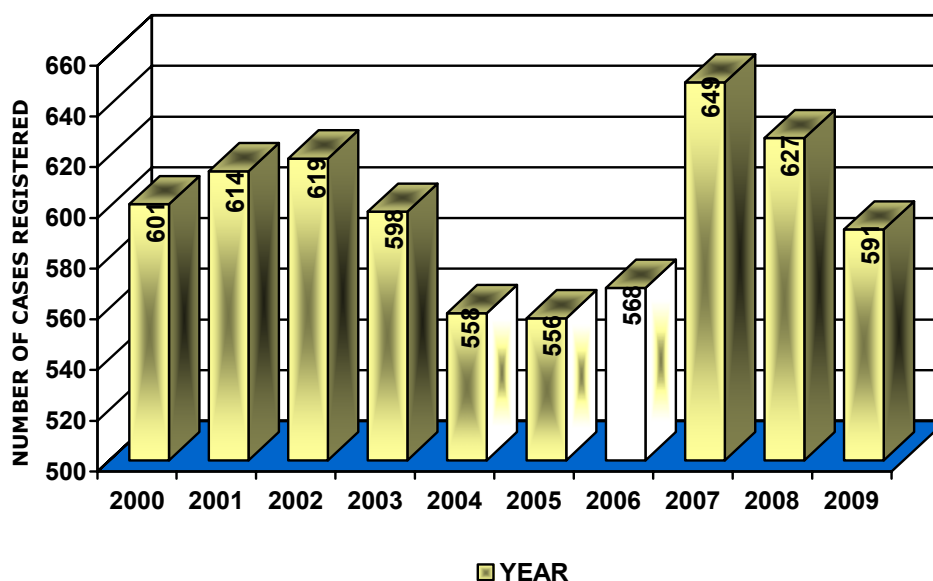
INCIDENCE OF THEFT DURING (2000-2009)



(x) Riots: (decrease 5.74%)

Incidence of Riots (591) registered during the year 2009 recorded a decrease of 5.74% over the previous year 2008. The highest incidence was reported from Shimla (99) district followed by Kangra (92), Mandi (82), Sirmaur (68) Solan (45), Bilaspur (41) Una (38), Hamirpur (30) Kullu (29). The lowest number of cases was reported in Chamba, PD Baddi (28 each) followed by Kinnaur (8) GRP (2) and Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.12.

CHART-1.12
INCIDENCE OF RIOTING DURING (2000-2009)



(xi) Hurt: (Increase 1.67 %)

A total number of 851 cases were reported during 2009 as against 837 cases reported in the year 2008 showing an increase of 1.67%. Kangra district has reported the highest incidence (224) followed by Mandi (126), Hamirpur (97), Una (89), Sirmaur (58), Shimla (55) Chamba (46) Bilaspur (45) Kullu (39), PD Baddi (31) Solan (28). The least number of cases were reported in Kinnaur (12) and

Lahaul & Spiti (1). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.13.

CHART-1.13
INCIDENCE OF HURT DURING (2000-2009)

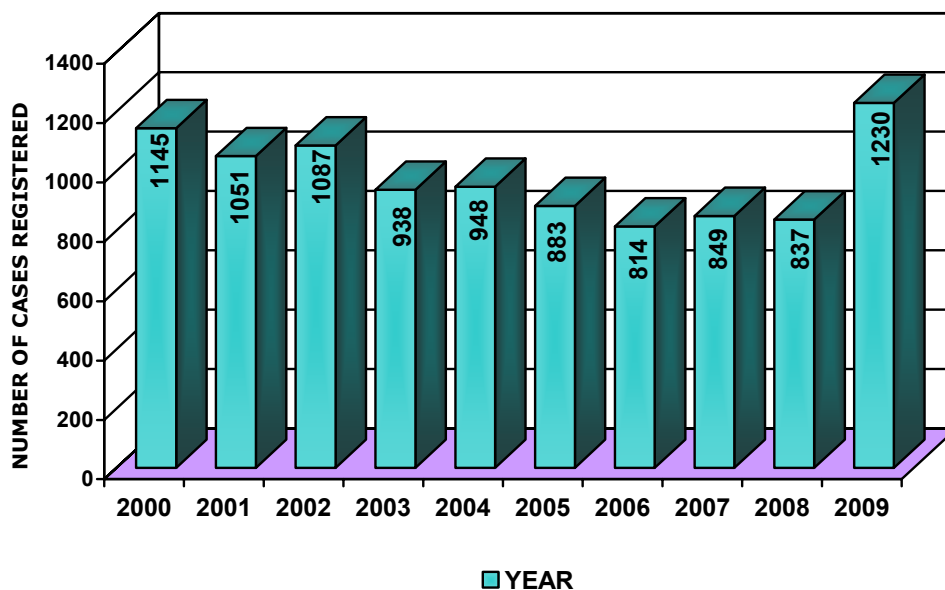
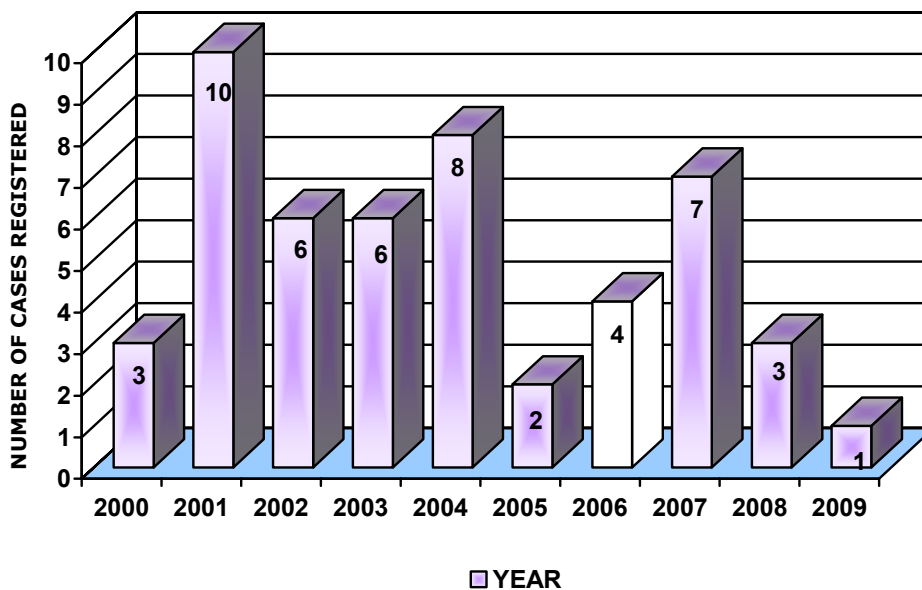


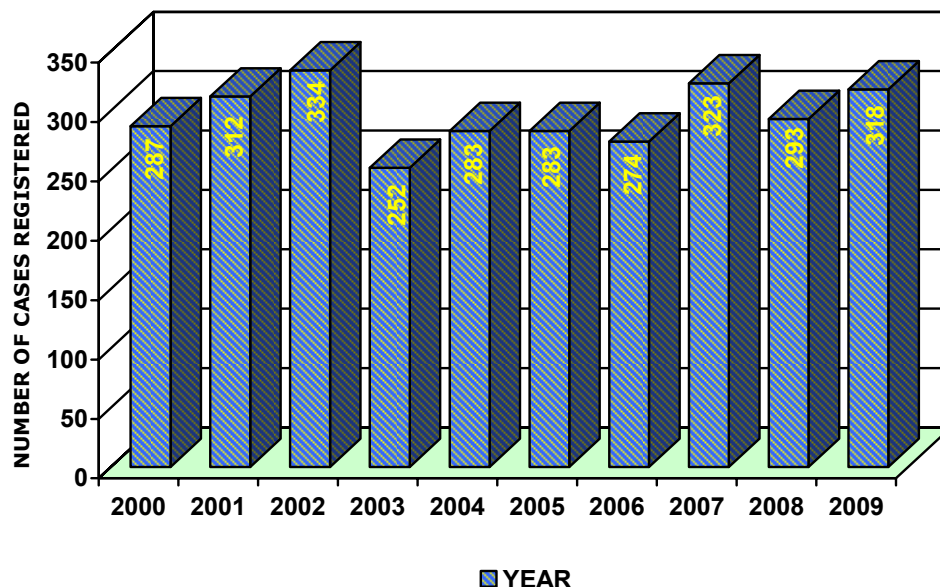
CHART-1.14
INCIDENCE OF DOWRY DEATH DURING (2000-2009)



(xii) Dowry Death : (decrease 66.67 %)

Incidence of Dowry Death recorded a decrease of **66.67 %** over the previous year 2008. A total number of 1 Dowry Deaths case was registered in Bilaspur district. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.14.

CHART-1.15
INCIDENCE OF MOLESTATION DURING (2000-2009)



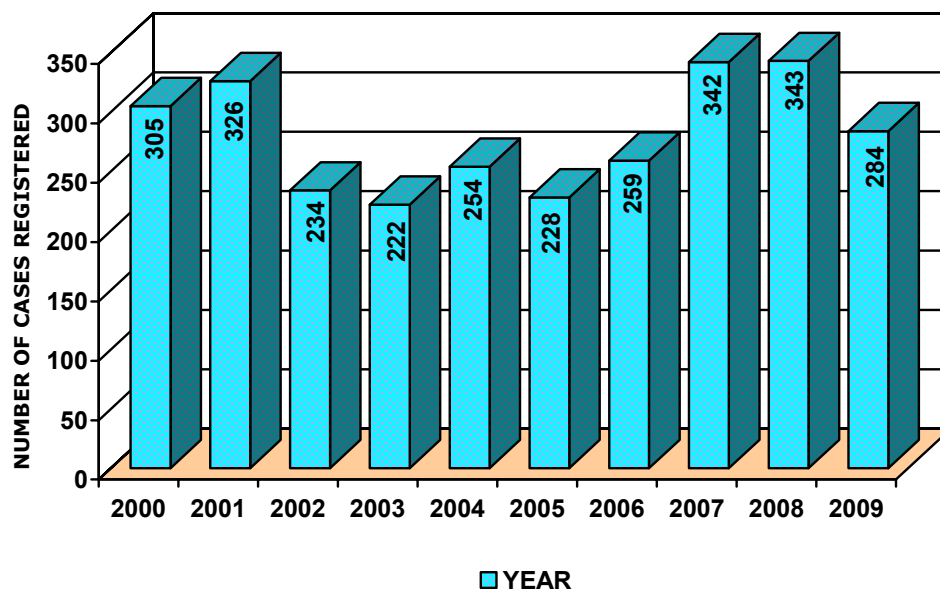
(xiii) Molestation: (Increase 8.53 %)

318 cases were reported during the year, showing a increase of 8.53%. 59 cases were reported in Mandi District followed by Kangra (49), Sirmaur (34), Shimla (32) Chamba (29), Bilaspur (28) Kullu (23) Hamirpur (22) Una (21). The lowest number of cases were reported in Solan (13) followed by PD Baddi (5) Kinnaur (3). No case was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.15.

(xiv) Cruelty to women: (decrease 17.20%)

284 cases were reported during the year, showing an decrease of 17.20%. 49 cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Shimla (39), Una, Hamirpur (30 each), Mandi (29), Sirmaur (28), Bilaspur (21). The lowest number of cases were reported in Kullu (16) Solan (15) Chamba (14) PD Baddi (9) Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti (2 each). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.16.

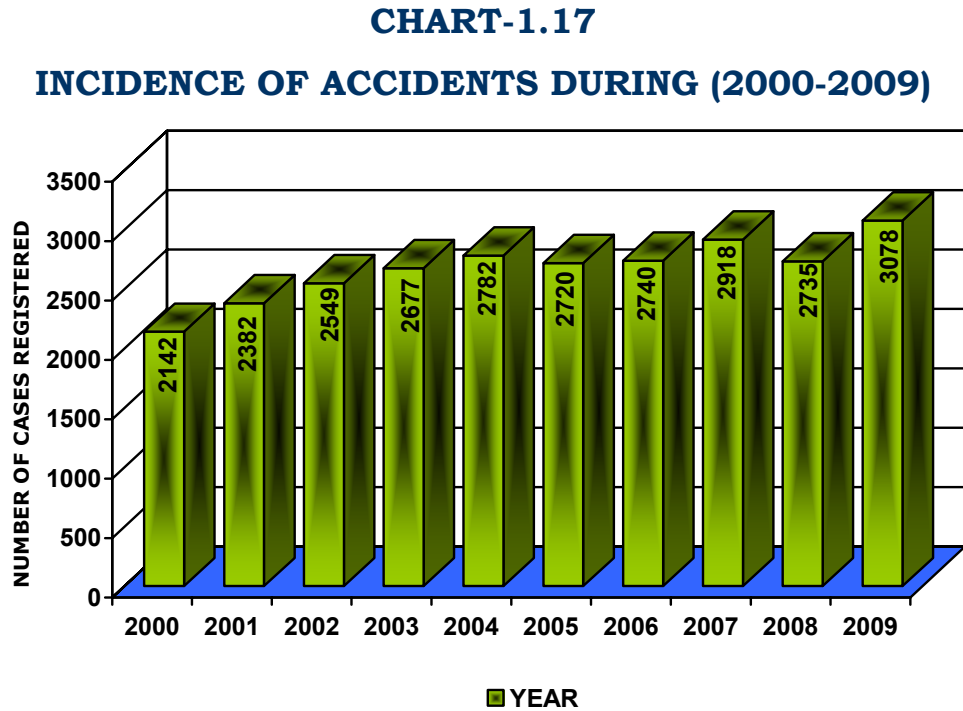
CHART-1.16
INCIDENCE OF CRUELTY TO WOMEN
DURING (2000-2009)



(xv) Accidents : (Increase 11.22%)

3078 cases were reported during the year, showing an increase of 12.54% as compared to the previous year. 584 cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Mandi (410), Shimla (373) Una (274), Sirmaur (270), Bilaspur (247) Kullu (209), Solan (203), Chamba (156). The lowest number of cases were reported in PD Baddi (141) followed by Hamirpur (133) Kinnaur (66) and Lahaul & Spiti (12)

Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.17 .



(xvi) Other IPC Crimes: (decrease 9.99 %)

Cognizable IPC Crimes which do not fall under any of the above specified categories are termed as “Other IPC Crimes”. As many as 6016 other IPC crimes accounting for 45.19% of the total IPC crimes were registered in the State during 2009. Total 45.19% incidence of other IPC were reported in the State against the total IPC crime.

Incidence of IPC Crimes (Head-wise) along with percentage share is presented in Table-1.6. Ten year trend in percentage change (head-wise) is presented in Table-1.7. District-wise and head wise details of IPC offences are available in Table-1.8 and Table-1.9. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.18 and percentage of Other IPC cases against IPC cases for the last 10 years is presented in Chart. 1.19 .

CHART-1.18
INCIDENCE OF OTHER IPC DURING (2000-2009)

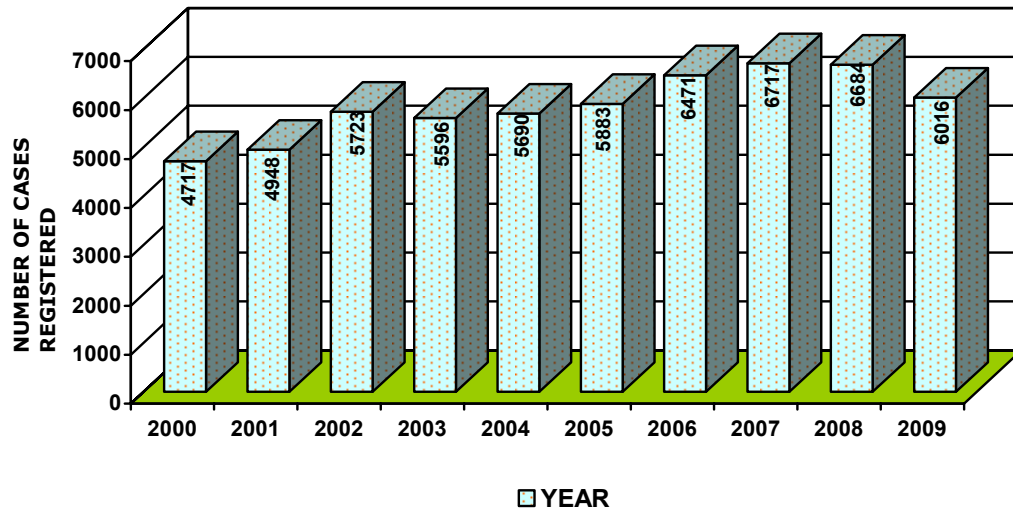


CHART-1.19
PERCENTAGE OF OTHER IPC CASES AGAINST TOTAL IPC FOR THE LAST 10 YEAR (2000-2009)

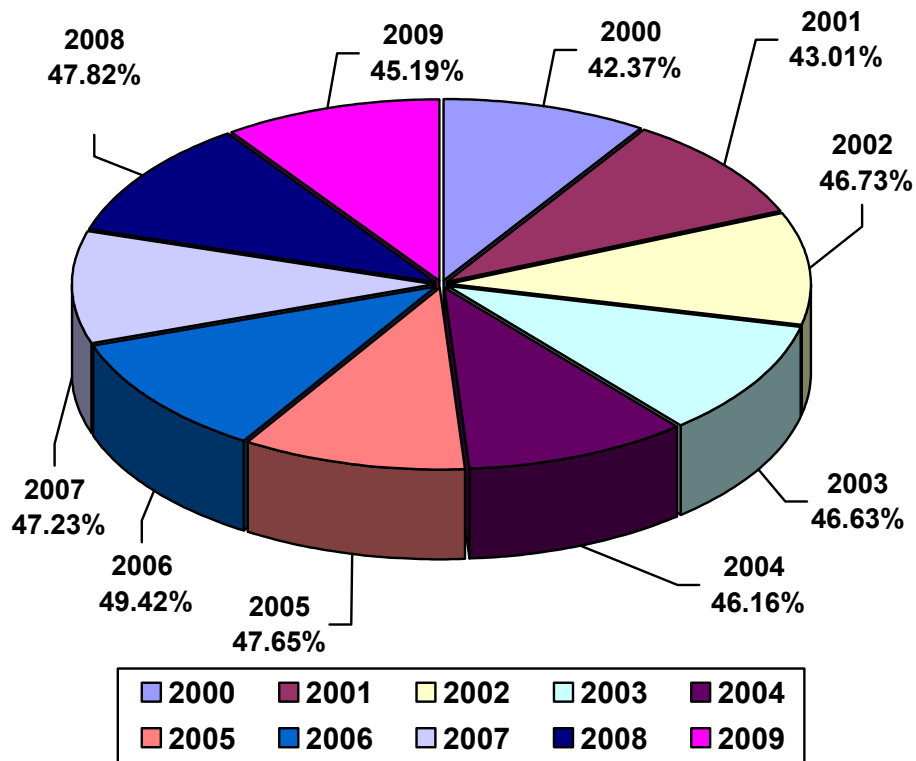
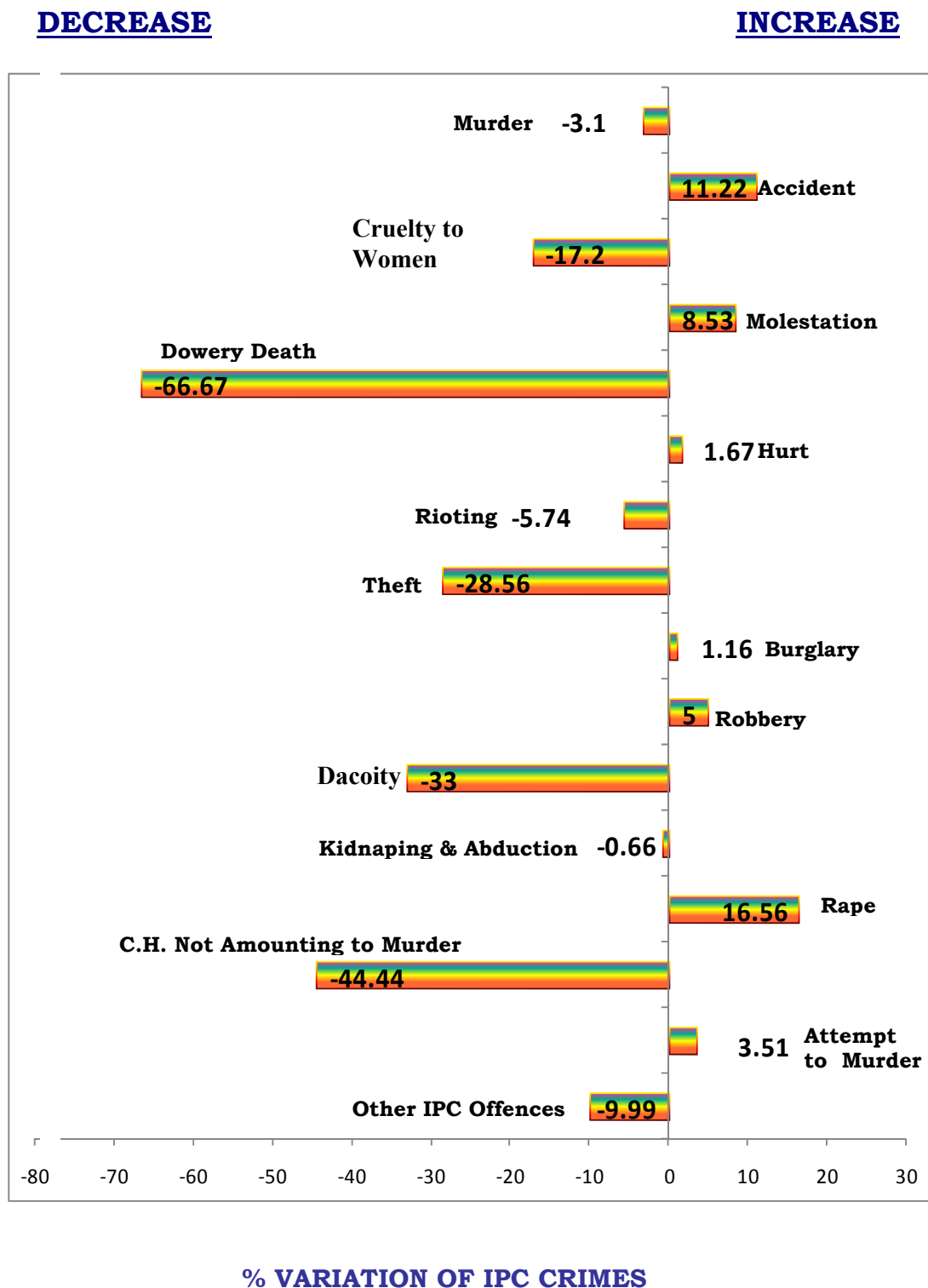


CHART-1.20
PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF IPC CRIMES FOR THE
YEAR 2009 OVER 2008



1.8 Crimes Under Local And Special Laws:

A list of Special and Local Laws is available at the Annexure-1. Incidence and rate of cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW crimes during 2000 to 2009 are presented in Table-1.10.

A total of 4103 cognizable LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) crimes were registered in the State during 2009. The head-wise percentage distribution of various cognizable crimes under Local & Special Law for 10 years from 2000 to 2009 is presented in Table-1.11. There is a minor increase of 0.88% in registration over the previous year.

The crime head-wise incidence and rate of cognizable Local & Special Law crimes in different districts are presented in Table-1.12.

Incidence of Local & Special Law cases under important Special and Local Laws is discussed below:-

1.8.1 Head Wise Analysis Of SLL Offences:

(i) Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act (ND&PS) : (Increase 26.47%)

The incidence of (473) under the ND&PS Act showed an increase of 26.47% over 2008. Cases under this Act constituted 11.53% against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2009. The highest incidence (130) cases were reported in Kullu district followed by Mandi (106), Chamba (41), Shimla, Hamirpur (38 each), Kangra (35), Bilaspur (25), Solan (24) Sirmaur & PD Baddi (11 each) Una (7) CID (4) Kinnaur (3). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District.

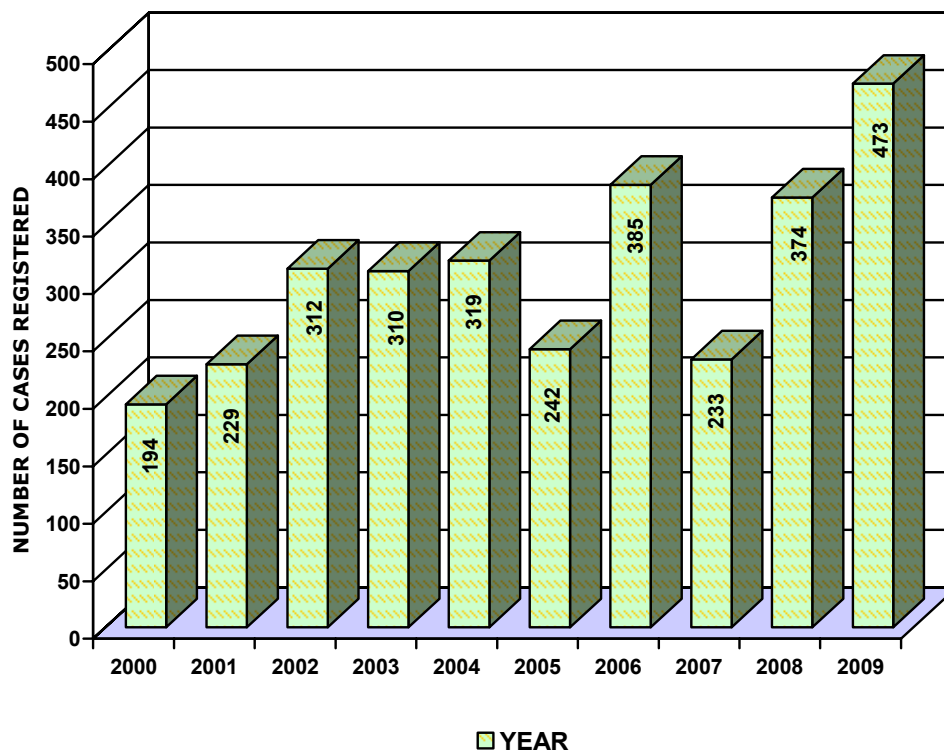
The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Kullu and Mandi with 49.89 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source / area of

drugs are Kullu, Mandi and Chamba. Further couriers of this contraband are mostly laborers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 80 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 20% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (35%). About 39% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 26%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible. Foreigners involved in this activity are mostly Italians and Israelis. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.21

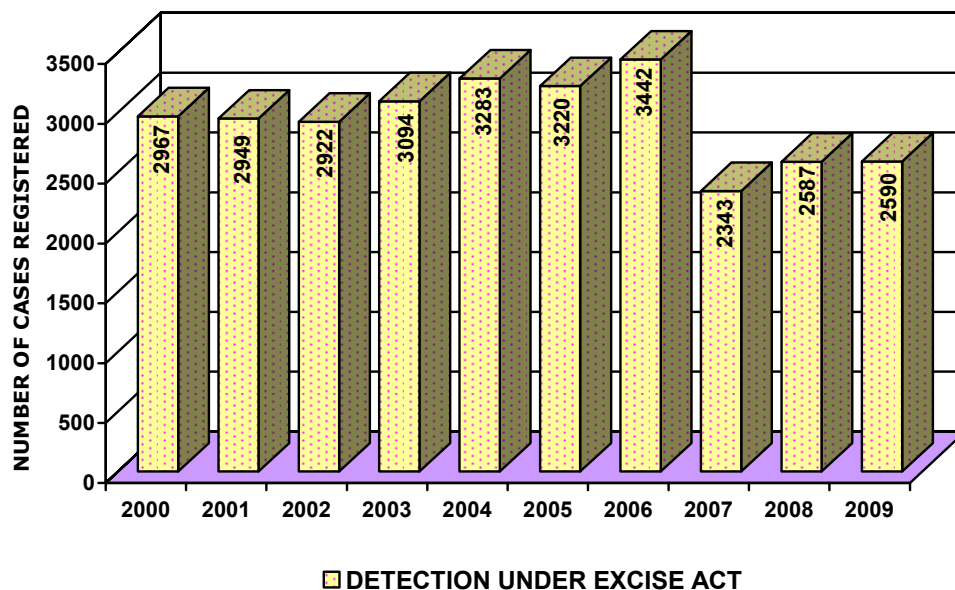
CHART-1.21
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2000-2009)



(ii). Excise Act: (Increase 0.12%)

The incidence (2590) under the Excise Act showed a minor increase of 0.12% over 2008. Cases under this Act constituted 63.12 % against the total LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) reported cases during the year 2009. The highest incidence (652) cases were reported in Kangra district followed by Mandi (376), Shimla (288), Kullu (286), Chamba (209), Una (151), Bilaspur (125) and Sirmaur (116). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Hamirpur (107), Solan (97), Lahaul & Spiti (65), Kinnaur (64) and PD Baddi (54). Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.22

CHART-1.22
DETECTION UNDER EXCISE ACT DURING (2000-2009)



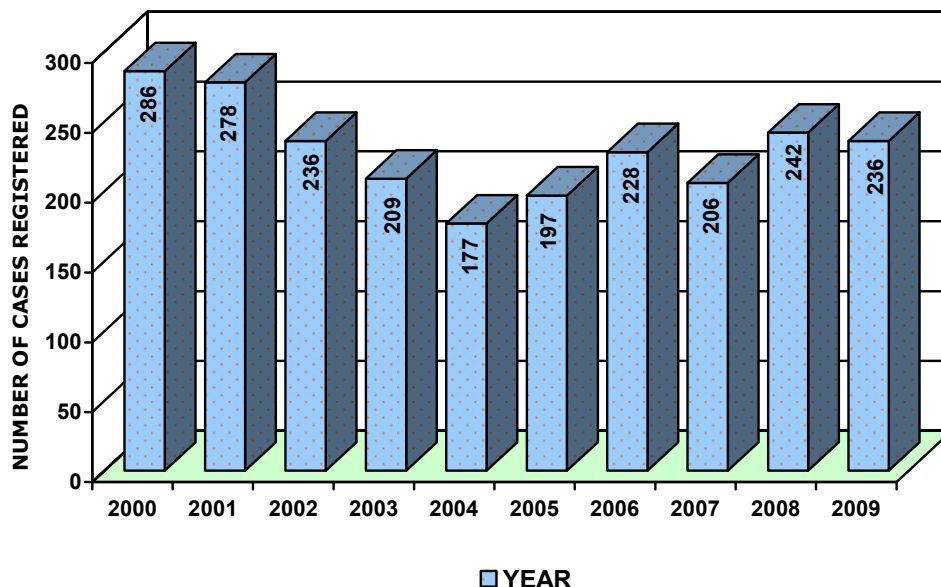
(ii) Forest Act: (Decrease 2.48%)

Total 236 incidence reported under the Indian Forest Act during the year 2009 which showed a decrease of 2.48% over 2008. Cases under this Act constituted 5.75 % against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2009. The highest

incidence (49) cases were reported in Shimla district followed by Una (43), Kullu (39), Kangra (25), Sirmaur (23) Mandi (22) and Chamba (11). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Bilaspur and Hamirpur (7 each), Solan (5) Lahaul & Spiti and Kinnaur (2 each), and PD Baddi (1).

The analysis reveals that majority of cases have been registered in Districts Shimla, Una, Mandi, Kangra and Sirmaur. The forest produce involved is timber, fuel wood, Guchhi, Resin, Walnut bark, Brich Bark, Brahmi leave and other herbal plants etc. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.23 .

CHART-1.23
DETECTION UNDER FOREST ACT DURING (2000-2009)



(iii) Protection of Civil Rights Act (decrease 66.67%):

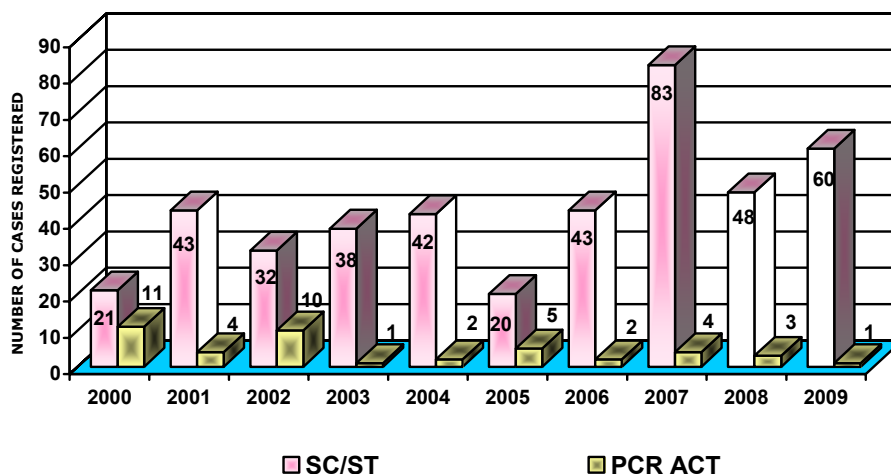
1 case was registered in Shimla district under the Protection of Civil Rights Acts showed a decline of 66.67 % over the previous year, 2008. No case under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

(v) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act: (Increase 27.08%)

61 cases were registered under the SC/ST Prevention of Atrocities Act showed an increase of 27.08 % over the previous year. The highest incidence (14) cases were reported in Shimla district followed by Kangra (12), Kullu (10), Hamirpur (8) and Sirmaur (7). The lowest incidence under this Act was seen in Bilaspur (5), Chamba and Una (2 each) and Mandi (1). No incidence under this Act was reported in rest of the districts of the State.

The analysis reveals that crime under this head is high in district Shimla, Kangra, Kullu and Hamirpur. The most common reason for registering cases under these Acts is a feeling of being hurt when one is called by derogatory name. This comprises of 66% of the total cases registered. 13 % of the cases were registered because of land and water disputes. 7% were registered due to not allowing access to temples. The remaining were for election related matters and miscellaneous reasons. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.24.

CHART-1.24
CASES REGISTERED UNDER SC/ST & PCR ACT
DURING (2000-2009)



(vi) Other Local & Special Law Cases: (including Arms Act, Gambling Act, Wild life Act, PDP Act, EC Act etc)

742 Local & Special Law cases reported come under the Acts mentioned above. These have shown a decrease of 8.73% over the previous year. The highest incidence was reported from Una (127).

During 2009 total number of 4103 cognizable crimes were reported in the state under various heads of (SLL) Local & Special Laws which shows a minor increase of 0.89% of the previous year.

It is observed that 5 specified crime heads accounted for 89.22 % of the total SLL crimes while the remaining 10.78% were clubbed as other SLL crimes. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-1.25

CHART-1.25
CASES UNDER OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL)
CASES DURING(2000-2009)

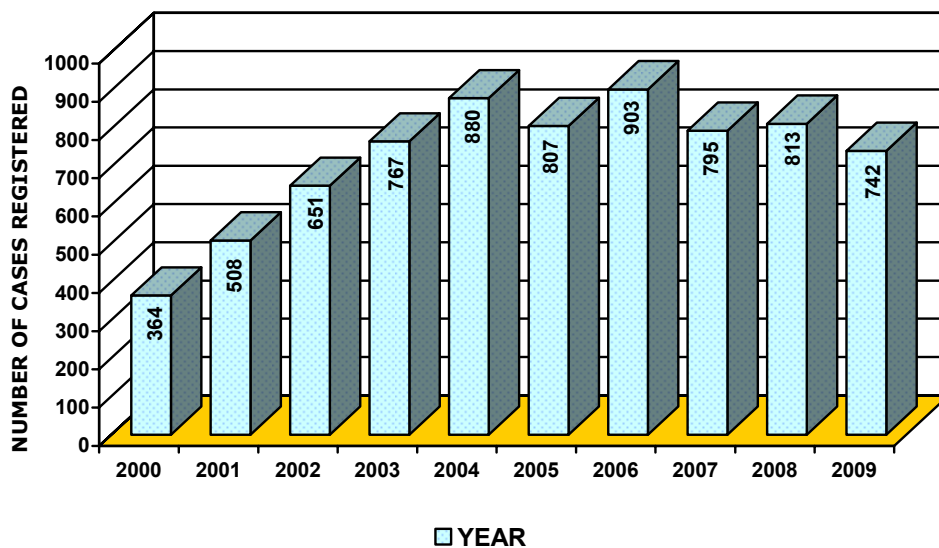
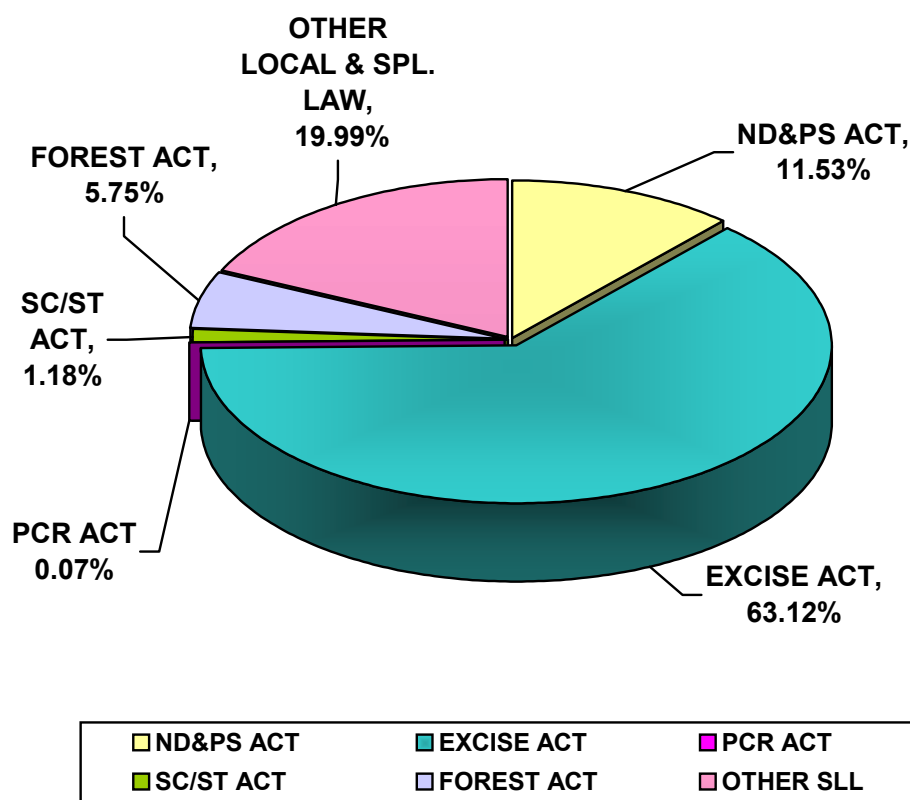


Table-1.13 presents incidence and rate of total Local & Special Law Crimes district wise. Table-14 gives district wise/Local & Special Law (SLL) Crime Head wise break-up of incidence and rate of Local & Special Law Crimes. The percentage distribution of Local & Special law cases is presented in Chart 1.26.

CHART-1.26
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF SLL CASES
DURING 2009



MAP-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2009

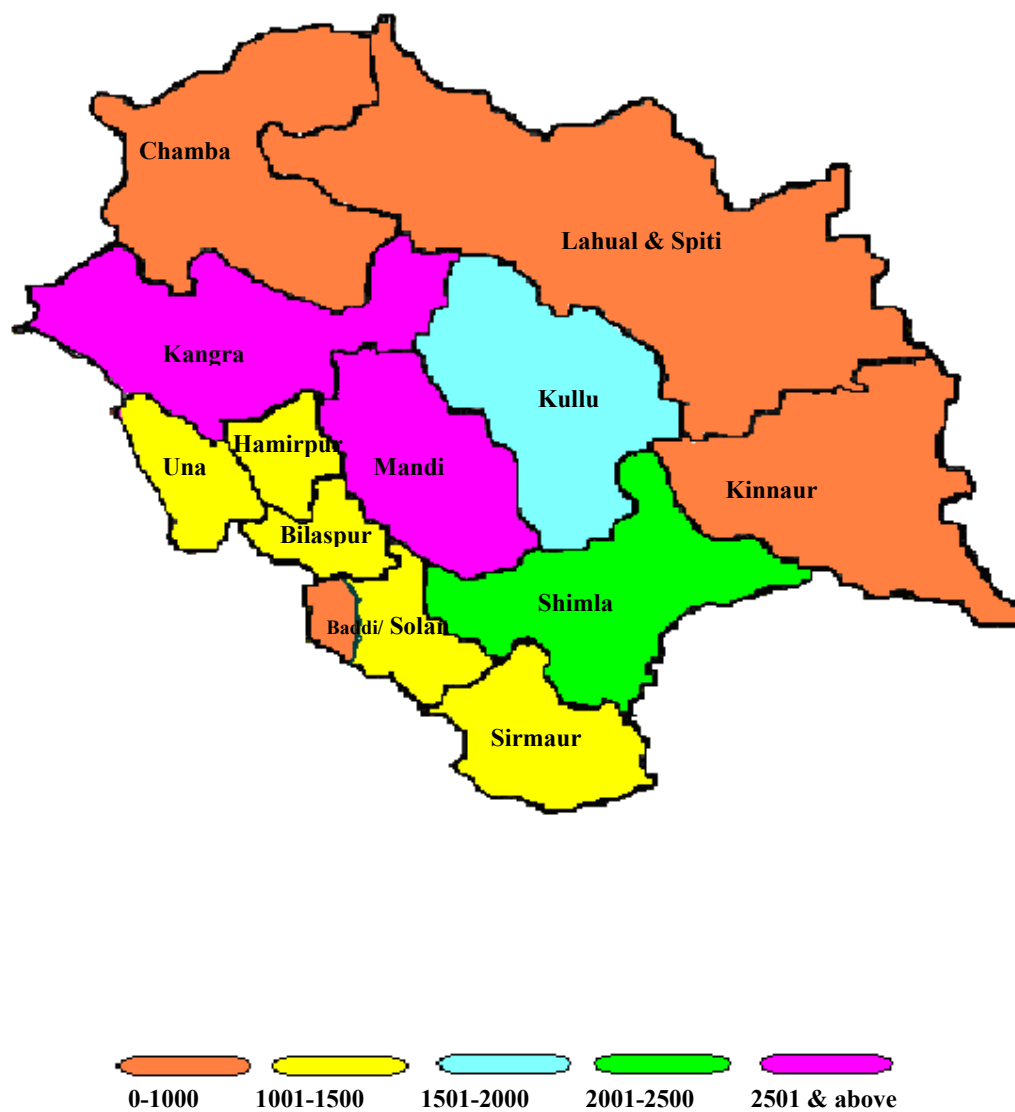


TABLE-1.1
INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC+SLL) DURING -2009

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	NO. OF CASES REGISTERED UNDER IPC & SLL DURING -2009		
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	PD BADDI	423	160	583
2.	BILASPUR	1063	219	1282
3.	CHAMBA	711	288	999
4.	HAMIRPUR	936	214	1150
5.	KANGRA	2486	795	3281
6.	KINNAUR	203	77	280
7.	KULLU	961	543	1504
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	64	74	138
9.	MANDI	1937	573	2510
10.	SHIMLA	1763	469	2232
11.	SIRMAUR	909	193	1102
12.	SOLAN	854	163	1017
13.	UNA	994	330	1324
14.	GRP	9	1	10
15.	CID	2	4	6
16.	TOTAL	13315	4103	17418

TABLE-1.2
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME UNDER INDIAN PENAL CODE (IPC)
AND SLL (2000-2009)

S.NO.	YEAR	INCIDENCE			PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIME TO TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIME	RATIO (SLL: IPC)
		IPC	SLL	TOTAL		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	2000	11133	3843	(3+4) 14796	75.24	1: 2.90
2	2001	11505	4011	15516	74.15	1: 2.87
3	2002	12446	4163	16409	75.85	1: 2.99
4	2003	12002	4419	16421	73.09	1: 2.72
5	2004	12326	4703	17029	72.38	1: 2.62
6	2005	12345	4491	16836	73.33	1: 2.75
7	2006	13093	5003	18096	72.35	1: 2.62
8	2007	14223	3664	17887	79.52	1: 3.88
9	2008	13976	4067	18043	77.46	1: 3.44
10	2009	13315	4103	17418	76.44	1:3.24

TABLE-1.3
INCIDENCE LEVEL OF IPC CRIME IN DISTRICTS DURING-2009

Sr. NO.	INCIDENCE RANGE	NUMBER OF DISTRICT	NAME OF DISTRICT	CASES REGISTERED IN 2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Between 2000 to 2500	1	Kangra	2486
2	Between 1500 to 2000	2	Mandi	1937
			Shimla	1763
3	Between 1000 to 1500	1	Bilaspur	1063
4	Between 500 to 1000	6	Una	994
			Kullu	961
			Hamirpur	936
			Sirmaur	909
			Solan	854
			Chamba	711
5	Below 500	5	PD Baddi	423
			Kinnaur	203
			Lahaul&Spiti	64
			GRP	9
			CID	2

TABLE-1.4
DISTRICT WISE RATE OF IPC CRIME DURING 2009
HIMACHAL PRADESH AVERAGE RATE : 219.06

DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE ABOVE THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE			DISTRICTS WITH IPC CRIME RATE BELOW THE STATE LEVEL AVERAGE		
Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE	Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	RATE
(1).	(2).	(3).	(4).	(5).	(6).
1	SOLAN	313.97	1	MANDI	214.98
2	BILASPUR	311.73	2	SIRMAUR	198.03
3	KINNAUR	260.26	3	LAHAUL & SPITI	193.94
4	KULLU	251.58	4	KANGRA	185.67
5	SHIMLA	243.84	5	PD BADDI	184.72
6	HAMIRPUR	226.63	6	CHAMBA	154.23
7	UNA	221.87			

MAP-1.2
RATE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2009



TABLE-1.5
COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS
DURING 2000 - 2009

Sr. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	123	120	120	125	110	110	111	127	129	125
2	Culpable Homicide	5	11	5	5	11	17	17	9	5	13
3	Attempt to Murder	89	75	83	74	78	82	78	57	59	73
4	Dacoity	9	4	-	8	1	8	7	5	6	4
5	Robbery	18	28	20	19	25	22	29	22	20	21
6	Rape	129	123	137	126	153	141	113	158	157	183
7	Kid &Abd.	110	127	138	113	123	118	130	171	151	150
8	Dowry Death	3	10	6	6	8	2	4	7	3	1
9	Cruelty to Women	305	326	234	222	254	228	259	342	343	284
10	Molesta- tion	287	312	334	252	283	283	274	323	293	318
11	Hurt	1145	1051	1087	938	948	883	814	850	837	851
12	Rioting	601	614	619	598	558	556	568	651	627	591
13	Accident	2142	2382	2549	2677	2782	2720	2740	2918	2735	3078
14	Burglary	758	772	626	615	659	596	666	773	775	784
15	Theft	692	602	565	628	643	696	812	1091	1152	823
16	Other IPC offences	4717	4948	5723	5596	5690	5883	6471	6717	6684	6016
	TOTAL	11133	11505	12246	12002	12326	12345	13093	14221	13976	13315

TABLE-1.6
INCIDENCE AND RATE OF TOTAL IPC CRIME (HEAD-WISE)
ALONG WITH PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION
DURING 2009

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	INCIDENT	RATE	PERCENT AGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Murder	125	2.06	0.93
2	Culpable Homicide	13	0.21	0.09
3	Attempt to murder	73	1.20	0.55
4	Dacoity	4	0.06	0.03
5	Robbery	21	0.34	0.16
6	Rape	183	3.01	1.37
7	Kid & Abd.	150	2.47	1.13
8	Dowry Death	1	0.02	0.0075
9	Cruelty to women	284	4.67	2.13
10	Molestation	318	5.23	2.39
11	Hurt	851	14.00	6.39
12	Rioting	591	9.72	4.44
13	Accident	3078	50.64	23.11
14	Burglary	784	12.9	5.89
15	Theft	823	13.54	6.18
16	Other IPC offences	6016	99.58	45.18
	TOTAL	13315	219.07	100.00

TABLE-1.7
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE (IPC) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2000 TO 2009.

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	1.10	1.04	0.98	1.04	0.89	0.89	0.85	0.89	0.92	0.94
2	Culpable Homicide	0.04	0.10	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.14	0.13	0.06	0.04	0.10
3	Attempt to Murder	0.80	0.65	0.68	0.62	0.63	0.66	0.60	0.40	0.42	0.55
4	Dacoity	0.08	0.03	0.00	0.07	0.01	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03
5	Robbery	0.16	0.24	0.16	0.16	0.20	0.18	0.22	0.15	0.14	0.16
6	Rape	1.16	1.07	1.12	1.05	1.24	1.14	0.86	1.11	1.12	1.37
7	Kid & Abd.	0.99	1.10	1.13	0.94	1.00	0.96	0.99	1.20	1.08	1.13
8	Dowry Death	0.03	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.007
9	Cruelty to Women	2.74	2.83	1.91	1.85	2.06	1.85	1.98	2.40	2.45	2.13
10	Molestation	2.58	2.71	2.73	2.10	2.30	2.29	2.09	2.27	2.10	2.39
11	Hurt	10.28	9.14	8.88	7.82	7.69	7.15	6.22	5.98	5.99	6.39
12	Rioting	5.40	5.34	5.05	4.98	4.53	4.50	4.34	4.58	4.49	4.44
13	Accident	19.24	20.70	20.81	22.30	22.57	22.03	20.93	20.52	19.6	23.11
14	Burglary	6.81	6.71	5.11	5.12	5.35	4.83	5.09	5.44	5.55	5.89
15	Theft	6.22	5.23	4.61	5.23	5.22	5.64	6.20	7.67	8.24	6.18
16	Other IPC offences	42.37	43.01	46.73	46.63	46.16	47.65	49.42	47.23	47.82	45.18
	TOTAL	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE-1.8
INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES
(IPC DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMINALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	423	3.18	2.29	184.72	12
2	BILASPUR	1063	7.98	3.41	311.73	2
3	CHAMBA	711	5.34	4.61	154.23	13
4	HAMIRPUR	936	7.03	4.13	226.63	6
5	KANGRA	2486	18.67	13.39	185.67	11
6	KINNAUR	203	1.52	0.78	260.26	3
7	KULLU	961	7.22	3.82	251.58	4
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	64	0.49	0.33	193.94	10
9	MANDI	1937	14.55	9.01	214.98	8
10	SHIMLA	1763	13.24	7.23	243.84	5
11	SIRMAUR	909	6.83	4.59	198.03	9
12	SOLAN	854	6.41	2.72	313.97	1
13	UNA	994	7.46	4.48	221.87	7
14	GRP	9	0.07	0	0.00	14
15	CID	2	0.01	0	0.00	15
	TOTAL	13315	100	60.78	219.06	

MAP-1.3

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC) DURING – 2009

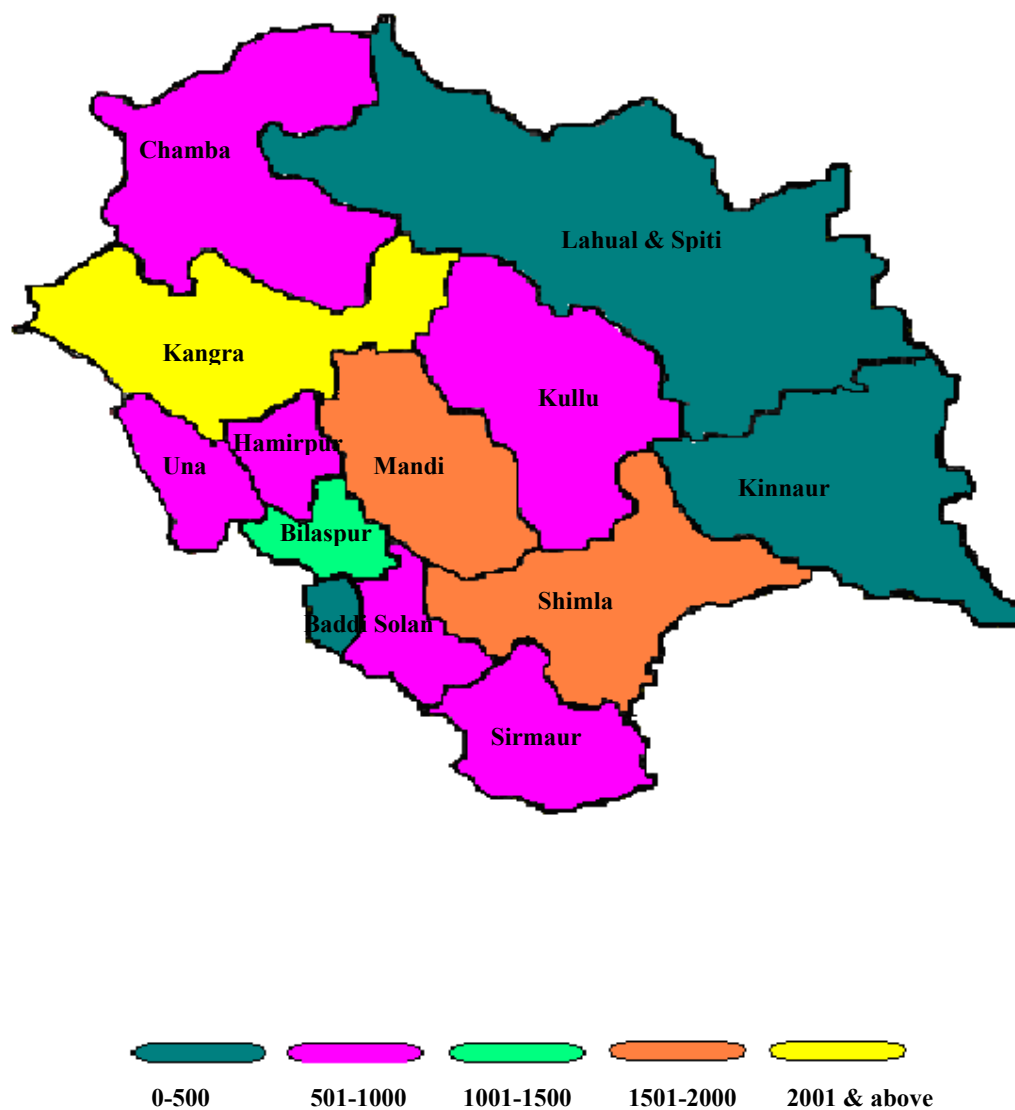


TABLE-1.9

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009

SR. NO.	DISTRICT / UNIT	POPULATION	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		CULPABLE HOMICIDE		RAPE	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	228804	10	2.93	1	0.44	0	0	2	0.87
2	BILASPUR	340855	8	2.35	6	1.76	2	0.59	14	4.10
3	CHAMBA	460887	8	1.73	3	0.65	3	0.65	20	4.34
4	HAMIRPUR	412700	6	1.45	4	0.97	1	0.24	9	2.18
5	KANGRA	1339030	29	2.16	17	1.27	2	0.15	23	1.72
6	KINNAUR	78334	2	2.56	1	1.28	0	0	6	7.69
7	KULLU	381571	7	1.83	6	1.57	1	0.26	24	6.28
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	1	3.03	0	0	0	0	1	3.03
9	MANDI	901344	9	0.99	7	0.78	1	0.11	22	2.44
10	SHIMLA	722502	18	2.49	12	1.66	2	0.28	28	3.87
11	SIRMAUR	458593	7	1.52	5	1.09	0	0	15	3.27
12	SOLAN	271753	7	2.57	4	1.47	0	0	8	2.94
13	UNA	448227	11	2.45	7	1.56	1	0.22	11	2.45
14	GRP	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	6077824	125	2.06	73	1.2	13	0.21	183	3.01

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD..)

INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	HURT		RIOTING		ACCIDENT		THEFT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	228804	31	13.5	28	12.23	141	61.62	15	6.55
2	BILASPUR	340855	45	13.19	41	12.02	247	72.43	47	13.78
3	CHAMBA	460887	46	9.98	28	6.07	156	33.85	23	4.99
4	HAMIRPUR	412700	97	23.49	30	7.26	133	32.20	42	10.17
5	KANGRA	1339030	224	16.73	92	6.87	584	43.61	136	10.16
6	KINNAUR	78334	12	15.38	8	10.26	66	84.25	5	6.41
7	KULLU	381571	39	10.20	29	7.59	209	54.71	58	15.18
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	1	3.03	1	3.03	12	36.36	4	12.12
9	MANDI	901344	126	13.98	82	9.10	410	45.49	61	6.77
10	SHIMLA	722502	55	7.61	99	1.24	373	51.59	200	27.66
11	SIRMAUR	458593	58	12.64	68	14.81	270	58.82	60	13.07
12	SOLAN	271753	28	10.29	45	16.54	203	74.7	96	35.29
13	UNA	448227	89	19.87	38	8.48	274	61.16	74	16.52
14	GRP	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0
	TOTAL	6077824	851	14.00	591	9.72	3078	50.64	823	13.54

TABLE-1.9 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE I OF IPC CRIMES UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS
(DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	BURGLARY		DACOITY		ROBBERY		OTHER IPC	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	PD BADDI	228804	26	11.35	0	0	3	1.31	111	48.51
2	BILASPUR	340855	37	10.85	1	0.29	1	0.29	518	151.91
3	CHAMBA	460887	95	20.61	0	0	1	0.22	215	46.65
4	HAMIRPUR	412700	35	8.47	0	0	1	0.24	377	91.28
5	KANGRA	1339030	152	11.35	1	0.07	0	0	1294	96.64
6	KINNAUR	78334	14	17.95	0	0	0	0	40	51.06
7	KULLU	381571	49	12.83	0	0	3	1.05	530	138.74
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	106.06
9	MANDI	901344	75	8.32	1	0.11	2	0.22	957	106.17
10	SHIMLA	722502	112	15.49	0	0	0	0	662	91.56
11	SIRMAUR	458593	73	15.90	0	0	5	1.09	298	64.92
12	SOLAN	271753	67	24.63	1	0.37	1	0.37	363	133.58
13	UNA	448227	49	10.94	0	0	4	0.89	611	136.38
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.00
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.00
	TOTAL	6077824	784	12.89	4	0.06	21	0.34	6016	98.98

TABLE-1.10

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2000 TO 2009

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	194	229	312	310	319	242	385	233	374	473
2	EXCISE ACT.	2967	2949	2922	3094	3283	3220	3442	2342	2587	2590
3	P.C.R ACT	11	4	10	1	2	5	2	4	3	1
4	SC/ST ACT.	21	43	32	38	42	20	43	83	48	61
5	FOREST ACT	286	278	236	209	177	197	228	205	242	236
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	364	508	651	767	880	807	903	799	813	742
	TOTAL	3843	4011	4163	4419	4703	4491	5003	3666	4067	4103

TABLE-1.11

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) IN DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS DURING 2000 TO 2009

S. NO	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	ND & PS ACT	5.05	5.71	7.49	7.02	6.78	5.39	7.70	6.36	9.20	11.53
2	EXCISE ACT.	77.21	73.52	70.19	70.02	69.81	71.70	68.80	63.88	63.61	63.12
3	P.C.R ACT	0.29	0.10	0.24	0.02	0.04	0.11	0.04	0.11	0.07	0.02
4	SC/ST ACT.	0.55	1.07	0.77	0.86	0.89	0.45	0.86	2.26	1.18	1.49
5	FOREST ACT	7.44	6.93	5.67	4.73	3.76	4.39	4.56	5.59	5.95	5.76
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	9.47	12.67	15.64	17.36	18.71	17.97	18.05	21.79	19.99	18.08
	Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

TABLE-1.12

CRIME HEAD WISE INCIDENCE AND CRIME RATE OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CASES IN DISTRICTS DURING 2009

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	STATE LEVEL		DISTRICT WITH THE HIGHEST	
		INCIDENCE	RATE	INCIDENCE	RATE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	ND & PS ACT	473	7.78	KULLU (130)	34.03
2	EXCISE ACT.	2590	42.61	KANGRA (652)	48.69
3	P.C.R ACT	1	0.02	SHIMLA (1)	0.14
4	SC/ST ACT.	61	1.00	SHIMLA (14)	1.94
5	FOREST ACT	236	3.88	SHIMLA (49)	6.78
6	OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES	742	12.21	UNA (127)	28.35
				KANGRA (795)	59.37
	TOTAL	4103	67.5		

TABLE-1.13

INCIDENCE & RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW DISTRICT WISE DURING-2009

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES	RANK OF CRIMINALITY
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	160	3.9	228804	69.87	5
2	BILASPUR	219	5.34	340855	64.22	7
3	CHAMBA	288	7.02	460887	62.47	9
4	HAMIRPUR	214	5.21	412700	51.82	12
5	KANGRA	795	19.38	1339030	59.37	11
6	KINNAUR	77	1.9	78334	98.72	3
7	KULLU	543	13.23	381571	142.15	2
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	74	1.80	33224	224.24	1
9	MANDI	573	13.97	901344	63.6	8
10	SHIMLA	469	11.43	722502	64.87	6
11	SIRMAUR	193	4.70	458593	42.05	13
12	SOLAN	163	3.97	271753	59.93	10
13	UNA	330	8.04	448227	73.66	4
14	GRP	1	0.02	0	0	
15	CID	4	0.09	0	0	
	TOTAL	4103	100.00	6077900		

MAP-1.4

INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES (SLL) DURING – 2009

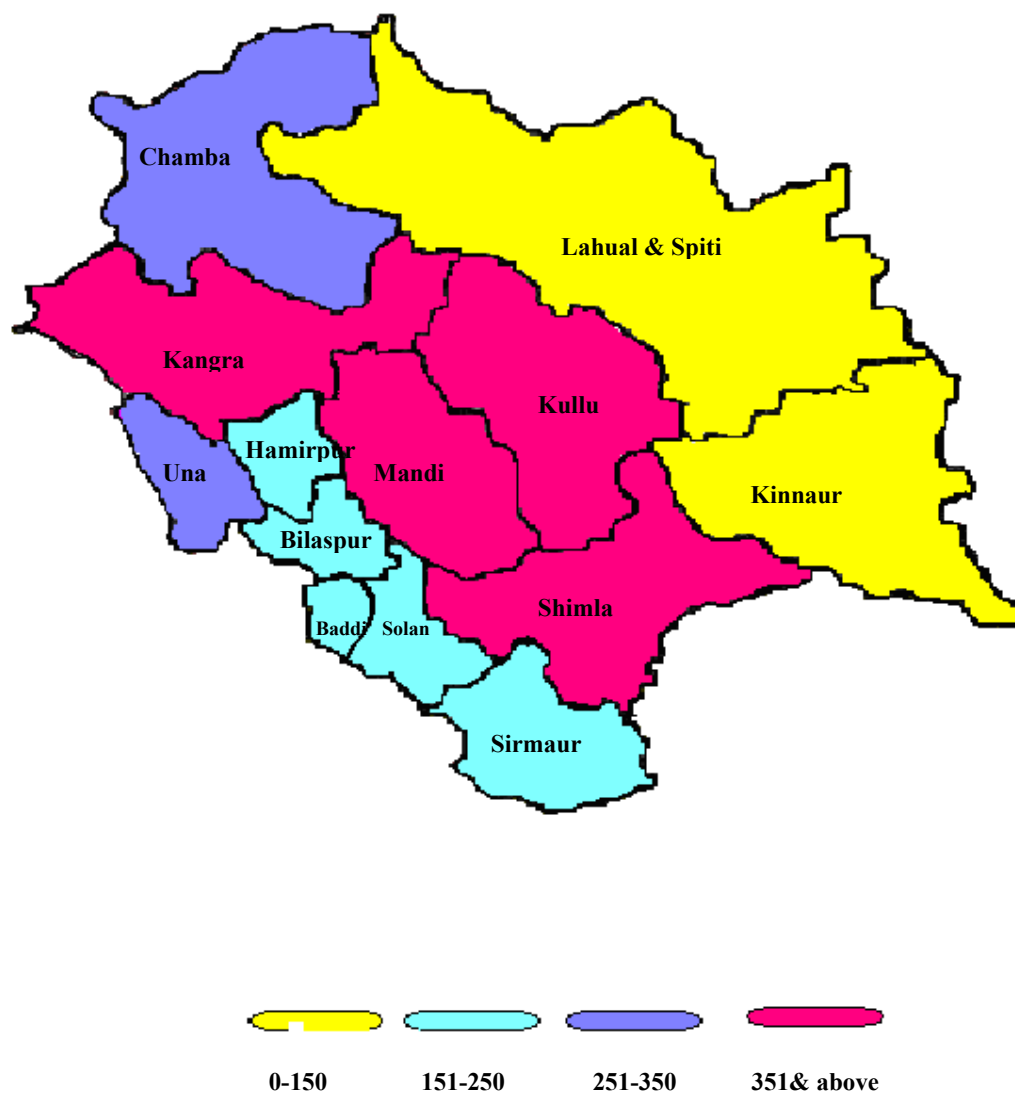


TABLE-1.14
INCIDENCE (I) RATE (R) OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009

SR. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION	ND&PS ACT		EXCISE ACT		PCR ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	228804	11	4.80	54	23.58	0	0
2	BILASPUR	340855	25	7.33	125	36.66	0	0
3	CHAMBA	460887	41	8.89	209	45.34	0	0
4	HAMIRPUR	412700	38	9.20	107	25.91	0	0
5	KANGRA	1339030	35	2.61	652	48.69	0	0
6	KINNAUR	78334	3	3.85	64	82.05	0	0
7	KULLU	381571	130	34.03	286	74.87	0	0
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0	65	196.97	0	0
9	MANDI	901344	106	11.76	376	41.73	0	0
10	SHIMLA	722502	38	5.25	288	39.83	1	0.14
11	SIRMAUR	458593	11	2.4	116	25.27	0	0
12	SOLAN	271753	24	8.82	97	35.66	0	0
13	UNA	448227	7	1.56	151	33.70	0	0
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	CID	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	6077824	473	7.78	2590	42.61	1	0.01

TABLE-1.14 (CONTD.)

**INCIDENCE (I) RATE I OF LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW (SLL) CRIMES
UNDER DIFFERENT HEADS (DISTRICT WISE) DURING-2009**

SR NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULA- TION	SC/ST (PROEV. OF ATROCITIES) ACT		FOREST ACT		OTHER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS		TOTAL CRIME UNDER LOCAL & SPECIAL LAW	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	PD BADDI	228804	0	0	1	0.44	5	2.18	71	31.00
2	BILASPUR	340855	5	1.47	7	2.05	57	16.71	219	64.22
3	CHAMBA	460887	2	0.43	11	2.39	25	5.42	288	62.47
4	HAMIRPUR	412700	8	1.94	7	1.69	54	13.07	214	51.81
5	KANGRA	1339030	12	0.89	25	1.87	71	5.30	795	59.37
6	KINNAUR	78334	0	0	2	2.56	8	10.26	77	98.72
7	KULLU	381571	10	2.62	39	10.21	78	20.42	543	142.15
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0	2	6.06	7	21.21	74	224.24
9	MANDI	901344	1	0.11	22	2.44	68	7.55	573	63.6
10	SHIMLA	722502	14	1.94	49	6.78	79	10.93	469	64.87
11	SIRMAUR	458593	7	1.52	23	5.01	36	7.84	193	42.05
12	SOLAN	271753	0	0	5	1.84	126	46.32	252	92.65
13	UNA	448227	2	0.45	43	9.6	127	28.35	330	73.66
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
15	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
	TOTAL	6077824	61	1.00	236	3.88	742	12.21	4103	67.50

CHAPTER-2

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY AND PERSONS IN HIMACHAL PRADESH

2.1 Crime against Property:

Offences under this head include the cases of **Theft, Burglary, Robbery & Dacoity**. The head wise analysis of crime against property has been done for the year 2009 and given as under:-

(i) Theft and Burglary:

During the year 2009, 823 cases of theft and 784 cases of burglary were found registered which showed an decrease of 329 cases in theft and 9 cases in burglary over the year 2008. The cases of both these heads have been categorized under major head namely:- Auto theft, theft of Cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, theft of electronic items and theft of other material.

Incidence of theft cases is concentrated mostly in the 4 district of Shimla, Kangra, Solan and Una. The analysis further shows that most of the cases took place in rural areas, Shimla being an exception 58 % of the persons involved in these crimes were local residents, 42 % being outsiders.

As far as the age profile goes 55 % of those involved in theft cases are in the age group of 18 to 30 years. 65% involved in burglary are also of the same age group.

(ii) Robbery and Dacoity:

During the year 2009, 21 cases of robbery and 4 cases of dacoity were found registered which showed an increase of 1 case in robbery and decrease of 2 cases in Dacoity over the year 2008. The

cases of robbery is concentrated only in 4 districts namely; Sirmaur, Una, Kullu and PD Baddi. On the other hand the dacoity cases occurred in only 4 districts namely Bilaspur, Kangra, Mandi and Solan (1 case in each district).

2.2 Value of Property Stolen and Recovered:

During the year 2009, property valued 1350.71 lakhs was reported stolen in 1632 cases as compared to 1353.48 lakhs in 1953 cases for the corresponding year.

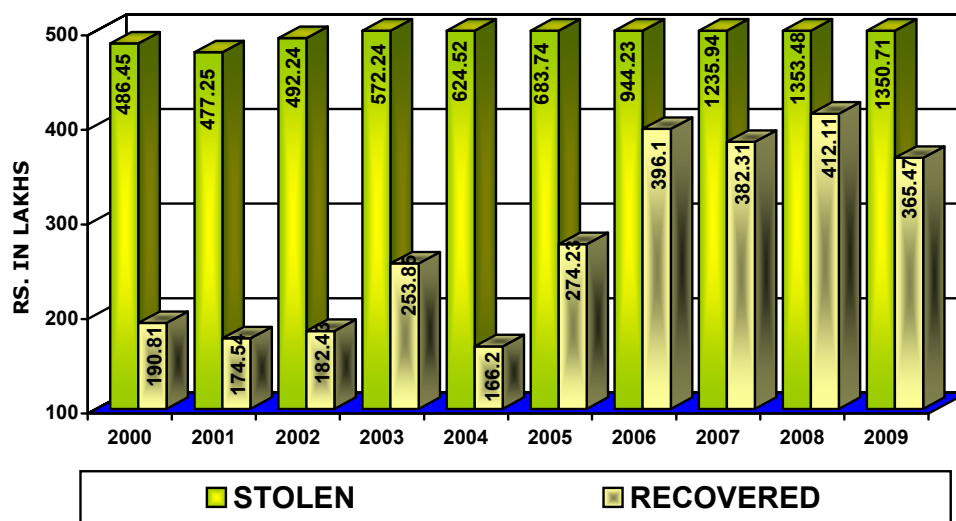
Property worth Rs. 365.47 lakhs was recovered during 2009. The percentage of recovery is 27.06%. The value of property recovered showed a decrease of 3.39% over the previous year.

The details of property stolen and recovered, along with the percentage of recovery from the last 10 years (2000 to 2009) and variation are given in Table 2.1 .

The Chart 2.1 depicts the value of property stolen and recovered during 2000 to 2009.

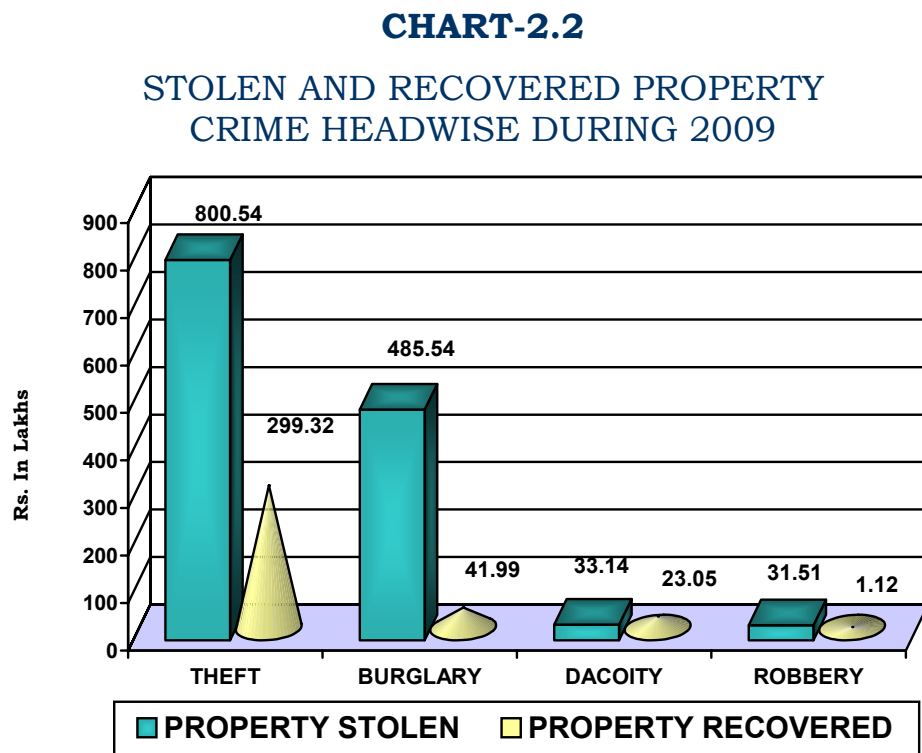
CHART-2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED DURING THE PERIOD 2000-2009



The Incidence of property cases reported and percentage of detection during 2009, head wise and district wise is available in Table 2.2.

Chart 2.2 represents the crime head wise, property stolen and recovered, during the year 2009.



Crime head-wise and district-wise value of property stolen recovered including percentage of recoveries presented in Table 2.3.

The Shimla district reported the highest value of property stolen (Rs.2,53,72,186) followed by Solan district (Rs. 1,39,91,050), Kangra(Rs.90,23,854), Bilaspur (Rs. 60,88,139}, Una Rs. 55,95,002),

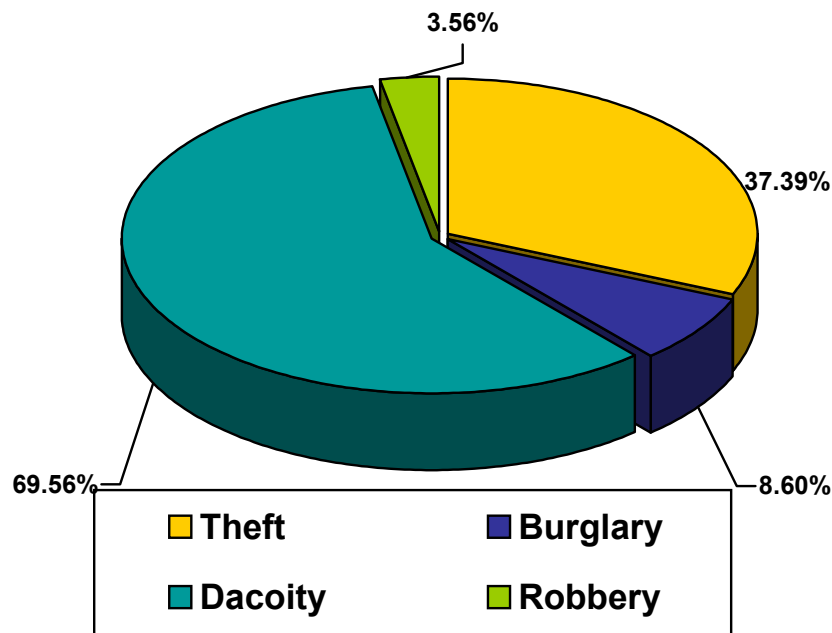
The highest value of recovery was seen from Shimla District (Rs. 70,72,530) followed by Solan (Rs. 48,29,450), Kangra (Rs. 43,88,372), Bilaspur { Rs. 34,47,758} and PD Baddi (Rs. 24,12,500).

In Chamba district 72.65 % of the stolen property was recovered followed by Bilaspur (46.04%), Baddi (44.47 %), Kangra 39.26 %) and Hamirpur (29.70%).

Chart 2.3 represents the crime head wise percentage of property stolen and recovered during the year 2009.

CHART-2.3

PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY STOLEN (HEAD WISE) DURING THE YEAR 2009



2.3 Category of Offences (Incidence and Value):

Among 4 different types of property crimes, the maximum value (Rs.800.54 Lakhs) and share (59.27%) were seen under head Theft. The minimum value of Rs. 31.51 Lakhs and share (3.94%) was seen under the category of crime under Robbery.

The maximum value of property was recovered in Theft cases (81.9%) followed by Burglary (11.48%), Dacoity (6.31%) and Robbery (0.31%) The Dacoity cases have shown a high recovery percentage (69.56%) followed by Theft (37.39%), Burglary (8.6%) and Robbery {3.56%}. The crime head-wise value of property stolen and recovered over the last 10 years (2000 to 2009) is presented in Table 2.4 .

2.4 Nature of Property :

Nature of property under head theft and burglary have been classified into four different categories viz. Auto Theft, Theft of cash and Jewellery, Cable theft, Theft of electronic items. Properties other than the above specified categories are clubbed as Other theft. The category wise number of cases in which property was found stolen and recovered therein and percentage thereof has been calculated and presented in Table 2.5.

2.5 Cultural Property:

Total Rs 5.52 lakhs worth of Cultural Property was stolen during 2009 in 20 Cases. This constitutes 0.41% of total property lost. Statistics of Cultural Property stolen during 2009 are available in Table 2.6. The highest incidence (6 cases each) was reported in Shimla and Kangra Districts followed by Sirmaur (3 Cases), Solan and Kullu (2 cases each) and Hamirpur (1 case).

Cases, where the most valuable properties were stolen, were reported in Shimla District property worth (Rs.1,95,750/-), stolen in 6 cases). In Kullu District, in 2 cases properties worth Rs.1,56,000/- lakhs were stolen.

The value of the property stolen by nature of property district wise during 2009, is presented in Table 2.6

CHART-2.4

**CRIME HEAD WISE PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY
RECOVERED DURING THE YEAR 2009**

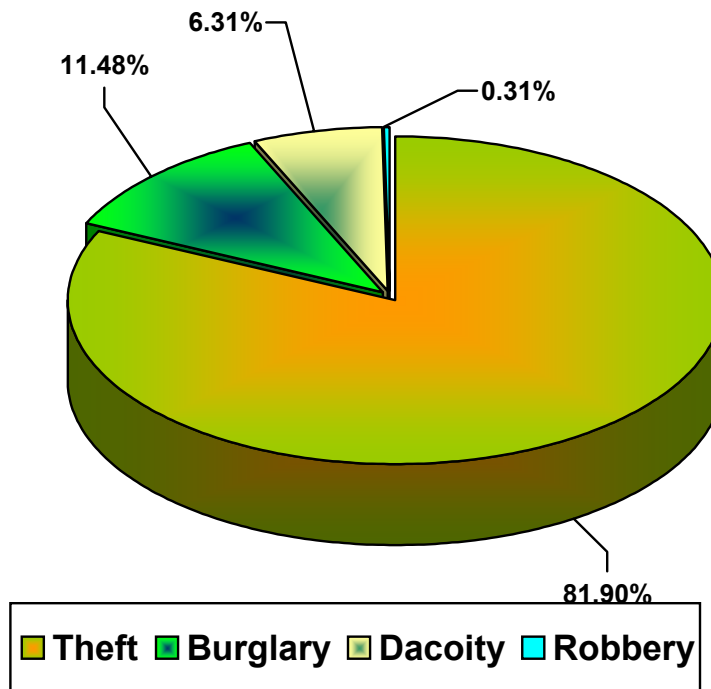


TABLE 2.1

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED AND
PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS
(2000 TO 2009)

Sr. No.	Year	Total Value of Property (in Lakhs)		Percentage Recovery
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	2000	486.45	190.81	39.22
2.	2001	477.25	174.54	36.57
3.	2002	492.24	182.43	37.06
4.	2003	572.24	253.85	44.36
5.	2004	624.52	166.20	26.61
6.	2005	683.74	274.23	40.11
7.	2006	944.23	396.10	41.95
8.	2007	1235.94	382.31	30.93
9.	2008	1353.48	412.11	30.45
10.	2009	1350.71	365.47	27.06
Percentage change over 2008		-0.20	-11.32	-11.13

TABLE 2.2

INCIDENCE OF PROPERTY CASES REPORTED AND % OF DETECTION DURING -2009 (DISTRICT WISE)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	3	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	1	1	100	1	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0	1	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	1	0	0
5.	Kangra	1	1	100	0	0	0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0	3	3	100
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	1	1	100	2	1	50
10.	Shimla	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0	5	2	40
12.	Solan	1	1	100	1	1	100
13.	Una	0	0	0	4	1	25
14.	R&T(GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0
16.	TOTAL	4	4	100	21	8	38.09

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD..)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	BURGLARY			THEFT		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION	INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	PD Baddi	26	12	46.15	28	14	50.00
2.	Bilaspur	37	5	13.51	47	26	55.32
3.	Chamba	95	4	4.21	23	17	73.91
4.	Hamirpur	35	7	20.00	42	20	47.62
5.	Kangra	152	29	19.08	136	53	38.97
6.	Kinnaur	14	0	0.00	5	4	80.00
7.	Kullu	49	10	20.41	58	26	44.83
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0.00	4	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	75	15	20.00	61	25	40.98
10.	Shimla	112	18	16.07	200	78	39.00
11.	Sirmaur	73	21	28.77	60	26	43.33
12.	Solan	67	9	13.43	83	38	45.78
13.	Una	49	6	12.24	74	27	36.49
14.	R&T(GRP)	0	0	0.00	2	0	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
16.	TOTAL	784	136	17.35	823	354	43.01

TABLE 2.2 (CONTD..)

SL. NO	DISTRICT	TOTAL		
		INCIDENCE	DETECTION	% OF DETECTION
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	PD Baddi	57	26	45.61
2.	Bilaspur	86	32	37.21
3.	Chamba	119	21	17.65
4.	Hamirpur	78	27	34.62
5.	Kangra	289	83	28.72
6.	Kinnaur	19	4	21.05
7.	Kullu	110	39	35.45
8.	L/Spiti	4	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	139	42	30.22
10.	Shimla	312	96	30.77
11.	Sirmaur	138	49	35.51
12.	Solan	152	49	32.24
13.	Una	127	34	26.77
14.	R&T(GRP)	2	0	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0.00
16.	TOTAL	1632	502	30.76

MAP- 2.1

**PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY CASES
DETECTED(WORKED OUT) -2009**

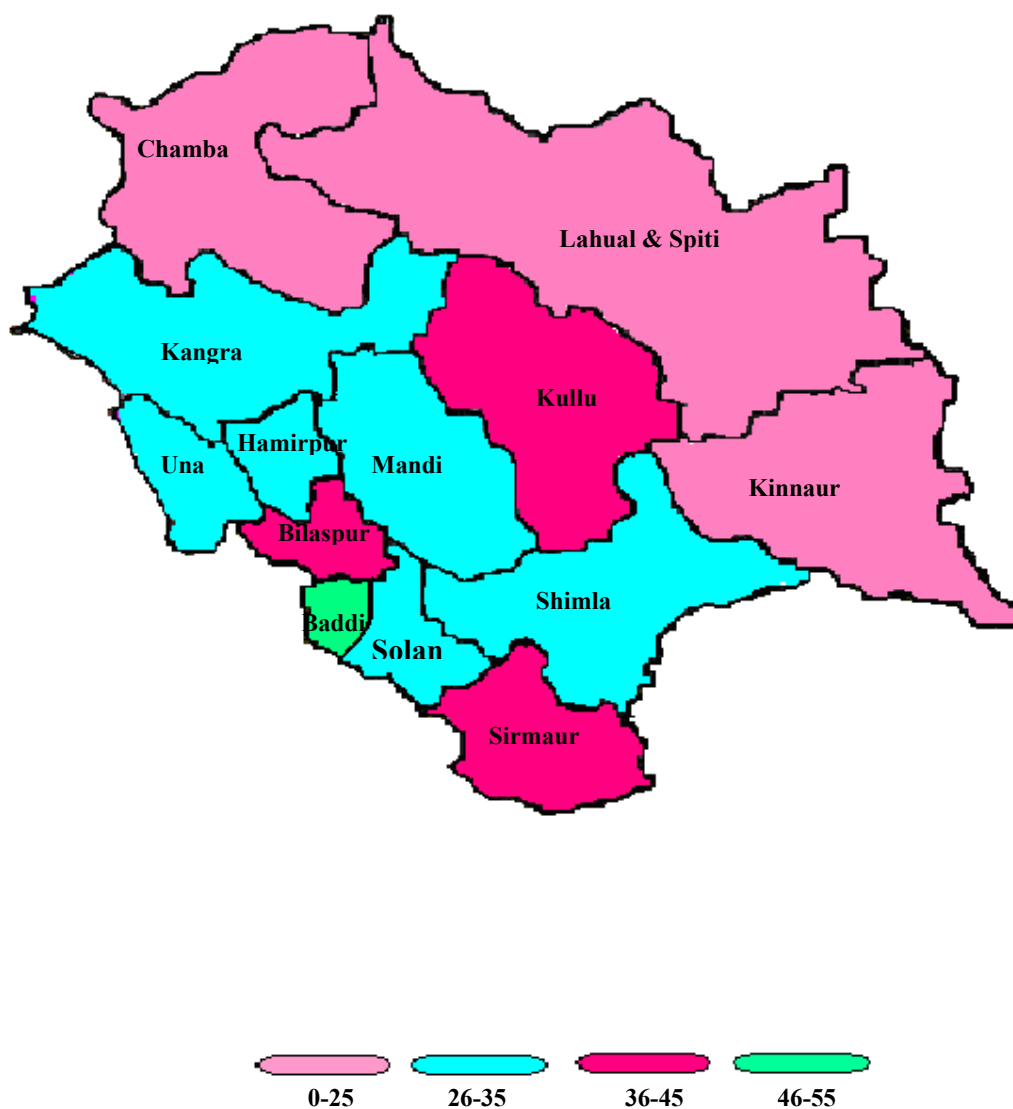


TABLE 2.3

**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2009.**

Sr No	Name of District	THEFT			BURGLARY		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	PD Baddi	3686760	2412500	65.44	1781008	354650	19.9
2.	Bilaspur	6088139	3447758	56.63	1422490	66400	4.7
3.	Chamba	614975	566075	92.05	569386	330636	58.1
4.	Hamirpur	3766987	1813125	48.13	2207769	35782	1.6
5.	Kangra	9023854	4388372	48.63	7719633	1333877	17.3
6.	Kinnaur	88000	67500	76.70	156700	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	3346537	1707096	51.01	2661200	438718	16.5
8.	L/Spiti	110035	35000	31.81	0	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	3587274	1086314	30.28	6646937	458790	6.9
10.	Shimla	25372186	7072530	27.88	6926330	390000	5.6
11.	Sirmaur	4433708	1091106	24.61	8932495	250392	2.8
12.	Solan	13991050	4829445	34.52	7298436	260397	3.6
13.	Una	5595002	1414780	25.29	2230225	279065	12.5
14.	R&T(GRP)	349300	0	0.00	0	0	0.00
	TOTAL	80053807	29931601	37.39	48552609	4198707	8.6

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD..)

**DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2009.**

Sr No	Name of District	DACOITY			ROBBERY		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery	Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0	0	755290	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	151000	151000	100	300000	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0	0	50000	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	0	0	0	250000	0	0
5.	Kangra	1400000	1400000	100	0	0	0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Kullu	0	0	0	69630	19630	28.19
8.	L/Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	1045000	36000	3.44	11000	11000	100
10.	Shimla	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	Sirmaur	0	0	0	219850	74850	34.05
12.	Solan	717700	717700	100	5500	5500	100
13.	Una	0	0	0	1490000	1100	0.07
14.	R&T(GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	3313700	2304700	69.56	3151270	112080	3.56

TABLE 2.3 (CONTD..)

DISTRICT-WISE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN &
RECOVERED AND PERCENTAGE DURING 2009.

Sr No	Name of District	TOTAL		
		Value of Property Stolen	Value of Property Recovered	% of Recovery
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	PD Baddi	6223058	2767150	44.47
2.	Bilaspur	7961629	3665158	46.04
3.	Chamba	1234361	896711	72.65
4.	Hamirpur	6224756	1848907	29.70
5.	Kangra	18143487	7122249	39.26
6.	Kinnaur	244700	67500	27.58
7.	Kullu	6077367	2165444	35.63
8.	L/Spiti	110035	35000	31.81
9.	Mandi	11290211	1592104	14.10
10.	Shimla	32298516	7462530	23.10
11.	Sirmaur	13586053	1416348	10.43
12.	Solan	22012686	5813042	26.41
13.	Una	9315227	1694945	18.20
14.	R&T (GRP)	349300	0	0.00
	TOTAL	135071386	36547088	27.06

TABLE 2.4

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN & RECOVERED
(IN LAKHS) DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS
(2000 TO 2009).

YEAR		THEFT	BURGLARY	DACOITY	ROBBERY	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
2000	STOLEN	264.10	200.96	2.11	19.29	486.45
	RECOVERED	152.37	26.01	0.31	12.12	190.81
2001	STOLEN	276.30	171.04	5.37	24.54	477.25
	RECOVERED	129.95	28.53	4.27	11.80	174.54
2002	STOLEN	326.42	133.03	0.00	32.80	492.24
	RECOVERED	165.11	14.65	0.00	2.68	182.43
2003	STOLEN	414.21	131.88	8.30	17.85	572.24
	RECOVERED	224.65	15.91	4.76	8.54	253.85
2004	STOLEN	395.68	210.17	0.01	18.66	624.52
	RECOVERED	121.11	43.61	0.01	1.47	166.20
2005	STOLEN	425.97	228.13	13.02	16.62	683.74
	RECOVERED	211.01	41.48	12.68	9.05	274.23
2006	STOLEN	603.68	320.44	15.52	4.59	944.23
	RECOVERED	279.32	66.33	30.06	20.39	396.10
2007	STOLEN	797.17	354.70	40.92	43.15	1235.94
	RECOVERED	308.67	53.20	3.55	16.90	382.31
2008	STOLEN	834.75	418.23	80.31	20.19	1353.48
	RECOVERED	247.75	90.90	66.13	7.32	412.11
2009	STOLEN	800.54	485.54	33.14	31.51	1350.71
	RECOVERED	299.32	41.99	23.05	1.12	365.48

TABLE 2.5

PERCENTAGE RECOVERY IN CASES UNDER THEFT
DURING 2009
(BY NATURE OF PROPERTY)

Sr. No	Nature of Property	Number of cases in which property was		% of Recovery (cases)
		Stolen	Recovered	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Auto Theft,	327	130	39.76
2.	Theft of cash and Jewelry	110	47	42.72
3.	Cable theft	90	41	45.46
4.	Theft electronic items	153	49	32.03
5.	Other Theft	143	87	60.84

TABLE 2.6

**DISTRICT WISE VALUE OF CULTURAL PROPERTY
STOLEN DURING 2009**

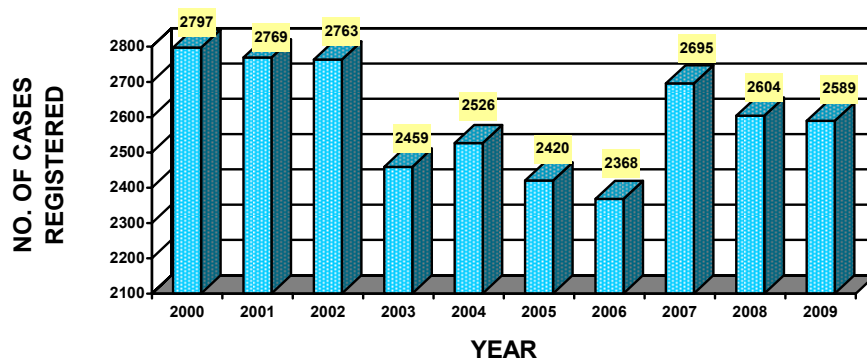
Sr. No.	Name of District	Number of cases in which property was Stolen	Value of stolen property (in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	1	4000
5.	Kangra	6	107520
6.	Kinnaur	0	0
7.	Kullu	2	156000
8.	L/Spiti	0	0
9.	Mandi	0	0
10.	Shimla	6	195750
11.	Sirmaur	3	20000
12.	Solan	2	69000
13.	Una	0	0
14.	R&T(GRP)	0	0
15.	TOTAL	20	552270

2.6 Crime Against Persons:-

The crime against persons includes offences 10 different types of crime heads viz. Murder, Culpable Homicide not Amounting to Murder, Attempt to Murder, Rape, Kid & Abd., Hurt, Rioting, Cruelty to Women, Molestation and Dowry deaths.

The analysis reveals that total 2589 incidence of crime against persons have occurred during the years 2009, which shows 19.44% of the total IPC Crime. The highest percentage of crime against persons over the total IPC recorded in district Sirmaur with 24.8% followed by Chamba (23.5%), Hamirpur (23 %) and Kangra with (20.5%). The district-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.7. The district-wise incidence and their percentage over the IPC crime is depicted in Chart 2.5

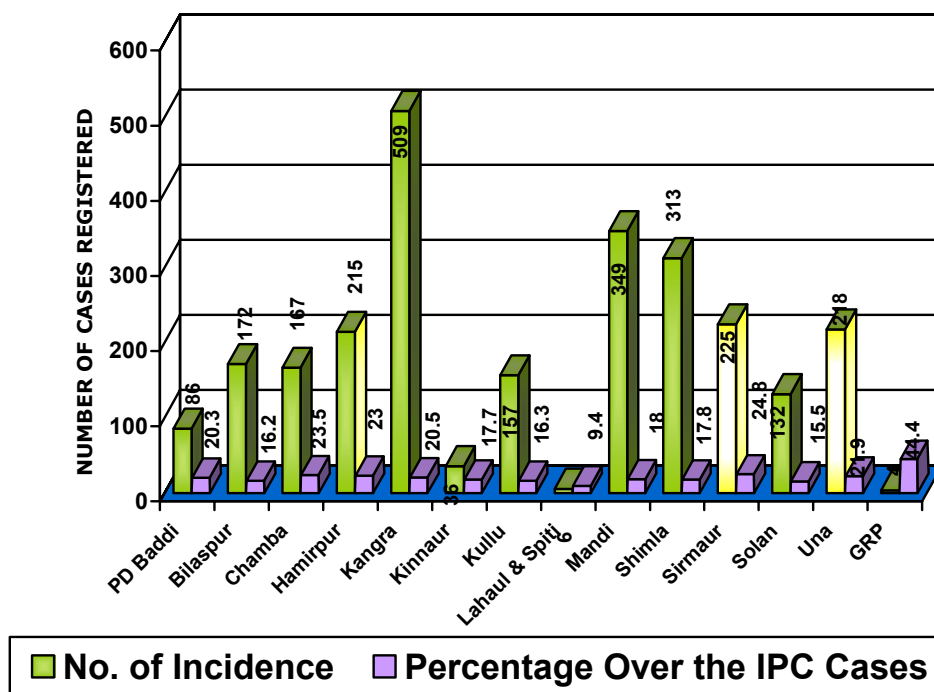
CHART 2.5
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS
(2000-2009)



The incidence crime against persons has been recorded highest in district Kangra (509) followed by district Mandi (349), Shimla (313) Sirmaur (225) Una (218), Hamirpur (215), Bilaspur (172), Chamba (167), Kullu (157), Solan (132), PD Baddi (86), Kinnaur (36) L&S (6) and GRP (4). The District-wise detail has been calculated and presented in Table 2.8.

The head-wise comparative analysis of incidence of crime against persons for the last 10 years (2000 to 2009) has been reviewed. During the year 2009, 2589 incidence has been recorded which showed a decrease of 15 cases over the previous year. The headwise detailed figures for the last 10 years are depicted in Table 2.9. Chart 2.6 depicts the total crime against persons and its percentage over the total IPC Crime

CHART 2.6
CRIME AGAINST PERSONS FOR THE 10 YEARS
(1999-2008)



The head-wise reported incidence of crime against persons and its review over the previous year has been analyzed and given as under:

(i) Murder:

During the year 2009, 125 incidence of “Murder” were reported which showed a decrease of 4 cases over the previous year. Analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was

The headwise reported incidence of crime against persons and its review over the previous year has been analyzed and given as under:

(i) Murder:

During the year 2009, 125 incidence of “Murder” were reported which showed an decrease of 4 cases over the previous year. Analysis of the causes has revealed that no organized gang was operating in the State. In most of these cases crime were committed due to land disputes or murder for gain or personal enmity. Generally, sudden provocation or minor altercation was the reasons for commission of most of the murders. There was no class or caste factor involved in the commission of murder.

(ii) Attempt to Murder:

73 incidence of “Attempt to Murder” were reported during the year 2009 against the annual average of about 75 cases. The motive for the commission of this crime is also the same as mentioned under head ‘Murder’

(iii) C.H. not Amounting to Murder:

Only 13 incidence of “C.H. not Amounting to Murder” were reported during the year 2009 which showed increase of 8 cases over the previous year. Hence do not require any specific review.

(iv) Rape:

183 incidence of “Rape” were reported during the year 2009 which showed increase of 26 cases over the previous year.

(v) Kidnapping and Abduction:-

As compare to the year 2008, 1 fewer case i.e. 150 cases were registered during the year 2009. The analysis shows that about 56% incidence of “Kid-Abd.” are reported in 4 districts i.e. Shimla, Kangra,

Hamirpur, and Chamba. The remaining 44% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(vi) Hurt:

Total 851 incidence of “Hurt” were reported during 2009 which showed a minor increase of 13 cases over the previous year. The analysis shows that about 63 % incidence of hurt are reported in 4 districts i.e. Kangra, Mandi, Hamirpur and Una. The remaining 37% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(vii) Rioting:

During the year 2009, 591 incidence of “Rioting” were reported in the State against the 627 incidence of previous year which showed decrease of 36 cases over the year 2008. The analysis shows that about 58 % incidence of rioting are reported in 4 districts i.e. Shimla, Kangra, Mandi and Sirmaur. The remaining 42% cases were reported in the rest of 9 districts of the State.

(viii) Cruelty to Women:

During the year 2009, 284 incidence of “Cruelty to Women” were reported in the State against the 343 incidence of previous year which showed an decrease of 59 cases over the year 2008. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(ix) Molestation:

During the year 2009, 318 incidence of “Molestation” were reported in the State against the 293 incidence of previous year which showed increase of 25 cases over the year 2008. The incidence under

this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

(x) Dowry Deaths:

During the year 2009, 1 incidence of “Molestation” was reported in the State against the 3 incidence of previous year which showed decrease of 2 cases over the year 2008. The incidence under this head has been reviewed in detail in the separate chapter “Crime against Women”

2.7 Overall Review of Crime Against Person:

The overall review on the incidences of crime against persons are more in districts Kangra, Mandi, Shimla and Sirmaur as compared to the other districts of the State. The reasons for commission of offences under this category are family disputes, land disputes, enmity with neighbours / villagers, domestic violence & sudden provocation.

Some of the facts that have come out during the study review are:-

- (i) Offences of murder have taken place in the entire State with no specific concentration
- (ii) 92% of the persons involved are locals, the remaining 8% being outsiders.
- (iii) 2% of the accused in this crime are in the age-group below 18 years, 45% of the persons involved in the commission of this crime are in the age group of 18 to 30 years, 40% belong to the category of 30-45 years and the remaining 13% are more than 45 years in age.

MAP-2.2
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSONS DURING
2009 (DISTRICT WISE)

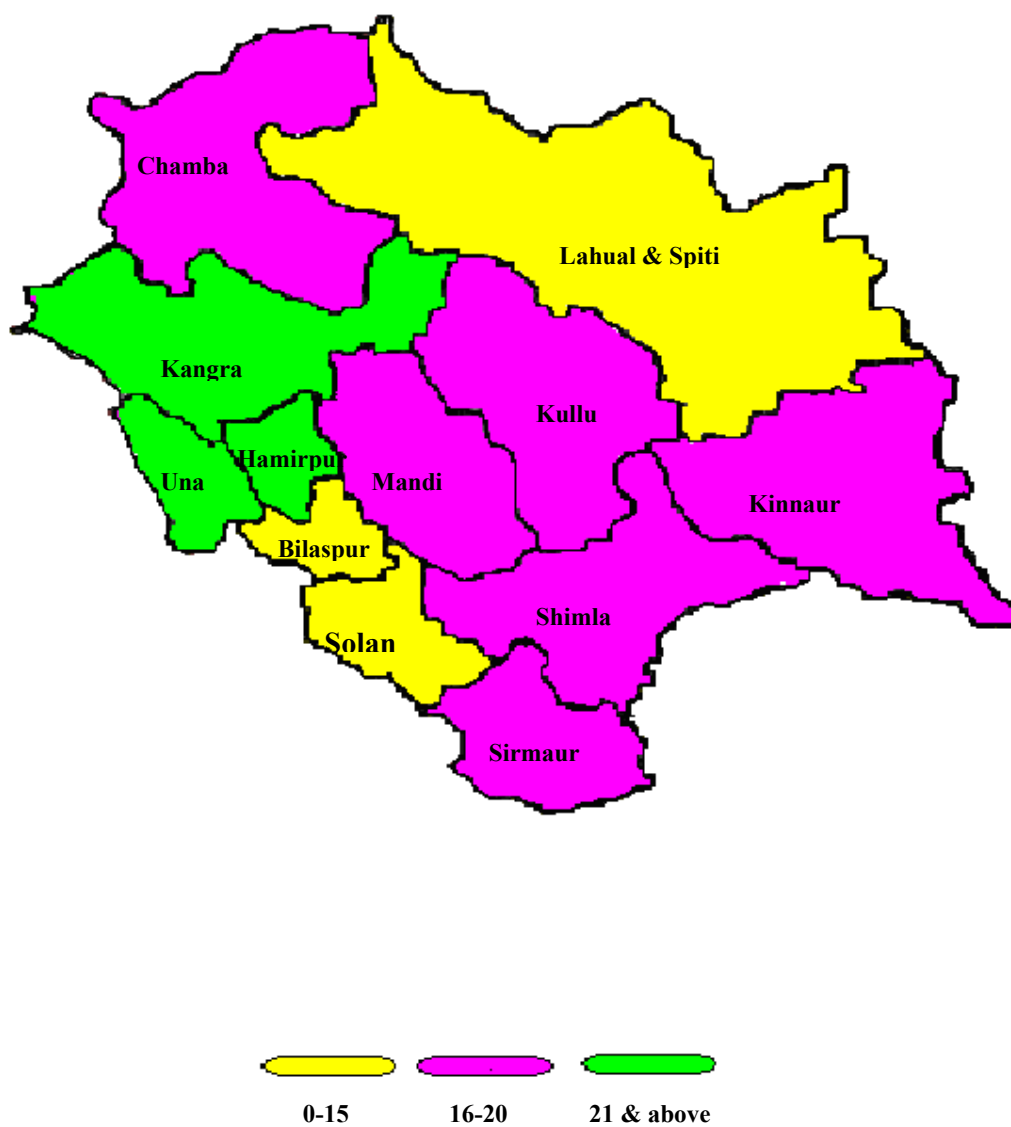


TABLE 2.7
PERCENTAGE OF CRIME AGAINST PERSON OVER THE
TOTAL IPC CRIME FOR THE YEAR 2009

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Total Cases of Crime Against Person	Total IPC Crime	Percentage of Crime Against Persons Against Total IPC Crime
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	86	423	20.3
2	BILASPUR	172	1063	16.2
3	CHAMBA	167	711	23.5
4	HAMIRPUR	215	936	23.0
5	KANGRA	509	2486	20.5
6	KINNAUR	36	203	17.7
7	KULLU	157	961	16.3
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	6	64	9.4
9	MANDI	349	1937	18.0
10	SHIMLA	313	1763	17.8
11	SIRMAUR	225	909	24.8
12	SOLAN	132	854	15.5
13	UNA	218	994	21.9
14	GRP	4	9	44.4
15	CID	0	2	0.0
16	TOTAL	2589	13315	19.4

TABLE 2.8
DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE CRIME AGAINST
PERSON DURING-2009

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Murder	Culpable Homicide	Attempt to murder	Rape	Kid & Abd.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PD BADDI	10	0	1	2	0
2	BILASPUR	8	2	6	14	6
3	CHAMBA	8	3	3	20	16
4	HAMIRPUR	6	1	4	9	16
5	KANGRA	29	2	17	23	24
6	KINNAUR	2	0	1	6	2
7	KULLU	7	1	6	24	12
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	1	0
9	MANDI	9	1	7	22	14
10	SHIMLA	18	2	12	28	28
11	SIRMAUR	7	0	5	15	10
12	SOLAN	7	0	4	8	12
13	UNA	11	1	7	11	10
14	GRP	2	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	125	13	73	183	150

TABLE 2.8 (CONTD..)
DISTRICT WISE AND HEAD WISE AGAINST PERSON
FOR THE YEAR 2009

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	Dowry Death	Cruelty to women	Molesta-tion	Hurt	Rioting	TOTAL
(1)	(2)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1	PD BADDI	0	9	5	31	28	86
2	BILASPUR	1	21	28	45	41	172
3	CHAMBA	0	14	29	46	28	167
4	HAMIRPUR	0	30	22	97	30	215
5	KANGRA	0	49	49	224	92	509
6	KINNAUR	0	2	3	12	8	36
7	KULLU	0	16	23	39	29	157
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	2	0	1	1	6
9	MANDI	0	29	59	126	82	349
10	SHIMLA	0	39	32	55	99	313
11	SIRMAUR	0	28	34	58	68	225
12	SOLAN	0	15	13	28	45	132
13	UNA	0	30	21	89	38	218
14	GRP	0	0	0	0	2	4
	TOTAL	1	284	318	851	591	2589

TABLE 2.9
HEADWISE CRIME AGAINST PERSON
DURING 2000-2009

S. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	123	120	120	125	110	110	111	127	129	125
2	Culpable Homicide	5	11	5	5	11	17	17	9	5	13
3	Attempt to murder	89	75	83	74	78	82	78	57	59	73
4	Rape	129	123	137	126	153	141	113	158	157	183
5	Kid & Abd.	110	127	138	113	123	118	130	171	151	150
6	Dowry Death	3	10	6	6	8	2	4	7	3	1
7	Cruelty to women	305	326	234	222	254	228	259	342	343	284
8	Molesta-tion	287	312	334	252	283	283	274	323	293	318
9	Hurt	1145	1051	1087	938	948	883	814	850	837	851
10	Rioting	601	614	619	598	558	556	568	651	627	591
	TOTAL	2797	2769	2763	2459	2526	2420	2368	2695	2604	2589

CHAPTER-3

TRENDS IN DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIMES AND SLL CRIMES BY POLICE AND COURTS

3.1 Disposal by Police

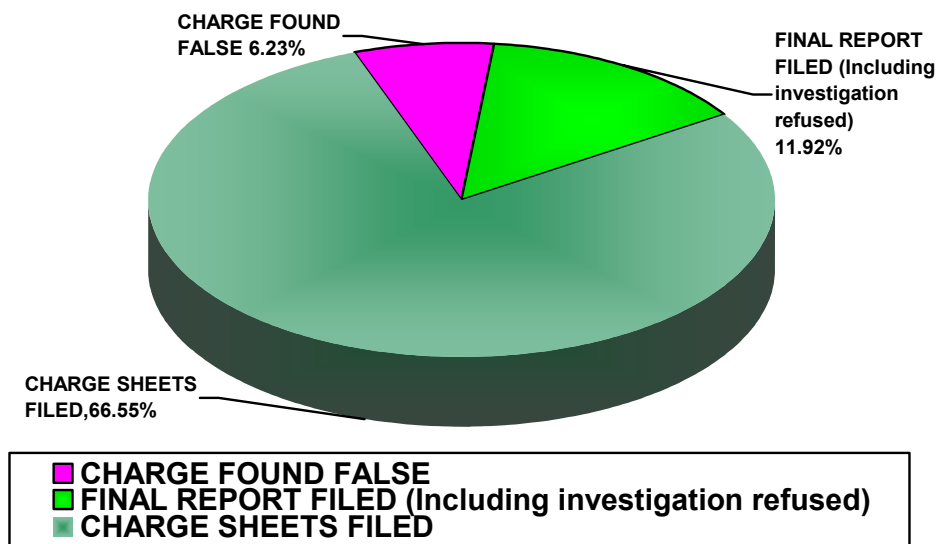
3.1.1 Cases under IPC:

During 2009 a total number of 16889 cases including cases pending from the previous years were under investigation. Out of these, approximately 14307 cases were disposed by the Police during the year and 2582 cases remain pending.

Table-3.1 presents the details of crime head wise police disposal during 2009. Tables-3.2 & 3.3 give district wise details of disposal, and percentage of disposal respectively. The percentage and type of disposal of Under Investigation (IPC) cases by police during 2009 is depicted in Chart-3.1.

CHART-3.1

PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF UNDER INVESTIGATION (IPC) CASES BY POLICE DURING-2009



Less than 70.47% of the cases relating to Attempt to Murder, Criminal Breach of Trust were disposed. They represent the lowest disposal rate. The heads under which disposal of cases remained the highest, are Other IPC Crime (88.56% disposed), Dowry Deaths (100% disposed), Molestation (86.39% disposed), and Hurt /Grievous Hurt (88.49% disposed).

3.1.2 Pendency:

On an average, 15.29% cases remained under investigation. In the following districts, pendency was the highest and the disposal lowest:-

Sirmaur	:	27.07 %
GRP	:	18.75 %
Una	:	16.87 %
Kullu	:	16.33 %
Mandi	:	15.96 %

The least pendency/best disposals were seen in:--

Lahaul & Spiti	:	5.63 %
Chamba	:	8.20 %
PD Baddi	:	10.89 %

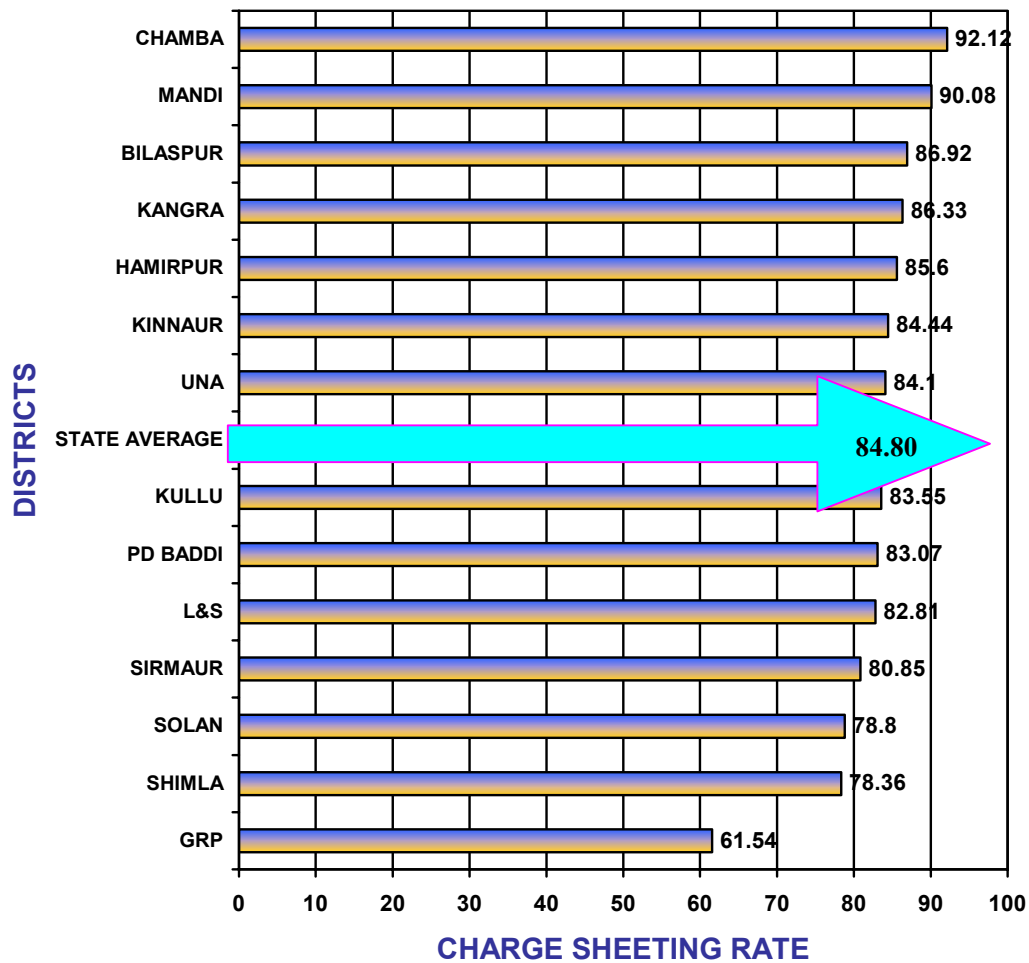
3.1.3 Charge Sheeting Rate of IPC Crimes:

Chart-3.2 depicts the district wise Charge sheeting rate in descending order. The average Charge-sheeting rate for the State is 84.80 %. The following districts have shown a considerably higher percentage of Charge-Sheeting rate:-

Chamba	:	92.12 %
Mandi	:	90.08 %
Bilaspur	:	86.92 %
Kangra	:	86.33 %
Hamirpur	:	85.60 %
Kinnaur	:	84.44 %

CHART-3.2

**DISTRICT WISE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES BY POLICE
(CHARGE SHEETING RATE) DURING-2009**



3.1.4 Case Under SLL:

The disposal of SLL cases by police under different crime heads is available at Table-3.4. Of the total 5249 cases (including the pending cases from the previous year) pending investigation, police disposed 78.76 % cases. Chart-3.3 presents the type of disposal of SLL cases.

CHART-3.3
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2009

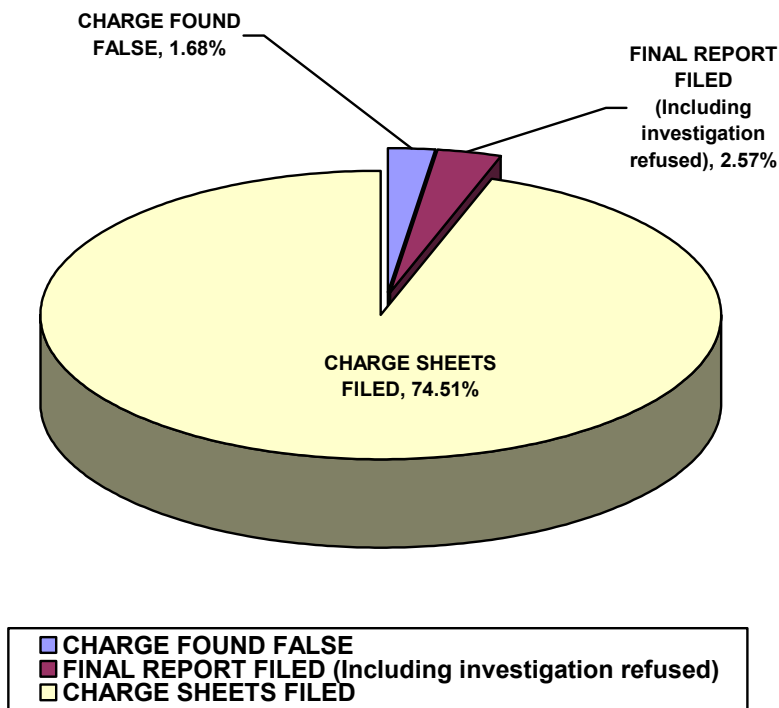


Table-3.5 shows disposal of SLL cases by the police District wise. Totally 1115 cases are pending investigation. District having the maximum pendency are:-

Kangra - 212

Mandi - 203

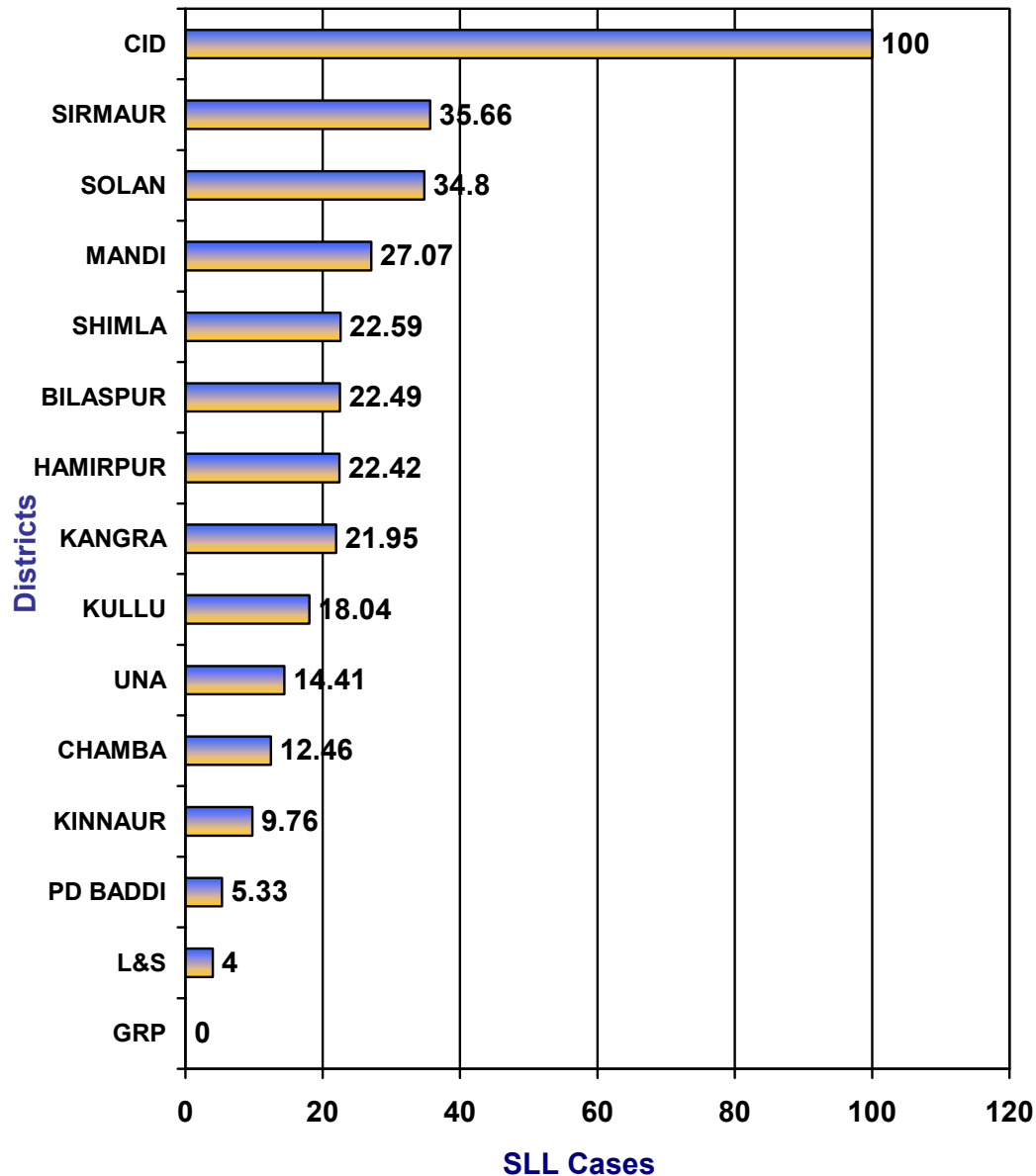
Shimla - 136

Kullu - 129

District wise pendency details are available in Chart-3.4. In descending order. Percentage of disposal of SLL by the police is present in Table 3.6.

CHART-3.4

DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES BY POLICE (PENDENCY PERCENTAGE) DURING -2009 DISTRICT WISE



3.2 Disposal By Courts

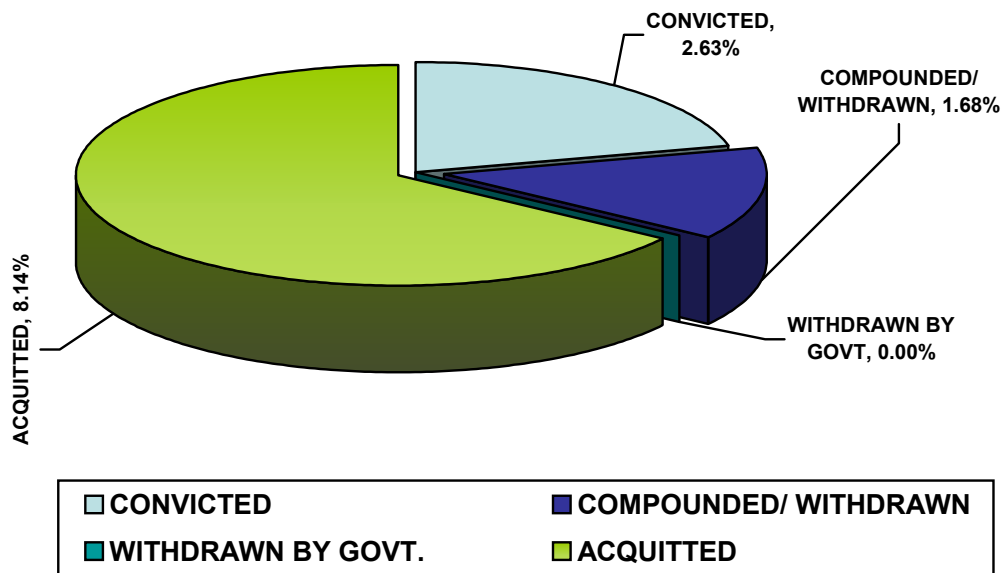
3.2.1 Cases Under IPC:

Disposal of IPC cases by Courts during 2009 is available in Table 3.7. During 2009 there were 62813 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years). 54993 of IPC

cases remained pending trial at end of the year. The percentage of disposals during the year was 12.45 %.

The District wise disposal figures available in Table-3.8 and percentage of disposal is available in Table-3.9. The highest pendency of cases is seen in CID (100) percent. The largest number of cases is pending in Mandi District (8899) which has a pendency of 88.16 % Chart-3.5 depicts percentage disposal of IPC cases by the courts during 2009.

CHART-3.5
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF IPC CASES
BY COURTS DURING-2009.



3.2.2 Cases Under SLL:-

Disposal of SLL cases by Courts during 2009 head wise is available in Table-3.10. There were 24147 cases pending trial (including the pending cases from the previous years) at the beginning

of 2009. Cases which remained pending trial at end of the year were 20055. The percentage of disposals is 16.95.

Table 3.11 Shows district wise pendency and its share in the state pendency, Distt. Kangra (9286) followed by Una (1945), Mandi (1670) and Shimla (1626) cases. Chart-3.6 Shows percentage disposal of SLL cases by the Courts during 2009.

CHART-3.6
PERCENTAGE DISPOSAL OF SLL CASES
BY COURTS DURING 2009

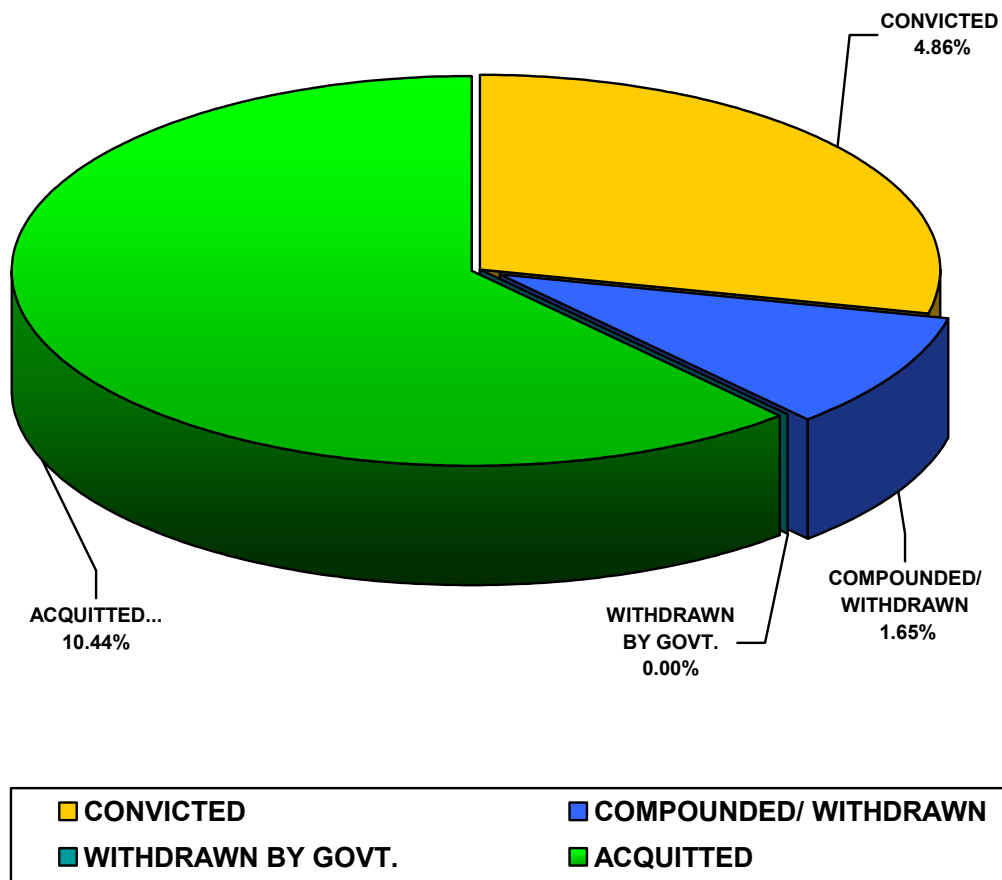


TABLE-3.1
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES BY POLICE
DURING 2009 (HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+(6) + (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	190	0	13	99	27	139	51
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	105	0	1	67	6	74	31
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	16	0	2	7	0	9	7
4.	DACOITY	6	0	0	5	0	5	1
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	ROBBERY	28	0	4	12	2	18	10
7.	BURGLARY	1123	0	22	285	596	903	220
8.	THEFT	1242	0	55	377	574	1006	236
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1495	0	67	1195	61	1323	172
10.	RIOTS	782	0	63	567	11	641	141
11.	RAPE	259	0	25	176	2	203	56
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	2	0	0	2	0	2	0
13.	MOLESTATION	382	0	19	308	3	330	52
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	50	0	3	37	3	43	7
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	389	0	35	301	3	339	50
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	216	0	70	75	11	156	60
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	221	0	49	54	25	128	93
18.	CHEATING	489	0	89	132	18	239	250
19.	COUNTERFEITING	8	0	2	5	0	7	1
20.	ARSON	165	0	8	63	62	133	32
21.	OTHER IPC	9721	0	526	7473	610	8609	1112
	TOTAL	16889	0	1053	11240	2014	14307	2582

TABLE-3.2
DISPOSAL OF IPC CRIME CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2009
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	PD BADDI	542	0	46	363	74	483	59
2	BILASPUR	1349	0	64	937	141	1142	207
3	CHAMBA	854	0	73	655	56	784	70
4	HAMIRPUR	1271	0	87	862	145	1094	177
5	KANGRA	3123	0	203	2129	337	2669	454
6	KINNAUR	227	0	19	152	28	199	29
7	KULLU	1206	0	67	787	155	1009	197
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	71	0	3	53	11	67	4
9	MANDI	2544	0	102	1834	202	2138	406
10	SHIMLA	2204	0	122	1427	394	1943	261
11	SIRMAUR	1193	0	92	629	149	870	323
12	SOLAN	1072	0	83	632	170	885	187
13	UNA	1215	0	92	772	146	1010	205
14	GRP	16	0	0	8	5	13	3
15	CID	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
	TOTAL	16889	0	1053	11240	2014	14307	2582

TABLE-3.2 (CONTD..)

Sr. NO.	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (7)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	10.89	2.28	83.07
2	BILASPUR	15.46	8.02	86.92
3	CHAMBA	8.20	2.71	92.12
4	HAMIRPUR	13.93	6.85	85.60
5	KANGRA	14.54	17.58	86.33
6	KINNAUR	12.78	1.12	84.44
7	KULLU	16.33	7.63	83.55
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	5.63	0.15	82.81
9	MANDI	15.96	15.72	90.08
10	SHIMLA	11.84	10.11	78.36
11	SIRMAUR	27.07	12.51	80.85
12	SOLAN	17.44	7.24	78.80
13	UNA	16.87	7.94	84.10
14	GRP	18.75	0.12	61.54
15	CID	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	15.29	99.98	84.80

MAP-3.1
DISPOSAL OF (IPC) CASES BY POLICE

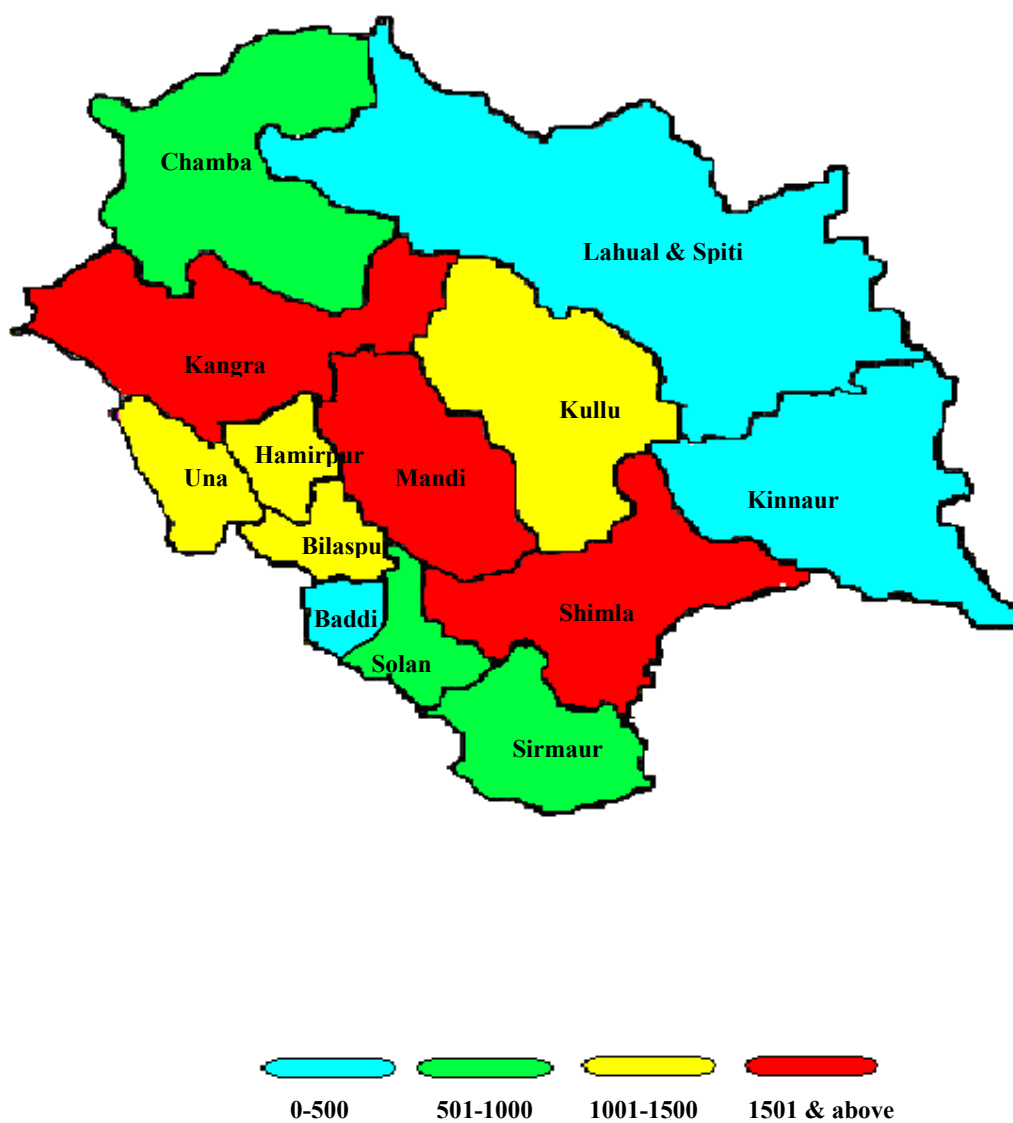


TABLE-3.3
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2009
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH				PERCENT AGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.6)/ (COL. 5+6)*100]]
		INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED					
			CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(4)+(5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	0	6.84	14.21	52.11	73.16	26.84	78.57
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	0.95	5.71	63.81	70.47	29.52	91.79
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	12.50	0.00	43.75	56.25	43.75	100.00
4.	DACOITY	0	0.00	0.00	83.33	83.33	16.67	100.00
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
6.	ROBBERY	0	14.29	7.14	42.86	64.29	35.71	85.72
7.	BURGLARY	0	1.96	53.07	25.38	80.41	19.59	32.35
8.	THEFT	0	4.43	46.22	30.35	81	19.00	39.64
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	0	4.48	4.08	79.93	88.49	11.51	95.14
10.	RIOTS	0	8.06	1.41	72.51	81.98	18.03	98.09
11.	RAPE	0	9.65	0.77	67.95	78.37	21.62	98.88
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	0	0.00	0.00	100.0 0	100	0.00	100.00
13.	MOLESTATION	0	4.97	0.79	80.63	86.39	13.61	99.03
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	0	6.00	6.00	74.00	86	14.00	92.50
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0	9.00	0.77	77.38	87.15	12.85	99.01
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0	32.41	5.09	34.72	72.22	27.78	87.21
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0	22.17	11.31	24.43	57.91	42.08	68.35
18.	CHEATING	0	18.20	3.68	26.99	48.87	51.12	88.00
19.	COUNTERFEITING	0	25.00	0.00	62.50	87.5	12.50	100.00
20.	ARSON	0	4.85	37.58	38.18	80.61	19.39	50.40
21.	OTHER IPC	0	5.41	6.28	76.87	88.56	11.44	92.45
	TOTAL	0	6.23	11.92	66.55	84.7	15.29	84.81

TABLE-3.4
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2009
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+ (6)+ (7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	32	0	1	1	21	23	9
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	649	0	4	24	441	469	180
3.	GAMBLING ACT	376	0	2	0	350	352	24
4.	EXCISE ACT	3259	0	5	16	2536	2557	702
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	9	0	1	1	3	5	4
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	6	0	0	0	6	6	0
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	2	0	1	0	1	2	0
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	2	0	1	0	1	2	0
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	61	0	6	0	46	52	9
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	5	0	0	0	3	3	2
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	61	0	1	0	46	47	14
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	74	0	27	0	37	64	10
21.	FOREST ACT	357	0	18	63	185	266	91
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	353	0	20	29	235	284	69
	TOTAL	5249	0	88	135	3911	4134	1115

TABLE-3.5
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY POLICE DURING 2009
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR INVESTIGATION INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES IN WHICH					NO. OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION
			INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED				
				CHARGE FOUND FALSE / MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC.	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(5)+(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	PD BADDI	169	0	2	155	3	160	9
2.	BILASPUR	338	0	5	248	9	262	76
3.	CHAMBA	353	0	6	301	2	309	44
4.	HAMIRPUR	281	0	13	196	9	218	63
5.	KANGRA	966	0	16	728	10	754	212
6.	KINNAUR	82	0	1	71	2	74	8
7.	KULLU	715	0	3	552	31	586	129
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	75	0	0	72	0	72	3
9.	MANDI	750	0	8	523	16	547	203
10.	SHIMLA	602	0	14	425	27	466	136
11.	SIRMAUR	258	0	9	147	10	166	92
12.	SOLAN	204	0	3	124	6	133	71
13.	UNA	451	0	7	369	10	386	65
14.	GRP	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
15.	CID	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
	TOTAL	5249	0	88	3911	135	4134	1115

TABLE-3.5 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE (7)/(6+7)*100
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	5.33	0.81	1.90
2	BILASPUR	22.49	6.82	3.50
3	CHAMBA	12.46	3.95	0.66
4	HAMIRPUR	22.42	5.65	4.39
5	KANGRA	21.95	19.01	1.36
6	KINNAUR	9.76	0.72	2.74
7	KULLU	18.04	11.57	5.32
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	4.00	0.27	0.00
9	MANDI	27.07	18.21	2.97
10	SHIMLA	22.59	12.20	5.97
11	SIRMAUR	35.66	8.25	6.37
12	SOLAN	34.80	6.37	4.62
13	UNA	14.41	5.83	2.64
14	GRP	0.00	0.00	0.00
15	CID	100.00	0.36	0.00
	TOTAL	21.24	100.00	3.34

MAP-3.2

DISPOSAL OF (SLL) CASES BY POLICE DURING 2009

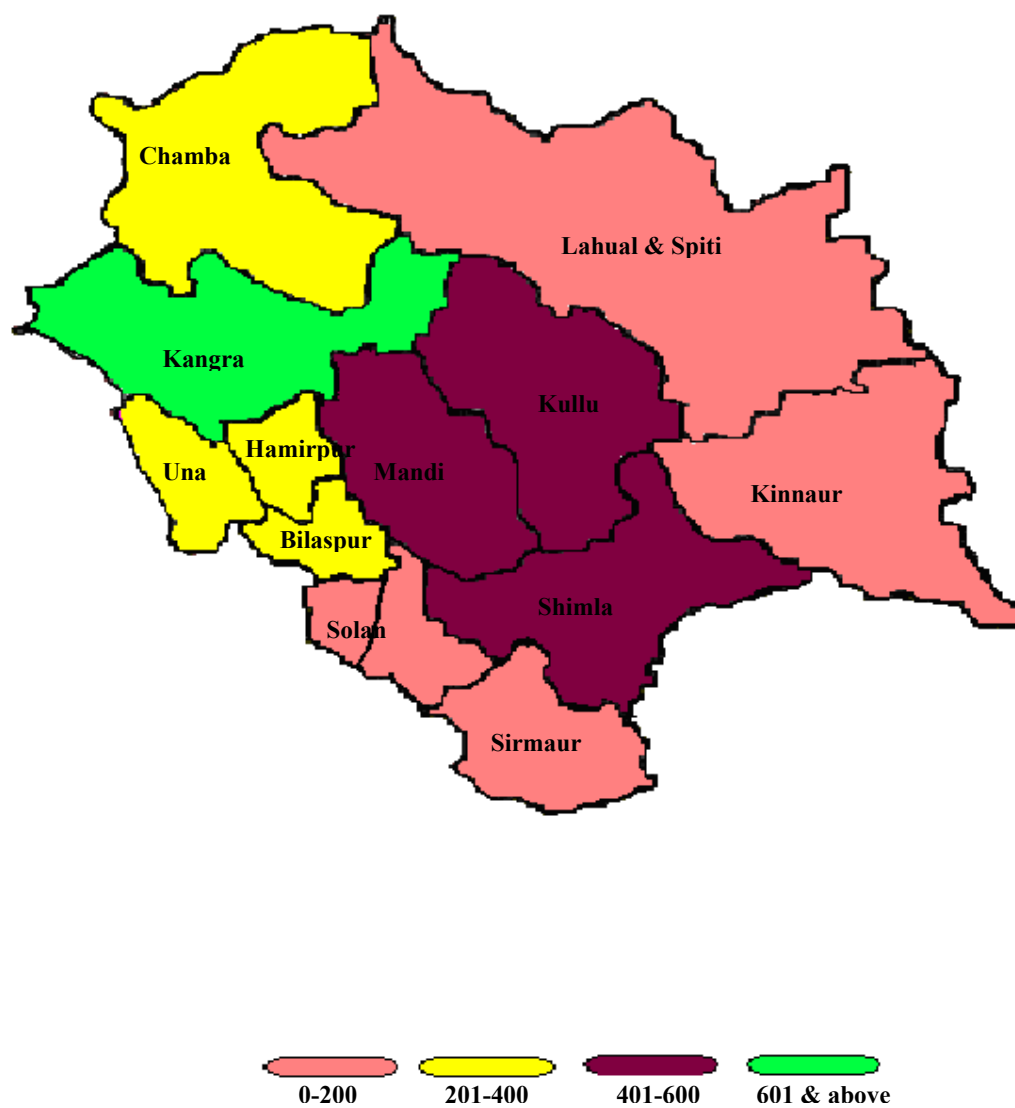


TABLE-3.6
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY POLICE DURING 2009
(HEADWISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	INVESTIGATION WAS REFUSED	PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR INVESTIGATION IN WHICH				PERCENTAGE OF CASES PENDING INVESTIGATION	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(COL.6)/ (COL. 5+6)*100]
			INVESTIGATION WAS COMPLETED					
			CHARGE FOUND FALSE /MISTAKE OF FACT OR LAW ETC	FINAL REPORT TRUE SUBMITTED	CHARGE SHEETS WERE SUBMITTED	TOTAL [(4)+(5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	ARMS ACT	0	3.13	3.13	65.63	71.89	28.13	50.00
2	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0	0.62	3.70	67.95	72.27	27.73	85.71
3	GAMBLING ACT	0	0.53	0.00	93.09	93.62	6.38	0.00
4	EXCISE ACT	0	0.15	0.49	77.82	78.46	21.54	76.19
5	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
6	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0	11.11	11.11	33.33	55.55	44.44	50.00
7	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0	0.00	0.00	100.00	100	0.00	0.00
8	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0.00	100.0	0.00	100	0.00	100.0
9	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0	50.00	0.00	50.00	100	0.00	0.00
10	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0	50.00	0.00	50.00	100	0.00	0.00
11	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
12	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0	9.84	0.00	75.41	85.25	14.75	0.00
13	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
14	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	100.0	0.00
15	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0	0.00	0.00	60.00	60	40.00	0.00
16	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0	100.0	0.00	0.00	100	0.00	0.00
17	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
18	COPY RIGHT ACT	0	1.64	0.00	75.41	77.05	22.95	0.00
19	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
20	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0	36.49	0.00	50.00	86.49	13.51	0.00
21	FOREST ACT	0	5.04	17.65	51.82	74.51	25.49	77.78
22	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0	5.67	8.22	66.57	80.46	19.55	59.18
	TOTAL	0	1.68	2.57	74.51	78.76	21.24	60.54

TABLE-3.7
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2009
(HEAD-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	381	0	2	38	44	82	297
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	398	0	3	14	38	52	343
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	65	0	0	5	7	12	53
4.	RAPE	564	0	0	29	89	118	446
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	309	0	2	5	42	47	260
6.	DACOITY	24	0	0	1	4	5	19
7.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
8.	ROBBERY	88	0	0	1	8	9	79
9.	BURGLARY	1634	0	28	34	158	192	1414
10.	THEFT	2175	0	7	43	179	222	1946
11.	RIOTS	3506	0	93	41	323	364	3049
12.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	475	0	2	9	39	48	425
13.	CHEATING	785	0	5	10	52	62	718
14.	COUNTERFEITING	16	0	0	3	1	4	12
15.	ARSON	393	0	1	2	46	48	344
16.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	6681	0	162	139	693	832	5687
17.	DOWRY DEATHS	25	0	0	1	3	4	21
18.	MOLESTATION	1406	0	35	20	128	148	1223
19.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	139	0	3	1	8	9	127
20.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	1438	0	60	9	149	158	1220
21.	OTHER IPC	42310	0	651	1250	3099	4349	37310
	TOTAL	62813	0	1054	1655	5111	6766	54993

TABLE- 3.8
DISPOSAL OF CRIME IPC CASES
BY COURT DURING 2009
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	2144	0	70	70	134	204	1870
2.	BILASPUR	7287	0	98	73	216	289	6900
3.	CHAMBA	3550	5	114	85	253	338	3098
4.	HAMIRPUR	4203	0	136	70	435	505	3562
5.	KANGRA	9845	0	0	271	880	1151	8694
6.	KINNAUR	1027	0	21	18	88	106	900
7.	KULLU	3863	0	92	49	195	244	3527
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	229	0	24	59	27	86	119
9.	MANDI	10094	4	5	246	944	1190	8899
10.	SHIMLA	7978	0	276	157	997	1154	6548
11.	SIRMAUR	3501	0	48	48	169	217	3236
12.	SOLAN	4546	0	86	293	389	682	3778
13.	UNA	4524	0	79	214	378	592	3853
14.	GRP	21	0	5	2	6	8	8
15.	CID	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	TOTAL	62813	9	1054	1655	5111	6766	54993

TABLE- 3.8 (CONTD)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	PD BADDI	87.22	3.40	65.69
2	BILASPUR	94.69	12.55	74.74
3	CHAMBA	87.27	5.63	74.85
4	HAMIRPUR	84.75	6.48	86.14
5	KANGRA	88.31	15.81	76.46
6	KINNAUR	87.63	1.64	83.02
7	KULLU	91.30	6.41	79.92
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	51.97	0.22	31.40
9	MANDI	88.16	16.18	79.33
10	SHIMLA	82.08	11.91	86.40
11	SIRMAUR	92.43	5.88	77.88
12	SOLAN	83.11	6.87	57.04
13	UNA	85.17	7.01	63.85
14	GRP	38.10	0.01	75.00
15	CID	100.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	87.55	100.00	75.54

MAP-3.3
CONVICTED CASES (IPC) DURING 2009

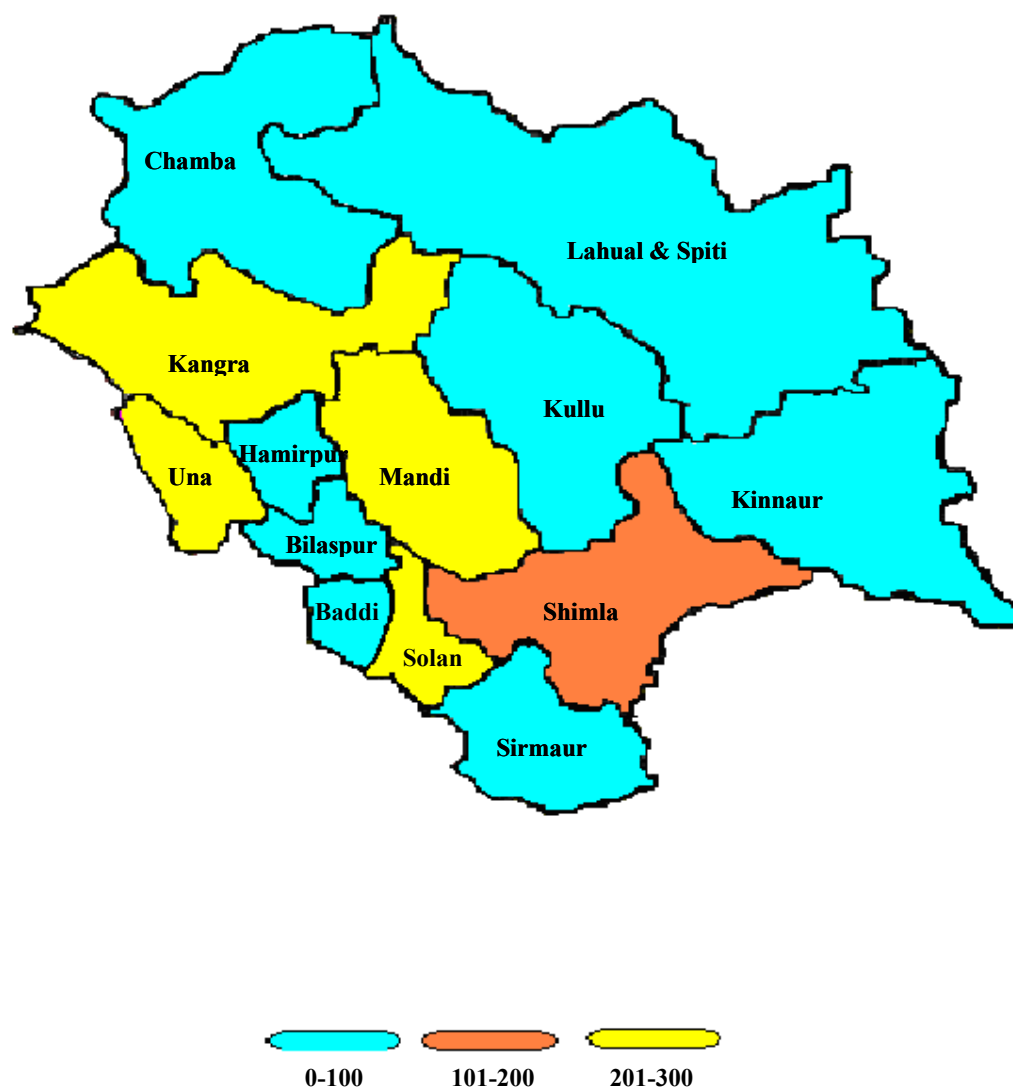


TABLE- 3.9
PERCENTAGE OF IPC CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2009
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTION RATE [(5/7*100)]
			IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	MURDER	0	0.52	9.97	11.55	21.52	77.95	46.33
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	0	0.75	3.52	9.55	13.07	86.18	26.93
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	0	0.00	7.69	10.77	18.46	81.54	41.66
4.	RAPE	0	0.00	5.14	15.78	20.92	79.08	24.57
5.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION	0	0.65	1.62	13.59	15.21	84.14	10.65
6.	DACOITY	0	0.00	4.17	16.67	20.84	79.17	20.01
7.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0.00	0.00	100.00	100	0.00	0.00
8.	ROBBERY	0	0.00	1.14	9.09	10.23	89.77	11.14
9.	BURGLARY	0	1.71	2.08	9.67	11.75	86.54	17.70
10.	THEFT	0	0.32	1.98	8.23	10.21	89.47	19.39
11.	RIOTS	0	2.65	1.17	9.21	10.38	86.97	11.27
12.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	0	0.42	1.89	8.21	10.1	89.47	18.71
13.	CHEATING	0	0.64	1.27	6.62	7.89	91.46	16.10
14.	COUNTERFEITING	0	0.00	18.75	6.25	25	75.00	75.00
15.	ARSON	0	0.25	0.51	11.70	12.21	87.53	4.18
16.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	0	2.42	2.08	10.37	12.45	85.12	16.71
17.	DOWRY DEATHS	0	0.00	4.00	12.00	16	84.00	25.00
18.	MOLESTATION	0	2.49	1.42	9.10	10.52	86.98	13.50
19.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	0	2.16	0.72	5.76	6.48	91.37	11.11
20.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	0	4.17	0.63	10.36	10.99	84.84	5.73
21.	OTHER IPC	0	1.54	2.95	7.32	10.27	88.18	28.72
	TOTAL	0	1.68	2.63	8.14	10.77	87.55	24.42

TABLE-3.10
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2009
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	98	0	1	4	13	17	80
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	1155	0	1	73	138	211	943
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1758	0	0	174	280	454	1304
4.	EXCISE ACT	18272	0	373	768	1800	2568	15331
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	17	0	0	0	2	2	15
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	16	0	0	0	1	1	15
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	2	0	0	1	1	2	0
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	6	0	0	2	1	3	3
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	16	0	2	0	5	5	9
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	150	0	0	1	6	7	143
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	20	0	1	0	2	2	17
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	269	0	0	2	44	46	223
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	130	0	7	1	22	23	100
21.	FOREST ACT	1253	0	4	28	130	158	1091
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	978	1	9	119	76	195	774
	TOTAL	24147	1	398	1173	2521	3694	20055

MAP-3.4
CONVICTED CASES (SLL) DURING 2009

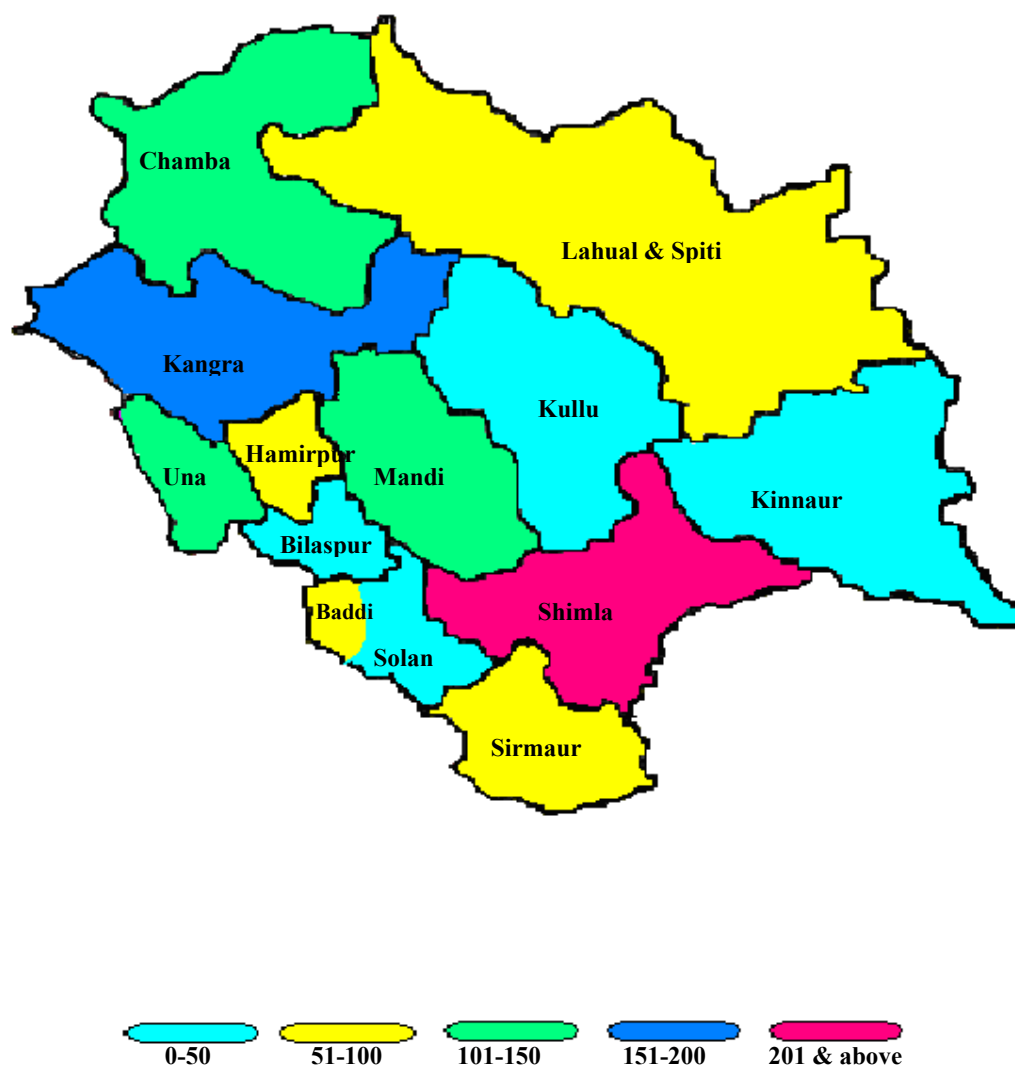


TABLE-3.11
DISPOSAL OF CRIME SLL CASES
BY COURT DURING 2009
(DISTRICT-WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS	TOTAL No. OF CASES FOR TRIAL INCLUDING PENDING CASES	NO. OF CASES					PENDING TRIAL
			CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED				
				COMPOUNDED OR WITHDRAWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED	TOTAL [(6)+(7)]	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	363	0	0	67	32	99	264
2.	BILASPUR	1471	0	1	25	112	137	1333
3.	CHAMBA	1043	0	16	148	211	359	668
4.	HAMIRPUR	599	0	0	96	111	207	392
5.	KANGRA	10090	0	0	165	639	804	9286
6.	KINNAUR	210	0	40	1	11	12	158
7.	KULLU	1825	0	253	50	155	205	1367
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	136	0	13	85	1	86	37
9.	MANDI	2178	0	65	102	341	443	1670
10.	SHIMLA	1993	0	9	222	136	358	1626
11.	SIRMAUR	952	0	0	65	112	177	775
12.	SOLAN	687	0	0	45	108	153	
13.	UNA	2600	0	1	102	552	654	1945
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID							
	TOTAL	24147	0	398	1173	2521	3694	20055

TABLE-3.11 (CONTD...)

S. NO	DISTRICT	PENDENCY PERCENTAGE (9/3*100)	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF PENDENCY TO STATE LEVEL	CHARGE SHEETING RATE [(7)/(8)*100]
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	BADDI	72.73	1.32	32.32
2	BILASPUR	90.62	6.65	81.75
3	CHAMBA	64.05	3.33	58.77
4	HAMIRPUR	65.44	1.95	53.62
5	KANGRA	92.03	46.30	79.48
6	KINNAUR	75.24	0.79	91.67
7	KULLU	74.90	6.82	75.61
8	LAUHAL & SPITI	27.21	0.18	1.16
9	MANDI	76.68	8.33	76.98
10	SHIMLA	81.59	8.11	37.99
11	SIRMAUR	81.41	3.86	63.28
12	SOLAN	0.00	0.00	70.59
13	UNA	74.81	9.70	84.40
14	GRP	0.00	0.00	0.00
15	CID	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	83.05	100.00	68.25

TABLE-3.12
PERCENTAGE OF SLL CRIMES
DISPOSAL BY COURTS DURING 2009
(HEAD WISE)

SR. NO	CRIME HEADS		PERCENTAGE OF CASES TO TOTAL CASES FOR TRIAL				PENDING TRIAL	CONVICTI ON RATE [[5/7*100]]
		CASES WITHDRAWN BY GOVT.	IN WHICH TRIAL WERE COMPLETED					
			COMPOU NDED OR WITHDR AWN	CONVICTED	ACQUITTED OR DISCHARG ED	TOTAL (5)+ (6)]		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	ARMS ACT	0.00	1.02	4.08	13.27	17.35	81.63	23.52
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	0.00	0.09	6.32	11.95	18.27	81.65	34.59
3.	GAMBLING ACT	0.00	0.00	9.90	15.93	25.83	74.18	38.33
4.	EXCISE ACT	0.00	2.04	4.20	9.85	14.05	83.90	29.89
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.76	11.76	88.24	0.00
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.25	6.25	93.75	0.00
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0.00	0.00	50.00	50.00	100	0.00	50.00
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	0.00	0.00	33.33	16.67	50	50.00	66.66
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0.00	12.50	0.00	31.25	31.25	56.25	0.00
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	100.0	0.00
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.67	4.00	4.67	95.33	14.35
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	0.00	5.00	0.00	10.00	10	85.00	0.00
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	100.0	0.00
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	0.00	0.00	0.74	16.36	17.1	82.90	4.33
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	0.00	5.38	0.77	16.92	17.69	76.92	4.35
21.	FOREST ACT	0.00	0.32	2.23	10.38	12.61	87.07	17.68
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	0.00	0.92	12.17	7.77	19.94	79.14	61.03
	TOTAL	0.00	1.65	4.86	10.44	15.3	83.05	31.76

CHAPTER-4

CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN

4.1 General:

Crimes against Women are being closely monitored in the State. Several measures have been undertaken to tackle this social menace. On one hand, special attention is being paid towards prevention of crimes against women by increased police vigil and by harnessing the resources of the community.

Crime against women has decreased during the year 2009 in comparison to the previous year. However, The marginal increase in reported cases of crime against women for the last two years is being recorded which is probably due to the fact that in past the women usually hesitated to report the unfortunate incidents, which took place with them. But now on account of increased awareness and change in social values, ethos, social reassurances being provided by the society, free registration of cases and Suvidha Yojna started by the HP, Police Department, Women are more often coming forward to report the offences taking place against them.

HP Police Department has initiated many steps in the recent years to ensure better Police response to the malaise. A Women Crime Unit has been constituted at State CID Hdqrs., Shimla to monitor as well as to ensure quick disposal of cases of crime against women. No particular area is prone to the incidence of such crime in this state. No special organized gang is operative in the state to commit crime against women. In a nutshell, a complete sense of security is prevailing among women folk and they are performing their daily chores without any fear.

4.2 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder Sec 302,303 IPC)
- (ii) Culpable Homicide (Sec 304 IPC)
- (iii) Rape (Sec. 376 IPC)
- (iv) Dowry Deaths (Sec304B IPC)
- (v) Kidnapping & Abduction (Sec. 363,366, IPC)
- (vi) Molestation (Sec.354 IPC)
- (vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide (Sec.306 IPC)
- (viii) Cruelty to Women (Sec. 498A IPC)
- (ix) Eave Teasing (Sec.509 IPC)
- (x) Chain Snatching
- (xi) Dowry (Prohibition) Act
- (xii) Immoral Traffic (P) Act

4.3 Incidence of Crime Against Women:

Head wise incidence of reported Crimes Against Women during 2008 and 2009 along with percentage variation are given below has been calculated and presented in Table 4.1.

The cases of Cruelty to Women and molestation together constitute the largest chunk of crime against women (55.93 %). There were substantial number of instances (16.94 %) of Rape and 11.39 % of Kidnapping and abduction of women and girls.

The district wise incidence and rate of crimes against women during 2009 is presented in Table 4.2 and Chart 4.3 and Chart 4.4 .

CHART 4.1
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME AGAINST
WOMEN DURIURING 2009

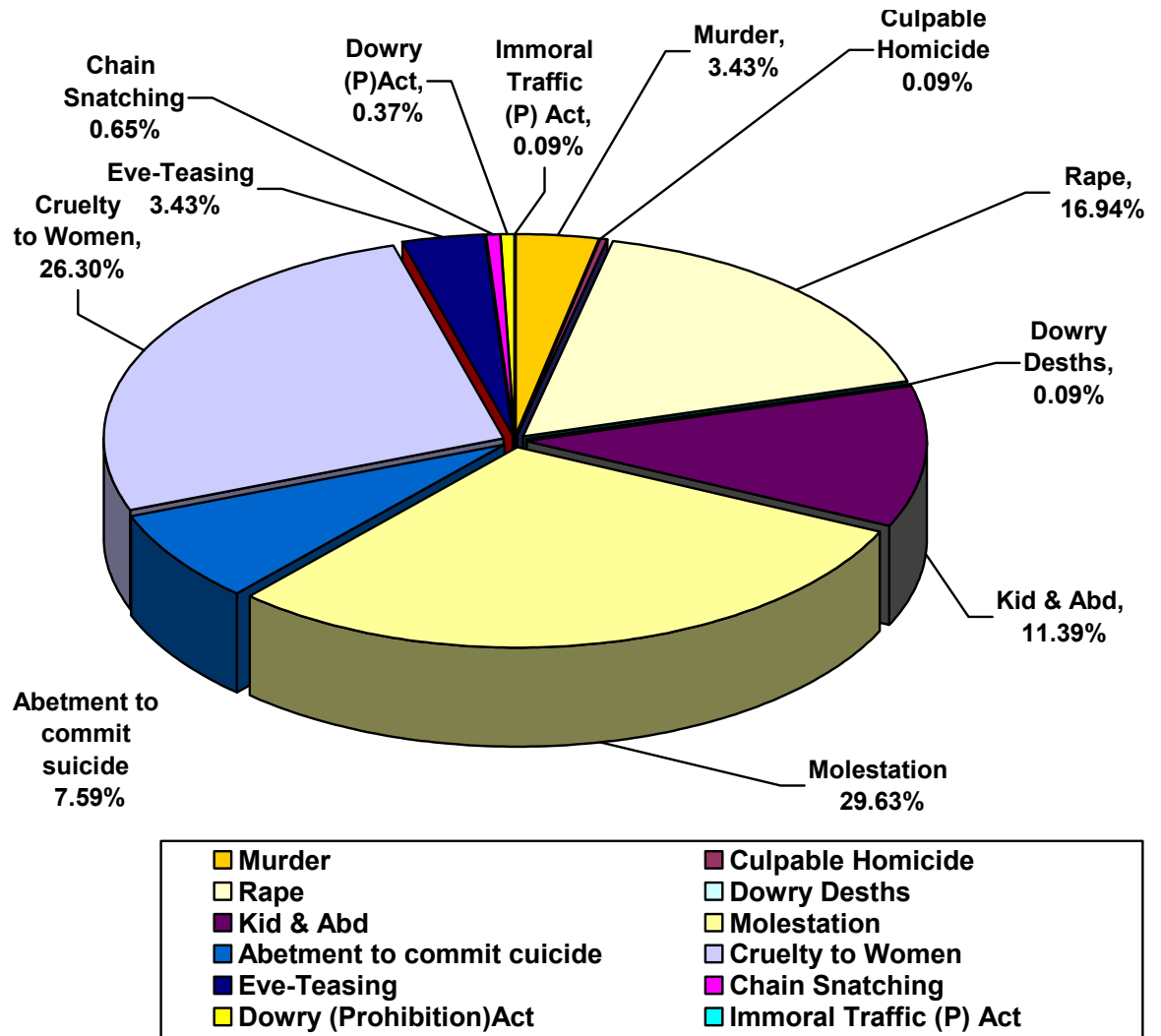


CHART 4.2

**PERCENTAGE VARIATION OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 2009 OVER 2008**

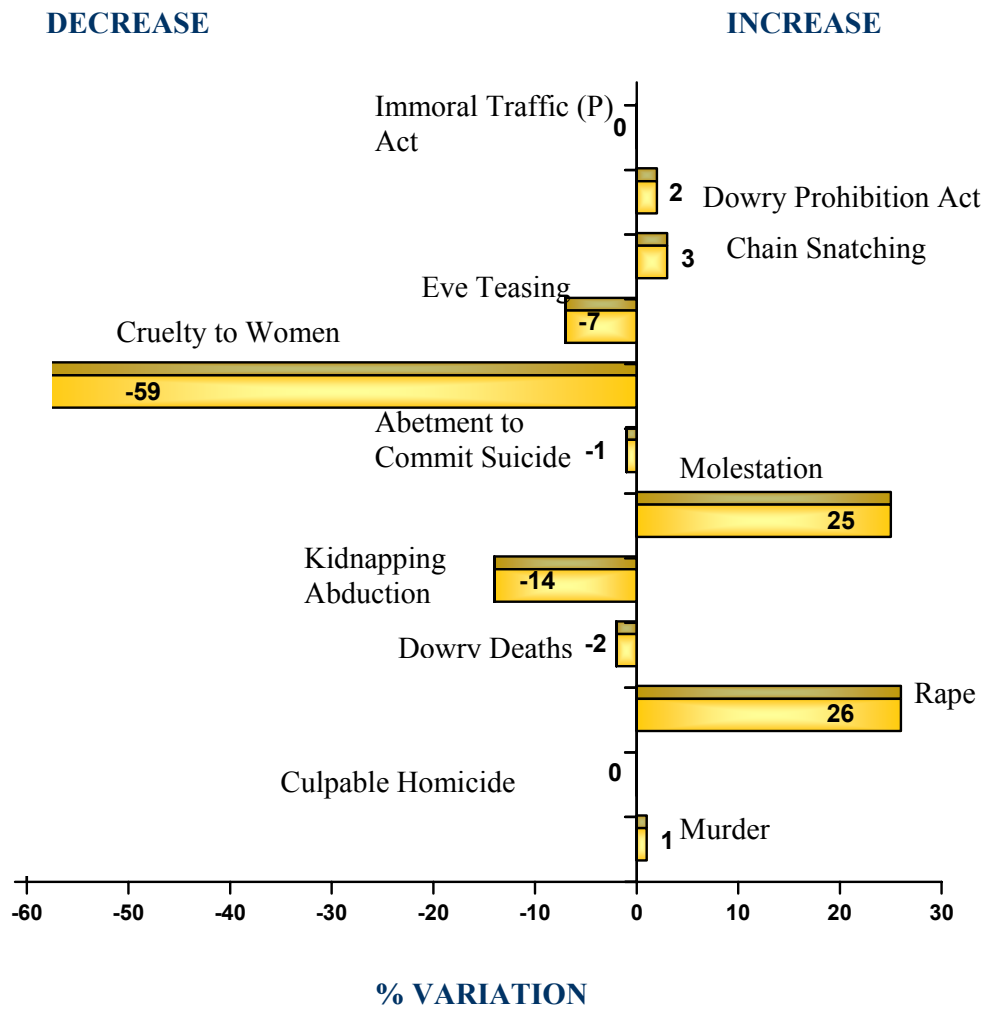


CHART 4.3
DISTRICT WISE REGISTRATION AND RATE OF CRIME DURING 2009

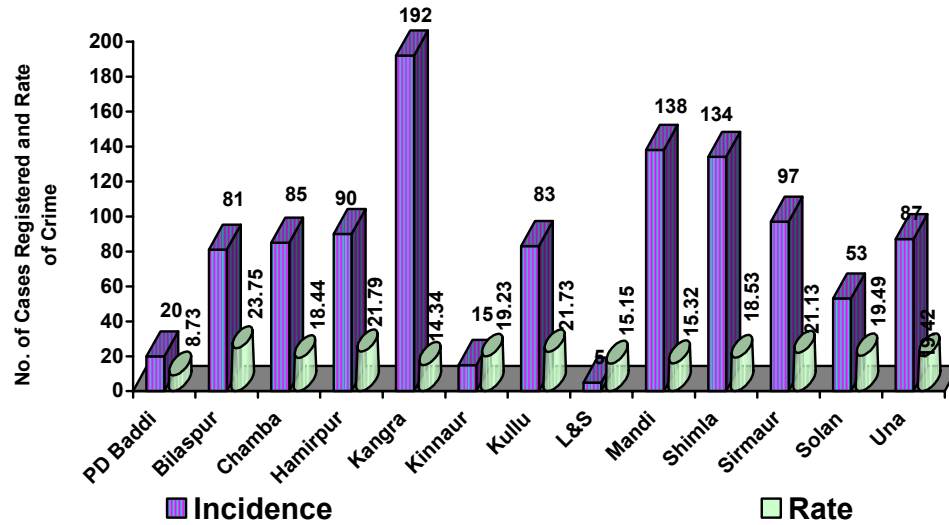
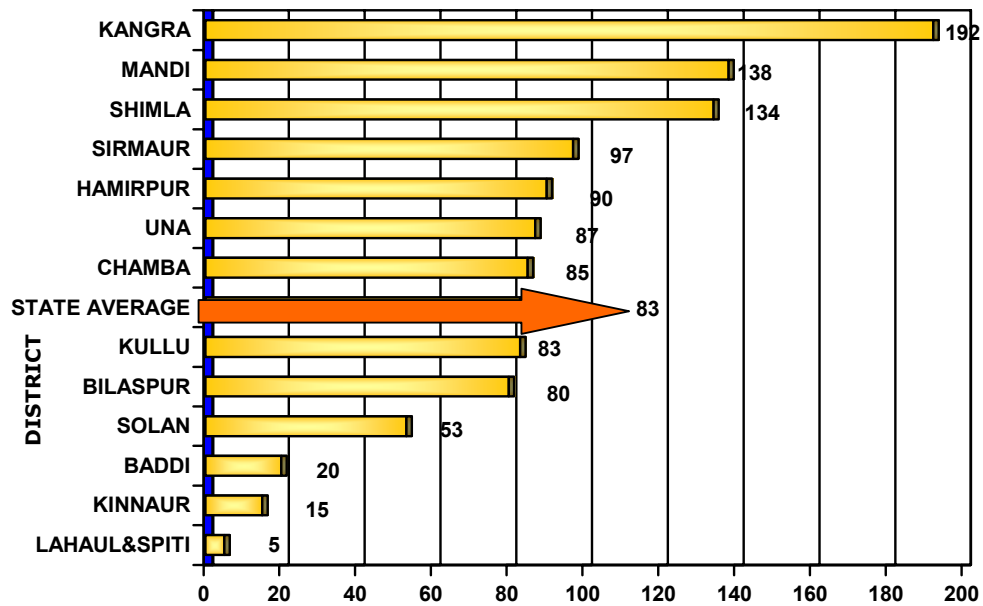


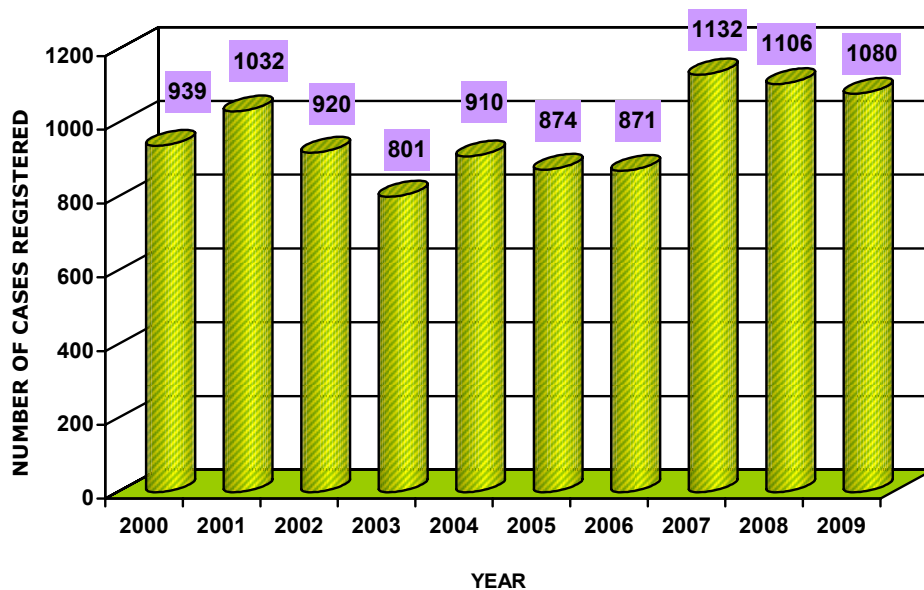
CHART 4.4
DISTRICT WISE CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN WITH STATE AVERAGE DURING 2009



The head wise and district wise incidence, their rate and percentage has been calculated and presented in Table 4.3.

The total figures of crime against women for the last 10 years (2000-2009) are presented in Table 4.4 and Chart 4.5.

CHART 4.5
YEAR WISE CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
DURING 2000-2009



From the analysis of Crime Against Women reported in districts, it is seen that cases of Murder, Rape, molestation, Chain Snatching and Dowry (Prohibition) Act are found reported more in the State during the year 2009. The district remained most prevalent in these incidents is Kangra, Mandi, Shimla, Sirmaur, Bilaspur, Una, Hamirpur and Kullu. The cases of murder remained highest in the District Kangra and Shimla.

The district which indicate the lowest incidence of crime against women are Lahaul & Spiti (5), Kinnaur (14), Baddi (20) and Solan (53).

4.4 Head wise incidence of Crime Against Women:

The brief explanation of head wise status of crime against women during the years 2009 is given as under:

(i) Murder: (Increase 2.78%)

Incidence of Murder cases (37) registered during the year 2009 showed an increase of 2.78 % over the previous year. Kangra (8 cases) and Shimla districts (5 cases) reported the highest incidence of Murder under this head followed by Hamirpur, Mandi, Solan (4 cases in each), Bilaspur, Chamba, Una (3 cases in each) Kullu (2 cases) and Sirmaur (1 cases). No incidence under this head was reported in Baddi, Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts.

Reasons:-

1. Property disputes amongst family and relationship to capture the property of women.
2. Land disputes, Enmity with the villagers or other family members.
3. Domestic violence, Torture by In- laws due to various reasons.
4. Illicit love affairs especially in hotels etc to destroy/elope the evidences after rape.
5. Sudden provocation during scuffle.

(ii) Culpable Homicide:

Under this head only 1 case has been registered in the State of HP in Bilaspur District which showed identical registration over the previous year. Moreover, the analysis of previous years reveals that the figures under this head remains negligible, hence no more review is required for comparison.

(iii) Rape: (Increase 16.56%)

During the year 2009, 183 incidence of rape cases were registered which showed an increase of 16.56 % over the previous year. Shimla district reported the highest incidence of (28) cases under this crime head followed by Kullu (24 cases), Kangra (23 cases), Mandi (22 cases) and Chamba (20 cases). The incidence under this head remained between 10 to 15 in districts Bilaspur, Sirmaur and Una.

Reasons:-

1. Illicit love affairs, intimacy and friendship between both parties and later on matter disclosed.
2. Alluring for marriage and later on due to refusal of parents the matter of marriage do no reach to the compromise resulting in registration of cases.
3. Due to enmity fake registration of rape cases.
4. Rape cases firstly with the consent and later on when caught and seen by husband or any relative the case is registered.
5. Cases of minor girls rape cases are committed forcibly without consent of the girl.
6. In some cases of adult woman sexual intercourse with consent and friendship but case is reported when the matter comes in to the open.
7. Rape in relationship

(iv) Dowry Deaths: (decrease 66.67%)

The incidence of the cases of Dowry Deaths has shown decrease of 66.67% during the year 2009. Only one incidence under this head was reported in district Bilaspur during the year. No

incidence was reported in the remaining 12 districts of the State during the year 2009.

(v) Kidnapping & Abduction: (decrease 10.22%)

During the year 2009, 123 incidence of Kidnapping & Abduction were registered which showed a decrease of 10.22% over the previous year. Kangra and Shimla districts reported the highest incidence (22 cases in each) under this crime head followed by Chamba (15 cases), Hamirpur (14), Mandi (11), Kullu (10) and Sirmaur (9). The incidence under this head in Solan and Una (6 cases each), Bilaspur (5) was reported. Lowest incidence under this head was reported in districts Kinnaur (2) and Baddi (1). No incidence under this head was reported in Lahaul & Spiti district. Age group wise detail of Kidnapping & Abduction is depicted in Table 4.5.

Reasons:-

1. Maximum cases are registered due to the reasons that during the young age boys and girls are indulged in love affairs and than the girl is subjected to kidnapping and abduction by the boys to alluring for marriage. Later on due to refusal of parents the matter is not settled, resulting the case is registered.
2. In the first instance the girls and boys are innocent about the consequences of the act of omission due to feeling of enjoyment provocation. Later on the matter of marriage is not settled, hence cases are registered.
3. In some cases boys and girls are fled away because their parents do not give their consent to marry.
4. In some cases kidnapping abduction is forcibly without consent of a girl where the girl is minor for the purpose of marriage or sexual intercourse.

(vi) Molestation:(Increase 8.47%)

320 Cases of molestation were registered during the year 2009 showed an increase of 8.47% over the previous year. Mandi district recorded the highest (59 cases) followed by Kangra (49 cases), Sirmaur (36 cases), Shimla (32 cases), Chamba (29), Bilaspur (28), Kullu (23), Hamirpur (22), Una (21) and Solan (13). The lowest 5 cases reported in Baddi and 3 in Kinnaur District and no case is found registered in district Lahaul & Spiti.

Reasons:

1. To outrage the modesty of women and girls.
2. Due to wearing of modern sexy fashionable dress by the girls and women.
3. Due to increasing trend of obscene films and literature in the market.
4. Due to obscene publication and presentation of material by print media.
5. Due to increasing educational activities, educational institutions and obscene activities by the anti- social elements near educational institutions and residential areas.

(vii) Abetment to Commit Suicide:(Decrease 1.20%)

The minor decreasing trend is seen under this head with 1.20% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Kangra district (34 cases) followed by Mandi and Una district with 8 cases each, Hamirpur (6 cases), Kullu (5), Solan and Chamba (4 each), Sirmaur, Bilaspur and Baddi (3 each). The lowest incidence was seen in Shimla and Kinnaur (2 cases each). No case was reported under this head in district Lahaul & Spiti.

(viii) Cruelty to Women : (Decrease 17.20%)

284 cases of Cruelty to Women was registered during the year 2009, showed a decrease of 17.20% over the previous year. The analysis revealed that highest number of cases (49) were registered in

Kangra district followed by Shimla district (39 cases), Hamirpur and Una (30 cases each), Mandi (29 cases), Sirmaur (28 cases), Bilaspur (21 cases), Kullu (16 cases), Solan (15 cases), Chamba (14 cases) and Baddi (9 cases). The lowest incidence was seen in Kinnaur and Lahaul & Spiti districts (2 cases each).

Reasons:

1. Torture of married women for the purpose of dowry, her ill health etc.
2. Harassment and torture of women by her in laws i.e. husband, mother in law, father in law etc.
3. Harassment of women in family that she is not capable to do the house hold and agriculture activities.
4. Harassment/torture of women by husband due to the illicit relationship of the husband with other woman in the family or relationship.
5. Torture/harassment of women by husband or other male member of the family under the influence of liquor.
6. Love marriage without the consent of the other family members i.e. father in law and mother in law of the victims.

(ix) Eve Teasing: (Decrease:15.91%)

The decreasing trend is seen under this head by 15.91% over the previous year. The highest number of cases were registered in Shimla district (6 cases) followed by Hamirpur, Kangra, Mandi and Una (5 cases each) and Bilaspur (4 cases). The lowest incidence was seen in Solan, Sirmaur and Lahaul & Spiti (2 cases each), Kullu (1 case). No case was reported under this head in Chamba, Kinnaur and Baddi districts.

(x) Chain Snatching: (Increase : 75 %)

7 cases under this head were reported during the year as compared to the 4 cases registered during the previous year which showed 75 % increase. 3 cases each in district Sirmaur and Una were registered and 1 case has been reported in Kangra district. No case of chain snatching was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

(xi) Dowry Prohibition Act: (Increase 100 %)

4 Cases of Dowry (P) Act were registered during the year 2009 as compare to the 2 cases during the previous year which showed 100 % increase. These 4 cases were registered in district Kullu (2 cases), Kangra and Bilaspur one each. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

(xii) Immoral Trafficking:

Only 1 case was registered under this head during the year 2009 in Solan district. No case under this head was reported in rest of the districts of the State during the year.

In view of the above, it is pertinent to mention here that the trends of offences pertaining to Crime against Women, do take place some times at various places in this state. Hence no particular districts/ area is prone for committing such offences. Also no specific gang is active / involved committing such offences.

TABLE 4.1

INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN DURING 2008-09

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2008	2009	Variation in 2009 over 2008	% share in 2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Murder	36	37	+1	3.43
2.	Culpable Homicide	1	1	0	0.09
3.	Rape	157	183	+26	16.94
4.	Dowry Deaths	3	1	-2	0.09
5.	Kid & Abd.	137	123	-14	11.39
6.	Molestation	295	320	+25	29.63
7.	Abetment to commit Suicide	83	82	-1	7.59
8.	Cruelty to Women	343	284	-59	26.30
9.	Eave-Teasing	44	37	-7	3.43
10.	Chain Snatching	4	7	+3	0.65
11.	Dowry (Prohibition) Act	2	4	+2	0.37
12.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	1	1	0	0.09
	TOTAL	1106	1080	-26	100.00

TABLE- 4.2

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST WOMEN (DISTRICTWISE) DURING 2009

S. NO.	DISTRICT/ UNIT	INCIDENCE	% OF CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL TOTAL	POPULATION (LAKHS)	RATE OF TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES	RANK
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	20	1.9	2.29	8.73	13
2.	BILASPUR	81	7.5	3.41	23.75	1
3.	CHAMBA	85	7.9	4.61	18.44	9
4.	HAMIRPUR	90	8.3	4.13	21.79	2
5.	KANGRA	192	17.8	13.39	14.34	12
6.	KINNAUR	15	1.4	0.78	19.23	7
7.	KULLU	83	7.7	3.82	21.73	3
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	5	0.5	0.33	15.15	11
9.	MANDI	138	12.8	9.01	15.32	10
10.	SHIMLA	134	12.4	7.23	18.53	8
11.	SIRMAUR	97	9.0	4.59	21.13	4
12.	SOLAN	53	4.9	2.72	19.49	5
13.	UNA	87	8.1	4.48	19.42	6
14.	GRP	0	0.0	0	0.00	14
15.	CID	0	0.0	0	0.00	14
	TOTAL	1080	100.0	60.78	17.76	

MAP-4.1
INCIDENCE OF CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN DURING-2009

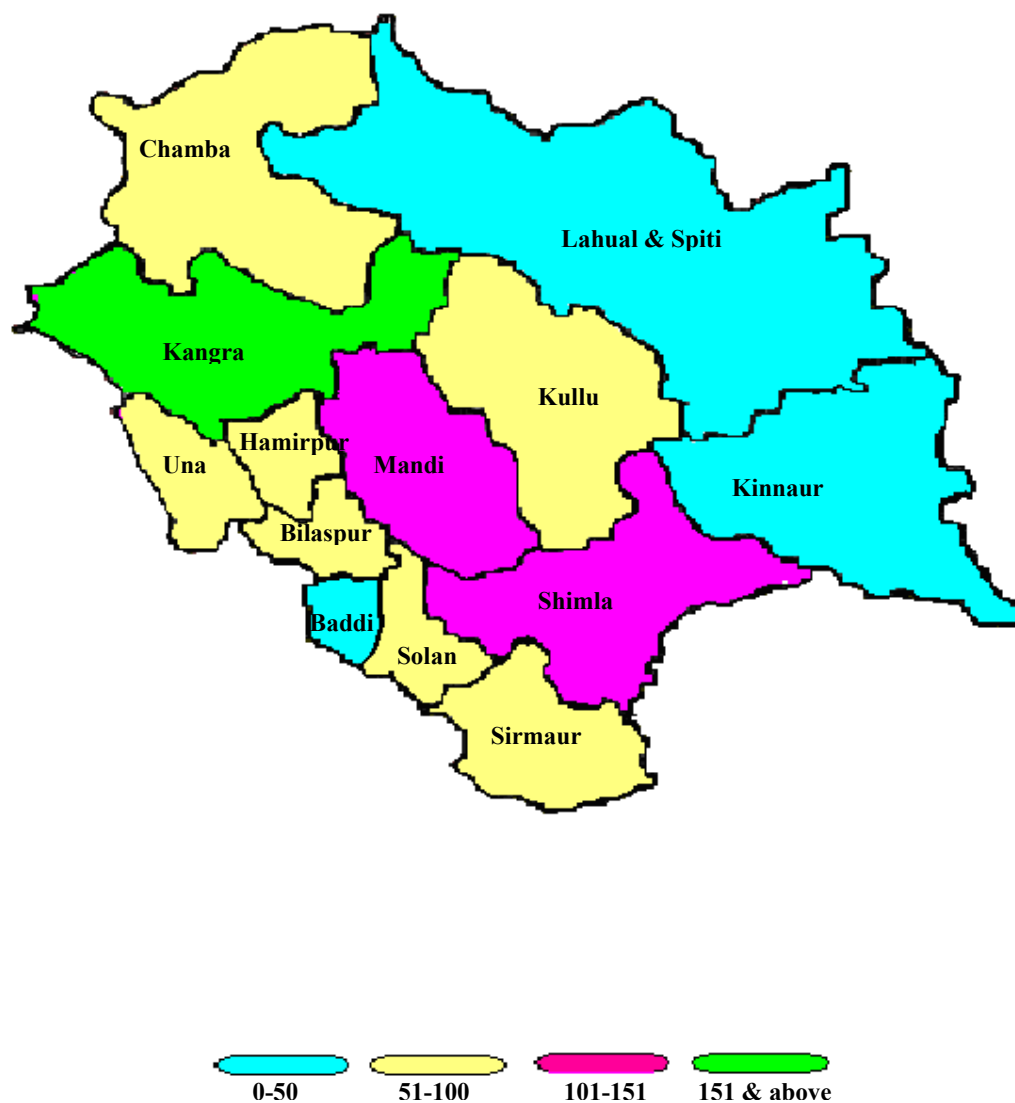


TABLE- 4.3

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009**

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	MURDER			CULPABLE HOMICIDE			RAPE		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1.	PD BADDI	228804	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	2	0.87	1.09
2.	BILASPUR	340855	3	0.88	8.1	1	0.29	100	14	4.11	7.65
3.	CHAMBA	460887	3	0.65	8.1	0	0.00	0.00	20	4.34	10.93
4.	HAMIRPUR	412700	4	0.97	10.8	0	0.00	0.00	9	2.18	4.92
5.	KANGRA	1339030	8	0.60	21.6	0	0.00	0.00	23	1.72	12.57
6.	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	6	7.66	3.28
7.	KULLU	381571	2	0.52	5.4	0	0.00	0.00	24	6.29	13.11
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	1	3.01	0.55
9.	MANDI	901344	4	0.44	10.8	0	0.00	0.00	22	2.44	12.02
10.	SHIMLA	722502	5	0.69	13.5	0	0.00	0.00	28	3.88	15.30
11.	SIRMAUR	458593	1	0.22	2.7	0	0.00	0.00	15	3.27	8.20
12.	SOLAN	271753	4	1.47	10.8	0	0.00	0.00	8	2.94	4.37
13.	UNA	448227	3	0.67	8.1	0	0.00	0.00	11	2.45	6.01
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0.0		0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL	6077824	37	0.61	100.0	1	0.02	100	183	3.01	100.0

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD.)

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	DOWRY DEATHS			KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION			MOLESTATION		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
1.	PD BADDI	228804	0	0.00	0.00	1	0.4	0.81	5	2.19	1.6
2.	BILASPUR	340855	1	0.29	100.0 0	5	1.5	4.07	28	8.21	8.8
3.	CHAMBA	460887	0	0.00	0.00	15	3.3	12.20	29	6.29	9.1
4.	HAMIRPUR	412700	0	0.00	0.00	14	3.4	11.38	22	5.33	6.9
5.	KANGRA	1339030	0	0.00	0.00	22	1.6	17.89	49	3.66	15.3
6.	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.00	0.00	2	2.6	1.63	3	3.83	0.9
7.	KULLU	381571	0	0.00	0.00	10	2.6	8.13	23	6.03	7.2
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	0.0
9.	MANDI	901344	0	0.00	0.00	11	1.2	8.94	59	6.55	18.4
10.	SHIMLA	722502	0	0.00	0.00	22	3.0	17.89	32	4.43	10.0
11.	SIRMAUR	458593	0	0.00	0.00	9	2.0	7.32	36	7.85	11.3
12.	SOLAN	271753	0	0.00	0.00	6	2.2	4.88	13	4.78	4.1
13.	UNA	448227	0	0.00	0.00	6	1.3	4.88	21	4.69	6.6
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	0	0.00	0.0
	TOTAL	6077824	1	0.02	100.0	123	2.0	100.0	320	5.26	100.0

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009**

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	ABETMENT TO COMMIT SUICIDE			CRUELTY TO WOMEN			EVE TEASING		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)
1.	PD BADDI	228804	3	1.31	3.66	9	3.93	3.2	0	0.0	0.0
2.	BILASPUR	340855	3	0.88	3.66	21	6.16	7.4	4	1.2	10.8
3.	CHAMBA	460887	4	0.87	4.88	14	3.04	4.9	0	0.0	0.0
4.	HAMIRPUR	412700	6	1.45	7.32	30	7.27	10.6	5	1.2	13.5
5.	KANGRA	1339030	34	2.54	41.46	49	3.66	17.3	5	0.4	13.5
6.	KINNAUR	78334	2	2.55	2.44	2	2.55	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
7.	KULLU	381571	5	1.31	6.10	16	4.19	5.6	1	0.3	2.7
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.00	0.00	2	6.02	0.7	2	6.0	5.4
9.	MANDI	901344	8	0.89	9.76	29	3.22	10.2	5	0.6	13.5
10.	SHIMLA	722502	2	0.28	2.44	39	5.40	13.7	6	0.8	16.2
11.	SIRMAUR	458593	3	0.65	3.66	28	6.11	9.9	2	0.4	5.4
12.	SOLAN	271753	4	1.47	4.88	15	5.52	5.3	2	0.7	5.4
13.	UNA	448227	8	1.78	9.76	30	6.69	10.6	5	1.1	13.5
14.	GRP	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	CID		0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.0		0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	6077824	82	1.35	100.0	284	4.67	100	37	0.6	100

TABLE- 4.3 (CONTD..)

INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
WOMEN (DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009

Sr. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPUL- ATION	CHAIN SNATCHING			DOWRY (PROHIBITION) ACT			IMMORAL TRAFIC (P) ACT		
			I	R	P	I	R	P	I	R	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)
1.	PD BADDI	228804	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
2.	BILASPUR	340855	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.3	25.0	0	0.0	0.0
3.	CHAMBA	460887	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
4.	HAMIRPUR	412700	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
5.	KANGRA	1339030	1	0.1	14.3	1	0.1	25.0	0	0.0	0.0
6.	KINNAUR	78334	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
7.	KULLU	381571	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.5	50.0	0	0.0	0.0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	33224	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9.	MANDI	901344	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
10.	SHIMLA	722502	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
11.	SIRMAUR	458593	3	0.7	42.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	SOLAN	271753	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.37	100
13.	UNA	448227	3	0.7	42.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
14.	GRP	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	CID	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	6077824	7	0.1	100	4	0.1	100	1	0.02	100

TABLE 4.4
HEADWISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST WOMEN
FOR THE LAST 10 YEARS (2000-2009)

Sr. NO.	CRIME HEAD	YEARS									
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Murder	34	36	28	31	29	24	23	30	36	37
2	Culpable Homicide	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	1
3	Rape	129	124	137	126	153	141	113	159	157	183
4	Dowry Death	3	10	6	6	8	2	3	7	3	1
5	Kid/Abd.	97	106	119	96	97	101	108	153	137	123
6	Molest- ation	284	315	347	250	282	283	274	324	295	320
7	Abetment to commit Suicide	65	84	52	50	61	61	58	69	83	82
8	Cruelty to Women	304	326	234	221	252	228	256	343	343	284
9	Eve- Teasing	16	30	11	11	13	27	31	40	44	37
10	Chain Snatching	1	-	-	-	5	1	2	1	4	7
11	Dowry Prohibition Act	3	9	4	05	5	1	2	4	2	4
12	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	1	1	2	05	4	4	-	-	1	1
	TOTAL	939	1032	920	801	910	874	871	1132	1106	1080

TABLE 4.5
AGE GROUP WISE VICTIM OF KIDNAPPING &
ABDUCTION DURING 2009

Sr. No.	District	Age group				Sex	
		Below 18 Years	18-25 Years	25-40 Years	40 above Years	Female	Male
(1)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	PD Baddi	0	1	0	0	1	0
2.	Bilaspur	1	3	1	0	5	0
3.	Chamba	8	6	1	0	15	0
4.	Hamirpur	3	9	2	0	14	0
5.	Kangra	9	10	3	0	22	0
6.	Kinnaur	2	0	0	0	2	0
7.	Kullu	4	5	1	0	10	0
8.	L & Spiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	Mandi	6	4	1	0	11	0
10.	Shimla	12	7	3	0	22	0
11.	Sirmaur	4	3	2	0	9	0
12.	Solan	2	4	0	0	6	0
12.	Una	2	4	0	0	6	0
	Total	53	56	14	0	123	0

CHAPTER-5

CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN

5.1 General:

Includes violations under certain sections of Indian Penal Code. For the purpose of this chapter, the following categories of crimes involving child victims have been included under this head:-

- i). Murder
- ii). Infanticide
- iii). Rape
- iv). Kidnapping and abduction.
- v). Foeticide
- vi). Abetment to Suicide
- vii). Exposure and abandonment
- viii). Procurement of minor girls (below 18).
- ix). Buying of minor girls for prostitution (below 18).
- x). Selling of minor girls for prostitution (below 18).
- x). Child Marriage Restraint
- xi). Other crimes committed against Children .

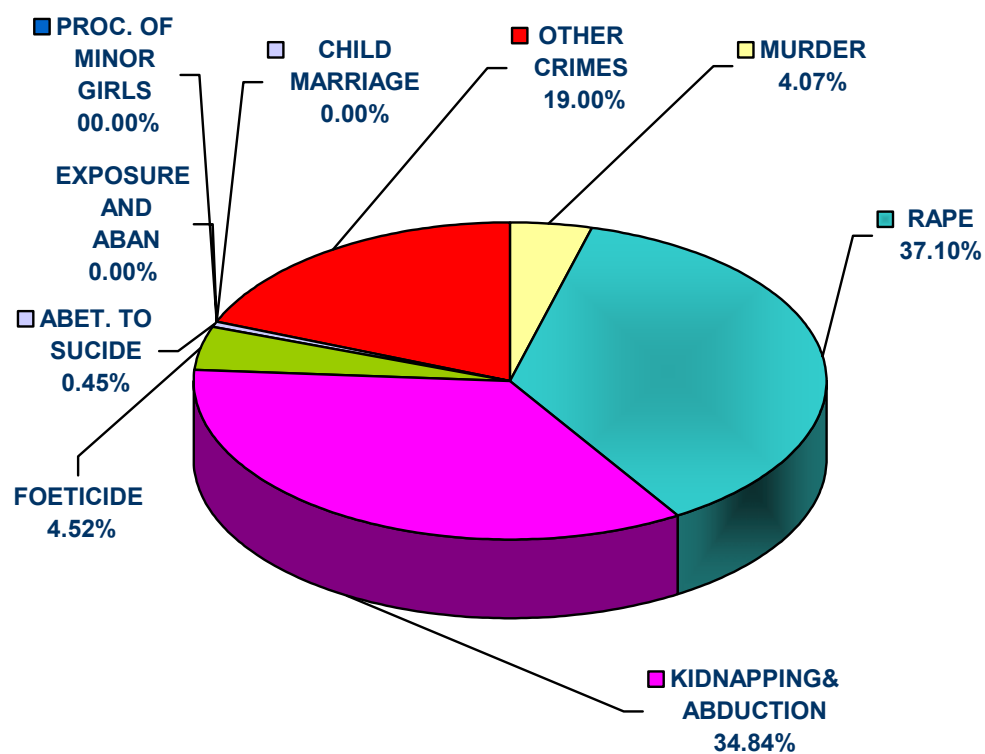
5.2 Trends of Crime against Children:

Chart 5.1 depicts the percentage distribution of crimes against children during 2009.

Chart 5.2 depicts the district-wise distribution of crimes against children during 2000-2009.

CHART 5.1

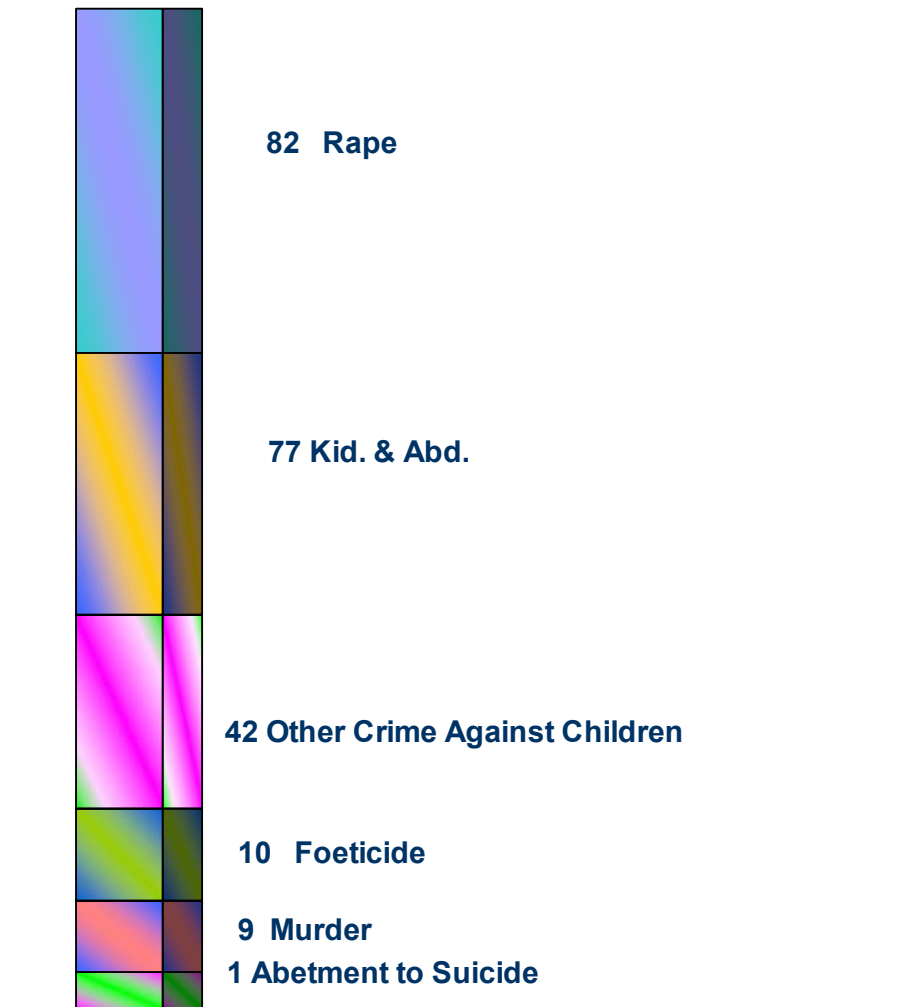
**PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CRIME COMMITTED
AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2009**



MURDER	RAPE
KID & ABD	FOETICIDE
ABET. TO SUCIDE	EXPOSURE AND ABAN.
PROC. OF MINOR GIRLS	CHILD MARRIAGE
OTHER CRIMES	

CHART 5.2

**INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN
DURING 2009**



Total No. of Incidence = 221

5.3 Incidence:

Table 5.1 shows the incidence and rate of Crime Against children, District wise including its rank.

Totally 221 cases were reported in the State under various sections of IPC. "Rape" constituted the largest category 82 cases of Rape (37.10%) were reported during the year 2009. The maximum number of Rape was reported in Shimla district (17 cases), followed by Kullu (11 cases).

The second most prevalent crime against children was Kidnapping and Abduction which accounted for 77 cases (34.84%). The "Kidnapping and Abduction" cases were reported highest in District Chamba (13 cases) followed by district Shimla (12 cases), Kangra (11 cases), Mandi (9 cases), Kullu, Hamirpur and Sirmaur (7 cases each).

There were 10 incidents of "Foeticide". Kullu and Solan districts reported 3 cases each. Una (2 cases) and Kangra and Sirmaur districts reported 1 case each.

There were 9 incidents of "Murder" of Children. Hamirpur, Mandi and Una districts reported 2 cases each. Chamba, Shimla and Sirmaur districts reported 1 case each.

Only 1 case of "Abetment to Commit Suicide" was reported in district Bilaspur during the year 2009.

Total 42 cases of "Other Crimes" against children were reported during the year. The highest incidence of other crimes were reported in Mandi district (14 cases) followed by Kangra (10), Kullu (6),

Chamba (4), Shimla, Una and Sirmaur (2 cases each), Hamirpur and Kinnaur (1 case each).

No incidence under “Procuration of Minor girls”, Buying of Girls for Prostitution” , “Selling of Girls for Prostitution” and Child Marriage Restraint” was reported in the State during the year 2009.

The incidence and percentage contribution of State regarding crimes against children head wise and district wise presented in Table.5.2.

TABLE-5.1

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME COMMITTED AGAINST
CHILDREN (DISTRICT WISE) DURING 2009**

Sr No.	NAME OF DISTT.	INCID ENCE	% CONTRIB- UTION TO STATE LEVEL	POPULA- TION IN LAKHS	RATE OF CRIME	RANK *	RANK **
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Baddi	3	1.36	2.29	1.31	12	9
2.	Bilaspur	8	3.62	3.41	2.35	10	8
3.	Chamba	27	12.22	4.61	5.86	3	4
4.	Hamirpur	14	6.33	4.13	3.39	7	6
5.	Kangra	28	12.67	13.39	2.09	11	3
6.	Kinnaur	8	3.62	0.78	10.26	1	8
7.	Kullu	27	12.22	3.82	7.07	2	4
8.	L/Spiti	0	0.00	0.33	0.00	13	10
9.	Mandi	35	15.84	9.01	3.88	6	1
10.	Shimla	32	14.48	7.23	4.43	4	2
11.	Sirmaur	12	5.43	4.59	2.61	9	7
12.	Solan	12	5.43	2.72	4.41	5	7
13.	Una	15	6.79	4.48	3.35	8	5
	Total	221	100.00	60.78	3.64		

* RANK ON THE BASIS OF RATE OF INCIDENCE CRIMES (Col.No.6),

** RANK ON THE BASIS OF % SHARE (Col.No.4)

TABLE -5.2

**INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO
STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN
DURING 2009 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)**

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Murder		Rape		Kid & Abd		Foeticide	
		I	P	I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	Baddi	0	0	2	2.44	1	1.3	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0	6	7.32	1	1.3	0	0
3.	Chamba	1	11.1	9	10.98	13	16.9	0	0
4.	Hamirpur	2	22.2	4	4.88	7	9.1	0	0
5.	Kangra	0	0.0	6	7.32	11	14.3	1	10.0
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.0	5	6.10	2	2.6	0	0.0
7.	Kullu	0	0.0	11	13.41	7	9.1	3	30.0
8.	L/Spiti	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	0.0
9.	Mandi	2	22.2	10	12.20	9	11.7	0	0.0
10.	Shimla	1	11.1	17	20.73	12	15.6	0	0.0
11.	Sirmaur	1	11.1	1	1.22	7	9.1	1	10.0
12.	Solan	0	0.0	5	6.10	4	5.2	3	30.0
13.	Una	2	22.2	6	7.32	3	3.9	2	20.0
	TOTAL	9	100	82	100.0	77	100.0	10	100.0

TABLE -5.2 CONTD...

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2009 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Procuration of Minor Girls		Abetment to Suicide		Exposure and Abandonment	
		I	P	I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00
3.	Chamba	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
5.	Kangra	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
7.	Kullu	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
8.	L/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
10.	Shimla	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
12.	Solan	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
13.	Una	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00

TABLE -5.2 CONTD..

INCIDENCE (I) AND PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO STATE (P) OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST CHILDREN DURING 2009 (HEAD-WISE/DISTRICT-WISE)

Sr. No.	Name of Distt.	Child Marriage Restraint		Other Crimes Committed Against Children.	
		I	P	I	P
(1)	(2)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
1.	PD Baddi	0	0.00	0	0
2.	Bilaspur	0	0.00	0	0
3.	Chamba	0	0.00	4	9.52
4.	Hamirpur	0	0.00	1	2.38
5.	Kangra	0	0.00	10	23.81
6.	Kinnaur	0	0.00	1	2.38
7.	Kullu	0	0.00	6	14.29
8.	Lahaul/Spiti	0	0.00	0	0.00
9.	Mandi	0	0.00	14	33.33
10.	Shimla	0	0.00	2	4.76
11.	Sirmaur	0	0.00	2	4.76
12.	Solan	0	0.00	0	0.00
13.	Una	0	0.00	2	4.76
	TOTAL	0	0.00	42	100.00

CHAPTER-6

ARRESTS

6.1 ARRESTS:

Total 24377 persons (18999 under IPC & 5378 under Local & Special Laws) were arrested during the year 2009 in 17418 cases (13315 IPC + 4103 Local & Special Laws) which is a decrease of 1.94 % when compared with the arrests of 24860 persons (19747 under IPC and 5113 under Local & Special Laws) in 2008.

(i) PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CASES:

During the year 2009 as many as 18999 persons were arrested under 13315 IPC cases as against 19747 persons in 2008. Chart 6.1 depicts persons arrested under IPC crimes during 2007-2009.

CHART-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC DURING 2007-2009

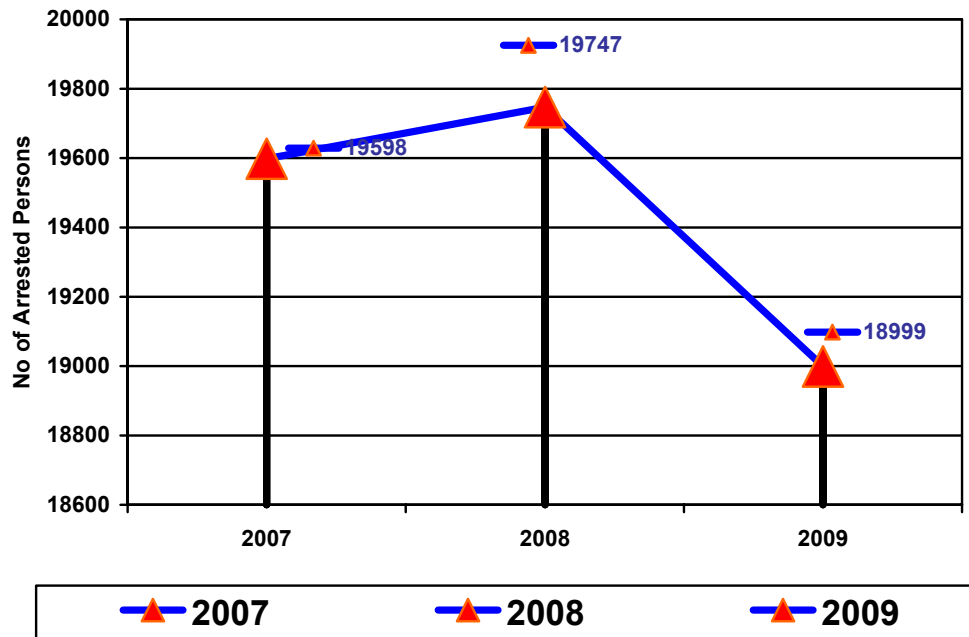


Table 6.1 gives details of arrests made under IPC crime during the last 3 years 2007-2009.

Table 6.2 gives Age-group wise and gender wise break up of persons arrested in districts.

Kangra district tops in arresting 3264 persons in 2486 cases during 2009 followed by Mandi by arresting 3137 persons in 1937 cases and district Shimla by arresting 2336 persons in 1763 cases.

In Kullu district 961 cases were registered and arrested 1532 persons. Una district has registered 944 cases and arrested 1370 persons. Similarly in Bilaspur district, 1321 persons were registered against the registration of 1063 cases during the year 2009. The details of persons arrested under IPC crime head wise & gender wise are presented in Table 6.3.

Chart 6.2 depicts age group wise persons arrested under IPC crime during the years 2009 and Chart 6.3 depicts district wise persons arrested under IPC Crime cases during the year 2009 in descending order.

Persons arrested crime head wise /gender wise in districts are presented in Table 6.4. Table 6.5 shows the district wise persons arrested during the year 2007-2009 percentage variation thereon.

CHART- 6.2

AGE-GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC
CRIMES DURING 2009.

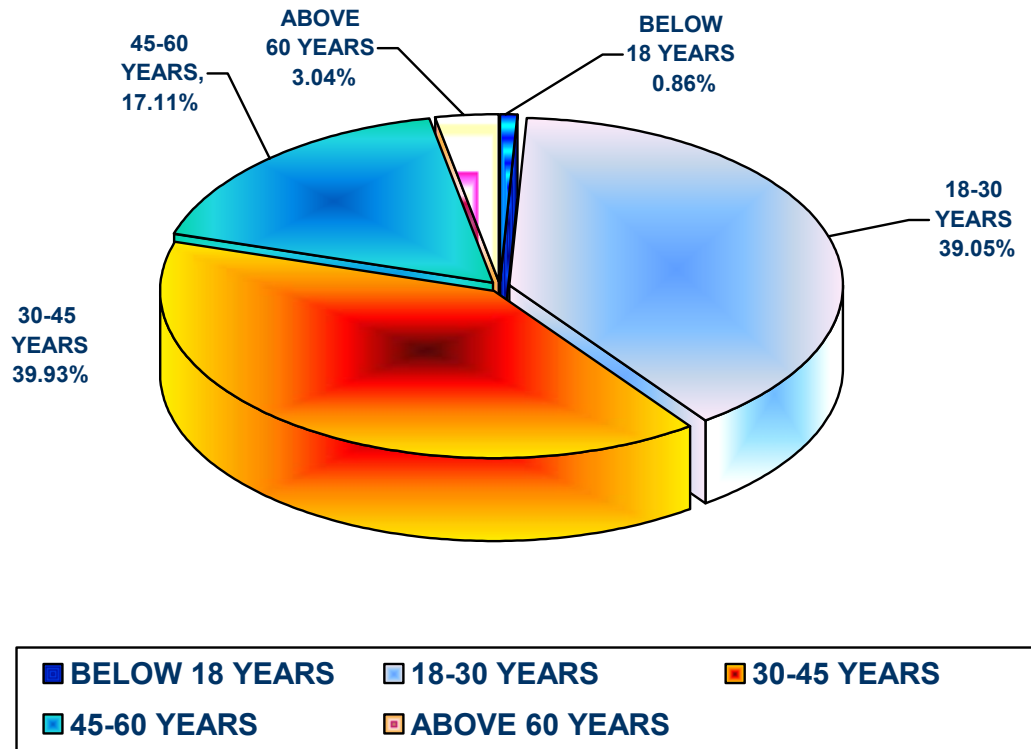
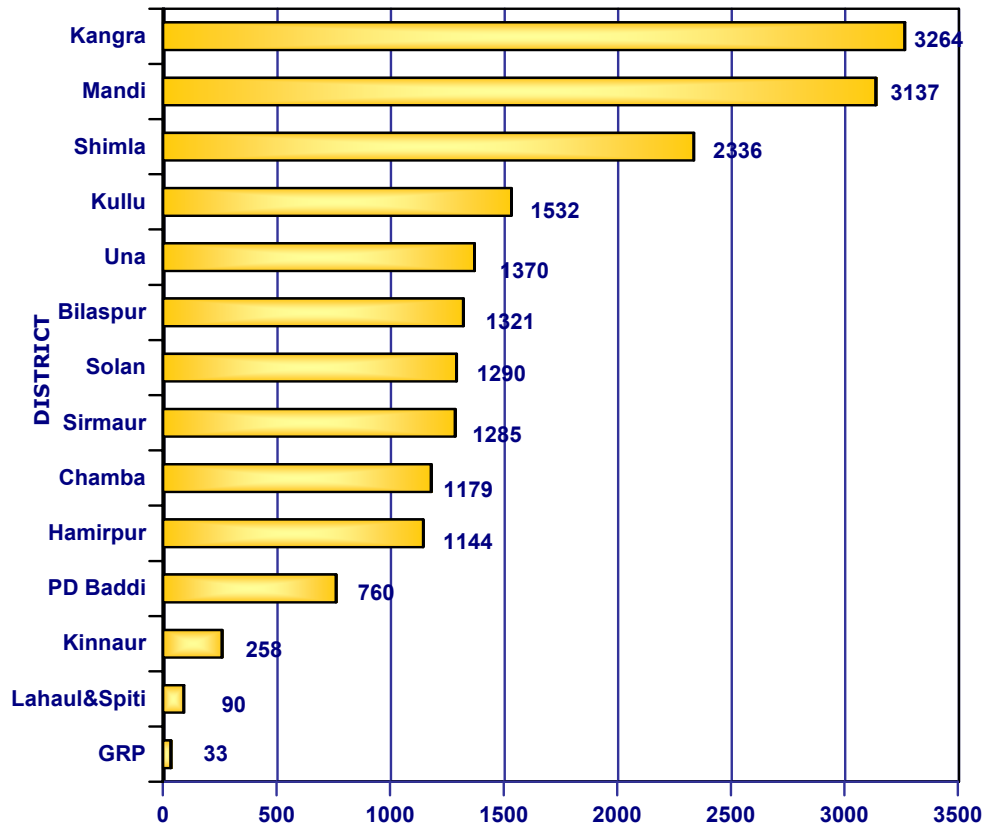


CHART- 6.3

DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING 2009.



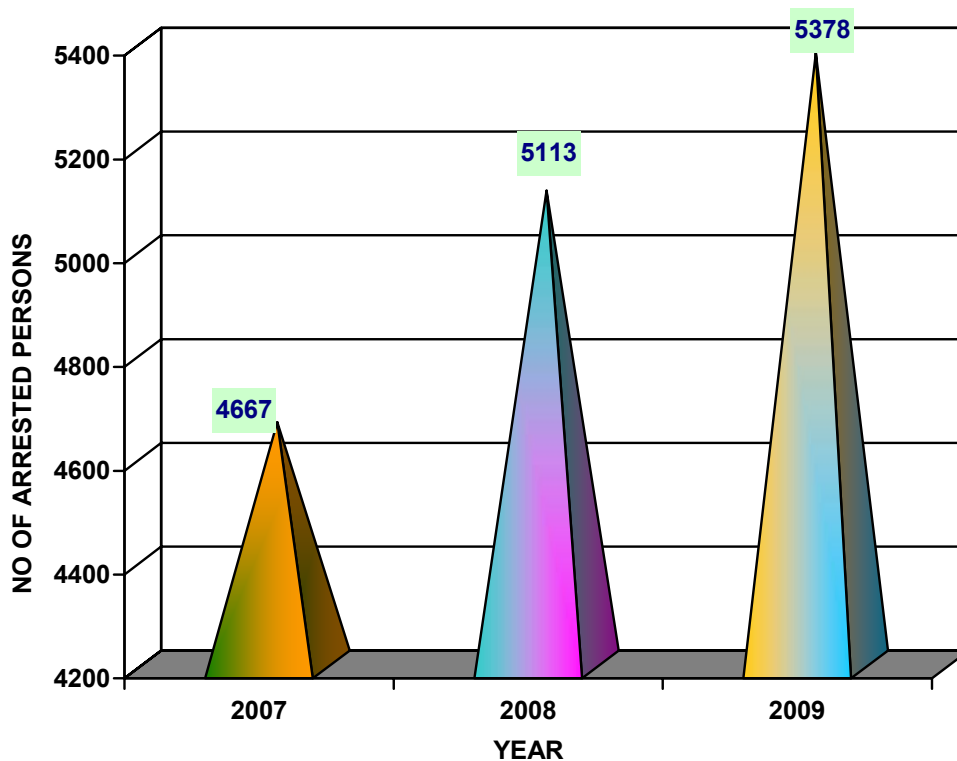
TOTAL NO. OF PERSONS ARRESTED: 19747

(ii) Persons Attested Under SLL Cases:

5378 persons were arrested against 4103 SLL Crimes during 2009 as compared to 5113 persons during 2008 with an increase of 5.18%. Persons arrested during 2007-2009 crime head wise and percentage variations (SLL) during 2009 over 2008 are available in Table 6.6

Chart 6.4 depicts persons arrested under SLL Crime during 2007-2009.

CHART 6.4
PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES
DURING 2007-2009

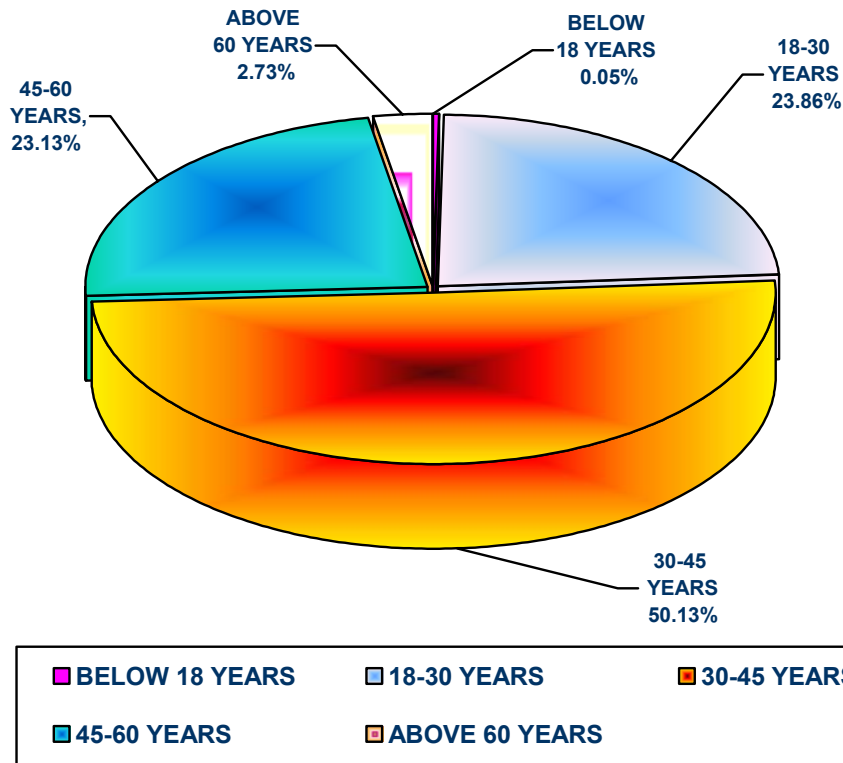


Age group wise / gender wise break up of persons arrested in various districts in HP during 2009 are available in Table 6.7. Crime head wise and gender wise breakup of persons arrested under SLL are presented in Table 6.8 and district wise / Act wise is in Table 6.9

Chart 6.5 depicts Age group wise persons arrested under SLL Crimes during 2009

CHART 6.5

AGE GROUP WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL CRIMES DURING 2009



The Kangra district has arrested the highest number (954) persons with 795 cases registered during the year 2009 followed by Kullu district by arresting (782) persons in (543) cases, Shimla district (622) persons with (469) cases and Mandi (551) with (573) cases registered.

Una District has registered (330) cases with (387) persons arrested. Chamba has registered 288 cases with (367) persons arrested. Bilaspur district has registered (219) cases with 249 persons arrested. Sirmaur district has registered (193) cases with 247 persons arrested.

Chart 6.6 depicts district wise persons arrested under SLL during 2009.

CHART 6.6

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER SLL
CRIMES DURING 2009**

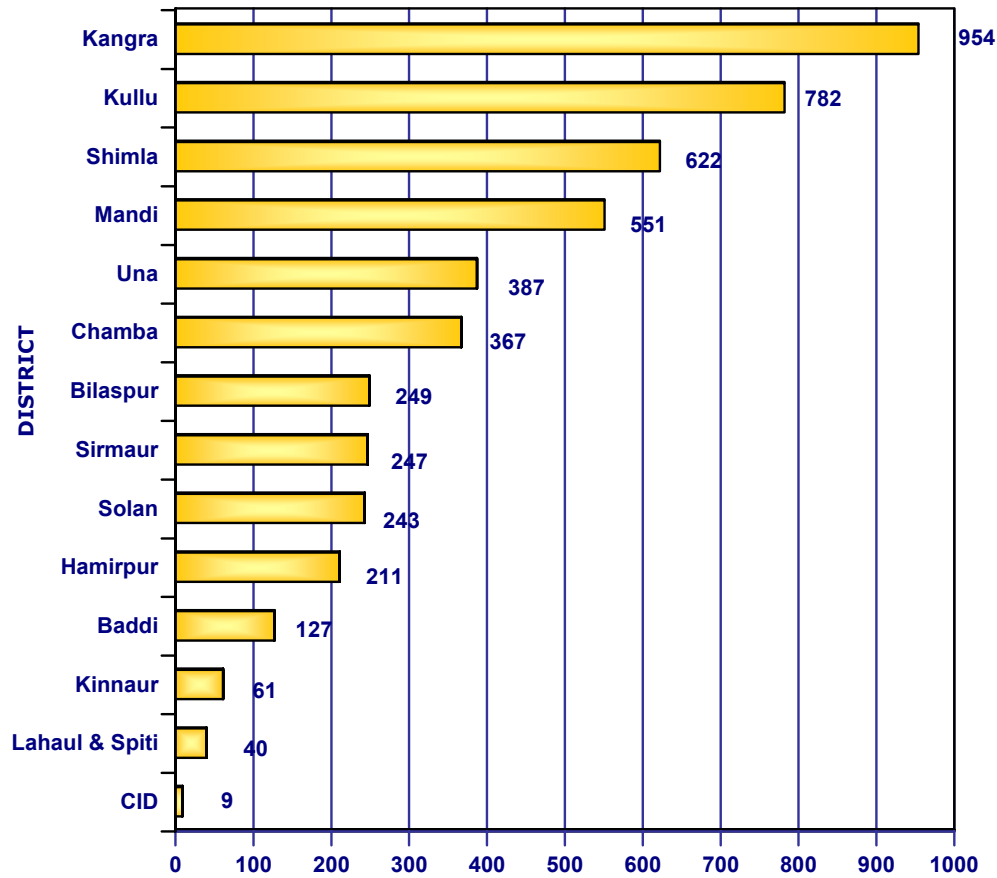


TABLE-6.1

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES FROM 2007
TO 2009 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008
(HEAD WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2007	2008	2009	% VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	MURDER	181	219	191	-12.79
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	146	99	146	47.47
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	16	16	26	62.50
4.	DACOITY	47	34	28	-17.65
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0	0.00
6.	ROBBERY	33	44	39	-11.36
7.	BURGLARY	554	669	513	-23.32
8.	THEFT	748	1002	605	-39.62
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1957	1893	1919	1.37
10.	RIOTS	3113	3070	3002	-2.21
11.	RAPE	197	182	250	37.36
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	31	8	3	-62.50
13.	MOLESTATION	404	358	345	-3.63
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	12	55	40	-27.27
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	718	731	648	-11.35
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	124	161	148	-8.07
17.	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	106	144	102	-29.17
18.	(B) OF OTHERS	18	17	46	170.59
19.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	144	146	108	-26.03
20.	CHEATING	140	204	214	4.90
21.	COUNTERFEITING	10	14	4	-71.43
22.	ARSON	102	116	84	-27.59
23.	OTHER IPC	10921	10726	10686	-0.37
	TOTAL	19598	19747	18999	-12.79

MAP-6.1

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (IPC) CRIMES – 2009



TABLE-6.2

**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
IN DIFFERENT DISTRICTS UNDER IPC DURING-2009**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	2	0	408	26	227	43	44	10	0	0	681	79	760
2.	BILASPUR	13	0	424	19	385	47	387	25	21	0	1230	91	1321
3.	CHAMBA	3	1	407	27	399	65	195	54	21	7	1025	154	1179
4.	HAMIRPUR	6	0	0	0	490	50	420	92	68	18	984	160	1144
5.	KANGRA	13	2	1078	124	1187	173	535	91	45	16	2858	406	3264
6.	KINNAUR	1	0	138	6	79	9	18	6	1	0	237	21	258
7.	KULLU	6	3	629	131	477	66	137	34	40	9	1289	243	1532
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	32	2	34	10	6	3	2	1	74	16	90
9.	MANDI	26	0	1083	104	1168	195	321	108	105	27	2703	434	3137
10.	SHIMLA	40	1	1118	64	856	37	169	21	25	5	2208	128	2336
11.	SIRMAUR	13	1	624	41	357	54	134	30	26	5	1154	131	1285
12.	SOLAN	12	4	498	39	415	72	135	26	67	22	1127	163	1290
13.	UNA	16	0	361	27	586	84	221	29	37	9	1221	149	1370
14.	GRP	1	0	7	3	22	0	0	0	0	0	30	3	33
	TOTAL	152	12	6807	613	6682	905	2722	529	458	119	16821	2178	18999

TABLE-6.3

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING-2009
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	MURDER	167	24	191
2.	ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER	137	9	146
3.	C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER	25	1	26
4.	DACOITY	28	0	28
5.	PREP. & ASSB. FOR DACOITY	0	0	0
6.	ROBBERY	39	0	39
7.	BURGLARY	463	50	513
8.	THEFT	599	6	605
9.	HURT/GRIEVOUS HURT	1708	211	1919
10.	RIOTS	2459	543	3002
11.	RAPE	236	14	250
12.	DOWRY DEATHS	1	2	3
13.	MOLESTATION	333	12	345
14.	SEXUAL HARASSMENT	38	2	40
15.	CRUELTY BY HUSBAND & RELATIVES	463	185	648
16.	KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION (A+B)	00	00	00
	(A) OF WOMEN AND GIRLS	92	10	102
	(B) OF OTHERS	44	2	46
17.	CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	104	4	108
18.	CHEATING	200	14	214
19.	COUNTERFEITING	3	1	4
20.	ARSON	76	8	84
21.	OTHER IPC	9606	1080	10686
	TOTAL	16821	2178	18999

TABLE-6.4

**DISTRICT WISE PERSONS ARRESTED (IPC)
(CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)
DURING-2009**

SR. NO	DISTRICT	MURDER		ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER		C.H. NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER		RAPE	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1.	PD BADDI	25	3	6	0	0	0	2	0
2.	BILASPUR	7	2	14	0	2	1	13	1
3.	CHAMBA	9	1	5	1	7	0	23	1
4.	HAMIRPUR	4	0	5	2	5	0	10	4
5.	KANGRA	41	10	28	0	3	0	44	0
6.	KINNAUR	2	0	1	0	0	0	8	0
7.	KULLU	19	0	16	0	4	0	35	5
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
9.	MANDI	7	1	11	0	0	0	28	0
10.	SHIMLA	15	3	17	1	3	0	33	3
11.	SIRMAUR	11	0	18	0	0	0	18	0
12.	SOLAN	12	1	7	3	0	0	9	0
13.	UNA	13	3	9	2	1	0	12	0
14.	GRP	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	167	24	137	9	25	1	236	14

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION		DACOITY		PREPARATION OF ASSEMBLY FOR DACOITY		ROBBERY	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1.	BADDI	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
2.	BILASPUR	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	15	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	15	5	6	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	20	2	6	0	0	0	14	0
10.	SHIMLA	37	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	9	0	6	0	0	0	4	0
12.	SOLAN	8	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
13.	UNA	10	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	136	12	28	0	0	0	39	0

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	BURGLARY		THEFT		RIOTS		CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1.	BADDI	37	1	40	0	125	29	4	0
2.	BILASPUR	8	0	15	0	183	22	2	0
3.	CHAMBA	164	42	38	0	128	39	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	12	1	24	0	73	32	2	0
5.	KANGRA	48	0	74	1	288	78	4	0
6.	KINNAUR	18	4	6	0	52	0	5	0
7.	KULLU	19	1	49	2	107	60	1	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
9.	MANDI	56	0	47	0	268	90	12	1
10.	SHIMLA	24	0	130	1	542	48	23	0
11.	SIRMAUR	35	0	44	0	286	54	20	0
12.	SOLAN	21	0	64	2	252	73	14	1
13.	UNA	21	1	68	0	130	15	14	2
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	25	3	0	0
	TOTAL	463	50	599	6	2459	543	104	4

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	CHEATING		COUNTER FEITING		ARSON		HURT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
1.	BADDI	4	0	0	0	0	0	164	8
2.	BILASPUR	11	0	0	0	1	0	121	5
3.	CHAMBA	1	0	0	1	8	3	60	6
4.	HAMIRPUR	5	1	0	0	9	3	224	21
5.	KANGRA	38	5	0	0	15	1	382	66
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	1	0	16	1
7.	KULLU	27	4	0	0	2	0	51	9
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
9.	MANDI	38	0	0	0	12	1	209	45
10.	SHIMLA	40	3	0	0	8	0	87	4
11.	SIRMAUR	5	0	0	0	2	0	74	15
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	8	0	186	9
13.	UNA	29	1	3	0	9	0	133	22
14.	GRP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	200	14	3	1	76	8	1708	211

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	DOWRY DEATH		MOLEST- ATION		SEXUAL HARASSMENT		CRUELTY BY HUSBAND AND RELATIVES	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)
1.	BADDI	0	0	5	0	0	0	16	9
2.	BILASPUR	1	2	29	0	3	0	25	7
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	42	3	0	0	20	8
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	24	3	4	0	46	19
5.	KANGRA	0	0	27	0	3	0	114	42
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	1
7.	KULLU	0	0	30	3	4	0	18	3
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	2
9.	MANDI	0	0	70	1	3	0	41	17
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	32	0	7	0	52	6
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	36	0	4	0	41	27
12.	SOLAN	0	0	16	0	3	0	26	14
13.	UNA	0	0	19	2	4	2	58	30
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	2	333	12	38	2	463	185

TABLE-6.4 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	IMPORTA TION OF GIRLS		304-A (IPC)		OTHER IPC CRIMES		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER IPC		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
1.	BADDI	0	0	30	0	215	29	681	79	760
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	27	0	762	51	1230	91	1321
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	25	0	480	46	1025	154	1179
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	22	0	503	74	984	160	1144
5.	KANGRA	0	0	9	0	1719	198	2858	406	3264
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	28	0	94	15	237	21	258
7.	KULLU	0	0	34	0	863	190	1289	243	1532
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	1	0	59	14	74	16	90
9.	MANDI	0	0	41	0	1828	239	2703	434	3137
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	80	0	1078	69	2208	128	2336
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	36	0	470	31	1154	131	1285
12.	SOLAN	0	0	21	0	495	55	1127	163	1290
13.	UNA	0	0	29	0	656	69	1221	149	1370
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	2	0	30	3	33
15.	CID	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	383	0	9224	1080	16821	2178	18999

TABLE-6.5

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER IPC CRIMES DURING
2007-2009 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008
(DISTRICT WISE)**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	2007	2008	2009	% VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008	% CONTRIBUTION TO STATE LEVEL DURING 2009
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	BADDI	-	00	760	00	
2.	BILASPUR	1413	1418	1321	-6.84	6.95
3.	CHAMBA	994	1362	1179	-13.44	6.21
4.	HAMIRPUR	1430	1251	1144	-8.55	6.02
5.	KANGRA	2922	2448	3264	33.37	17.19
6.	KINNAUR	304	300	258	-14.00	1.36
7.	KULLU	1525	1665	1532	-10.27	7.86
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	70	67	90	34.33	0.47
9.	MANDI	3623	3578	3137	-11.51	16.66
10.	SHIMLA	2257	2314	2336	0.43	12.23
11.	SIRMAUR	1247	1331	1285	-0.53	6.97
12.	SOLAN	2347	2313	1290	-45.01	6.70
13.	UNA	1447	1694	1370	-19.13	7.21
14.	GRP	19	6	33	450.00	0.17
15.	TOTAL	19598	19747	18999	-3.79	100.00

TABLE-6.6

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER DIFFERENT (SLL) CRIMES DURING 2007-2009 AND % OF VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008 (HEAD WISE)

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	2007	2008	2009	% VARIATION IN 2009 OVER 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	ARMS ACT	11	26	39	50.00
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	327	440	567	28.86
3.	GAMBLING ACT	675	897	1001	11.59
4.	EXCISE ACT	2626	2666	2806	5.25
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0	0.00
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	03	1	8	700.00
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	0	12	26	116.67
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	0	0	2	0.00
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	04	1	2	100.00
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	17	5	0	-100.00
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0	0.00
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	48	101	49	-51.49
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0	0.00
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	0	0	1	0.00
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	8	4	14	250.00
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	6	2	0	-100.00
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0	0.00
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	55	46	54	17.39
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0	0.00
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	86	43	121	181.40
21.	FOREST ACT	332	406	380	-6.40
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	469	463	308	-33.48
	TOTAL	4667	5113	5378	5.18

TABLE-6.7

**AGE GROUP WISE/GENDER WISE PERSONS ARRESTED
UNDER SLL DURING-2009**

SR NO	DISTRICT	BELOW 18 YEARS		18-30 YEARS		30-45 YEARS		45-60 YEARS		ABOVE 60 YEARS		OVER ALL TOTAL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1.	BADDI	0	0	64	1	94	0	29	0	0	0	187	1	188
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	39	1	166	1	39	4	5	0	249	6	255
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	96	1	195	8	74	10	2	1	367	20	387
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	0	0	62	1	135	3	13	1	211	5	216
5.	KANGRA	0	0	45	11	468	45	406	24	35	0	954	80	1034
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	17	7	26	13	14	3	4	0	61	23	84
7.	KULLU	4	0	313	23	343	72	94	27	28	3	782	125	907
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	12	11	18	24	10	5	0	0	40	40	80
9.	MANDI	2	0	158	9	280	51	91	24	20	6	551	90	641
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	211	22	316	23	87	10	8	0	622	55	677
11.	SIRMAUR	1	0	88	3	124	7	28	3	6	0	247	13	260
12.	SOLAN	0	0	66	5	133	0	34	1	10	0	243	6	249
13.	UNA	0	0	73	0	224	2	85	2	5	0	387	4	391
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	9	0	9
	TOTAL	8	0	1189	94	2449	247	1128	116	136	11	4910	468	5378

TABLE-6.8

**PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL)
LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS CRIMES DURING-2009
(CRIME HEADWISE & GENDER WISE)**

SR. NO.	CRIME HEAD	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL (3+4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	ARMS ACT	38	1	39
2.	NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES ACT	547	20	567
3.	GAMBLING ACT	1001	0	1001
4.	EXCISE ACT	2396	410	2806
5.	PROHIBITION ACT	0	0	0
6.	EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT	8	0	8
7.	IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT	13	13	26
8.	INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	2	0	2
9.	FOREIGN REGD. ACT	1	1	2
10.	PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT	0	0	0
11.	INDIAN PASSPORT ACT	0	0	0
12.	ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	49	0	49
13.	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT	0	0	0
14.	ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT	1	0	1
15.	DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT	7	7	14
16.	CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	0	0	0
17.	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT	0	0	0
18.	COPY RIGHT ACT	53	1	54
19.	SATI PREVENTION ACT	0	0	0
20.	SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	114	7	121
21.	FOREST ACT	378	2	380
22.	OTHER (SLL) CRIME	302	6	308
23.	TOTAL	4910	468	5378

TABLE-6.9
PERSONS ARRESTED (SLL) LOCAL & SPECIAL LAWS
DURING-2009 (CRIME HEAD WISE & GENDER WISE)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	ARMS ACT		NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTR OPIC SUBSTANC ES ACT		GAMBLING ACT		EXCISE ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	BADDI	12	1	11	0	88	0	60	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	30	0	11	0	128	0
3.	CHAMBA	1	0	51	0	71	0	199	20
4.	HAMIRPUR	1	0	37	1	15	0	106	1
5.	KANGRA	1	0	39	1	149	0	692	75
6.	KINNAUR	1	0	2	1	0	0	42	22
7.	KULLU	8	0	161	8	213	0	215	109
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	2	0	25	40
9.	MANDI	5	0	124	4	25	0	299	86
10.	SHIMLA	3	0	41	2	182	0	244	48
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	12	2	35	0	124	8
12.	SOLAN	2	0	23	1	84	0	102	0
13.	UNA	4	0	7	0	126	0	160	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.	CID	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	38	1	547	20	1001	0	2396	410

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	PROHIBITI ON ACT		EXPLOSIVE ACT/E.S. ACT		IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT		INDIAN RAILWAY ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	7	5	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
	TOTAL	0	0	8	0	13	13	2	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREIGN REGD. ACT		PROT. OF CIVIL RIGHT AGAINST S/C & ST ACT		INDIAN PASSPORT ACT		ESSENTIAL COMMODITY ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
3.	CHAMBA	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
5.	KANGRA	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	1	1	0	0	0	0	49	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	TERR. & DIS. ACTIVITY ACT		ANTIQUITY AND ART TREAS. ACT		DOWRY PROHIBITION ACT		CHILD MARRIAGE RESTRAINT ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
1.	BADDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	1	0	7	7	0	0

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

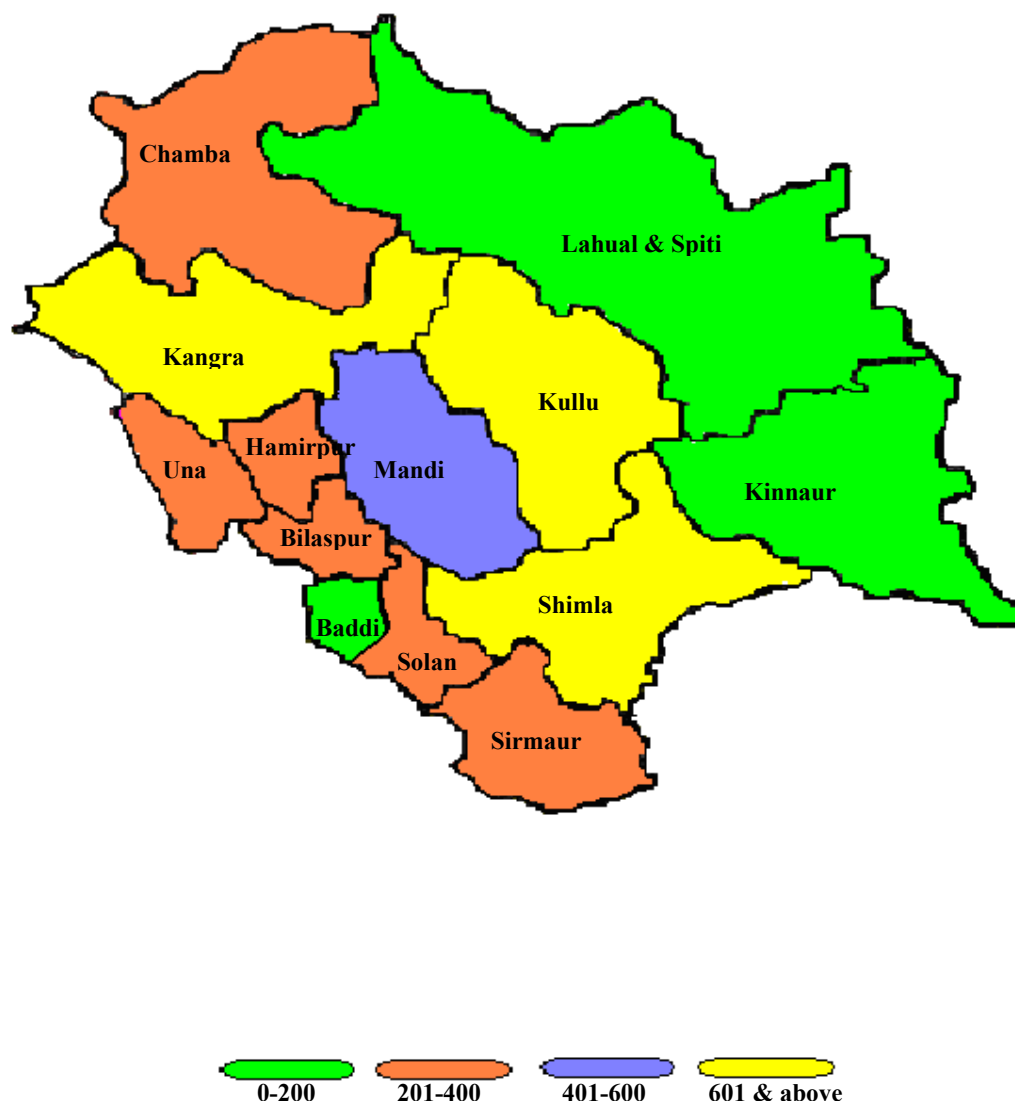
SR. NO.	DISTRICT	INDECENT PRESENTATION OF WOMEN (P) ACT		COPY RIGHT ACT		SATI PREVENTION ACT		SC/ST (PREVENTION OF ATROCITIES) ACT	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
1.	BADDI	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
2.	BILASPUR	0	0	3	0	0	0	11	1
3.	CHAMBA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	HAMIRPUR	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0
5.	KANGRA	0	0	10	0	0	0	5	0
6.	KINNAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	KULLU	0	0	7	0	0	0	52	4
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9.	MANDI	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	0
10.	SHIMLA	0	0	11	1	0	0	19	1
11.	SIRMAUR	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
12.	SOLAN	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
13.	UNA	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	1
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	0	0	53	1	0	0	114	7

TABLE-6.9 (CONTD..)

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	FOREST ACT		OTHER (SLL) CRIME		TOTAL ARRESTED PERSON UNDER SLL		TOTAL
		M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)
1.	BADDI	4	0	5	0	187	1	188
2.	BILASPUR	8	0	54	1	249	6	255
3.	CHAMBA	32	0	8	0	367	20	387
4.	HAMIRPUR	5	0	31	3	211	5	216
5.	KANGRA	27	0	20	1	954	80	1034
6.	KINNAUR	5	0	10	0	61	23	84
7.	KULLU	75	0	38	0	778	125	903
8.	LAUHAL & SPITI	3	0	10	0	40	40	80
9.	MANDI	35	0	45	0	551	90	641
10.	SHIMLA	64	2	49	1	622	55	677
11.	SIRMAUR	43	0	10	0	247	13	260
12.	SOLAN	9	0	11	0	243	6	249
13.	UNA	68	0	9	0	387	4	391
14.	GRP	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
15.	CID	0	0	2	0	11	0	11
	TOTAL	378	2	302	6	4910	468	5378

MAP-6.2

PERSONS ARRESTED UNDER (SLL) CRIMES -2009



CHAPTER-7

CRIME AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS OF SOCIETY (SC/ST)

7.1 General:

A complete harmony among different sections of society is prevailing in the State. No particular area of the State is notorious for the commission of offences against the SCs/STs. However sporadic incidents of violence against the members of these communities do take place of and on.

India is a welfare State. It is committed to the welfare and development of its people in general and of vulnerable sections in particular. Equality of status and opportunity to all citizens of the country are guaranteed by the constitution of India which also provides that no individual shall be discriminated against on grounds of religion, caste or sex. Fundamental rights and specific provisions, namely, Articles 38, 39 and 46 in the constitution of India stand testimony to the commitment of the State towards its people. The strategy of the State is to secure distributive justice and allocation of resources to support programmes for social, economic and educational to advancement of the weaker section in general and those of Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes.

7.2 Constitutional Rights:

The Indian Constitution vide Article 15 lays down that no citizen shall on grounds of religion race , sex or place of birth be subjected to any disability or restriction. It also guarantees that every citizen shall have equality of status and opportunity.

7.3. Legal Rights:

To Uphold the constitutional mandate and to safeguard the interests of this section of the society, Special social enactments

have come into force from time to time including privileges by way of reservations for them

The major legal enactment sponsored by Centre is:

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955; and
- (ii) SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989

The Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 was enacted in furtherance of Article 17 of the Constitution by which untouchability was abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. Further, in order to check and deter crimes against SC/STs by persons belonging to other communities, the Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 was brought into force from 30th January, 1990. These enactments have extended the positive discrimination in favour of SCs and STs to the field of criminal law in as much as they prescribe penalties that are more stringent than for corresponding offences under Indian Penal Code (IPC) and other laws.

In addition, in pursuance of the constitution 65th amendment Act, 1990, National Commission for SCs and STs was constituted w.e.f. 12th March, 1992 with wide functions and powers of Civil Courts to take up matters which are of vital importance for socio-economic development of SCs and STs.

7.4 The Crimes Identified under the Indian Penal Code (IPC) and Local & Special Laws):

- (i) Murder
- (ii) Hurt
- (iii) Rape
- (iv) Kidnapping & Abduction
- (v) Dacoity
- (vi) Robbery
- (vii) Arson
- (viii) Others (Other classified IPC crimes)

7.4.1 Under Special & Local Laws (SLL):

- (i) Protection of Civil Rights Act:1955
- (ii) The SC/STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act,1989.

The crime under IPC such as 'Murder', 'Hurt', 'Rape etc. or under Special Acts such as PCR Act & SC/ST (P) Act are already included in overall crimes reported under IPC and SLL respectively and have been discussed in details in the preceding chapters. The data specific to crimes against SC/ST discussed in the following paragraphs is a part and parcel of total crimes but analyzed separately for better comprehension.

Population:

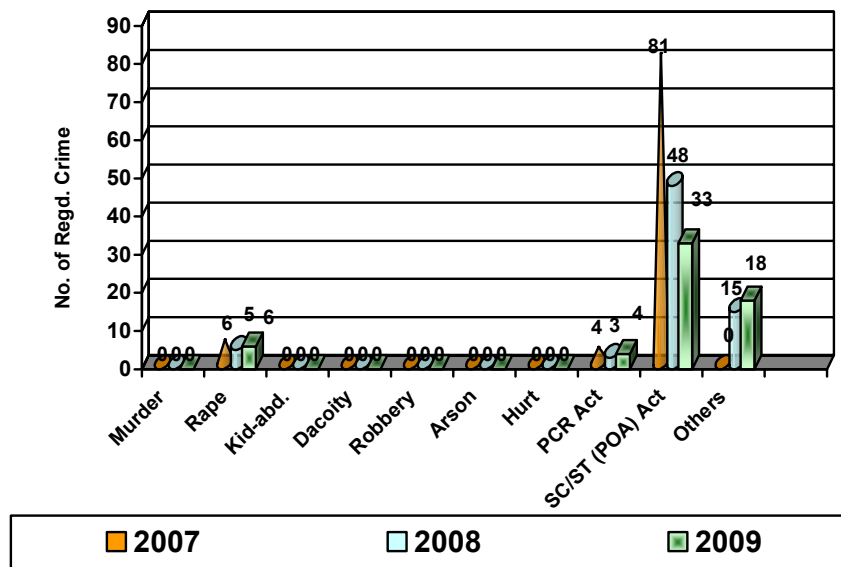
As per 2001 census of Himachal Pradesh the Scheduled Castes constituted 24.71 % of total population in the State whiles Scheduled Tribes constituted only 4.02 %. Kangra district with the highest population share (22.03%) also represented the highest share of Scheduled Caste (18.60%) followed by Mandi (17.39%) and Shimla with (12.50%) while the Chamba district represented significantly high share of Scheduled Tribes (72.59%) followed by Kinnaur (23%) and Lahaul & Spiti (9.90%).

7.5 Incidence of Crimes against Weaker Section (SC/ST):

The incidence of these crimes (IPC+SLL) was reported to be 61 in the State during 2009. These crimes have shown continuous declining trend during last three years. The Head wise details of crime against weaker section for the last 3 years including % change over the previous years is presented in Table 7.1. The Chart 7.1 depicts the head wise pictorial position of the crime incidence. The district wise and head wise incidence including the rate of crime has been calculated and presented in Table 7.2.

CHART 7.1

**INCIDENCE OF CRIMES COMMITTED AGAINST WEAKER SECTIONS
(SC/ST) DURING 2007-2009**



The above data reflects that the incidence of most of the crime cases showed declining trend. The Incidence of only Rape, PCR Act, SC/ST (POA)Act and other crimes are registering in the State. No registration under the other heads i.e. Murder Kidnapping & Abduction, Dacoity, Robbery and Hurt has been recorded during the last 3 years.

7.6 Head-wise Crime:

Under most of the heads of IPC no incidence has been found registered during the year 2009. The head wise detailed analysis of all crime heads under which the cases have been found registered during the years are given below:

(i) Rape:

During the years 2009, 6 incidence of rape was reported under crime against weaker sections showed an increase of 1 case over the previous year 2008. In Shimla district 2 cases were found

registered with the highest followed by Bilaspur, Hamirpur, Mandi and Sirmaur district with 1 case each.

(ii) SC/ST Protection of Civil Rights Act:

Only 4 cases under this head were reported during the years 2009. In Mandi District 2 cases were registered followed by Shimla and Solan with 1 case each.

(iii) SC/ST(Prevention Of Atrocities) Act, 1989:

During the years 2009, 33 incidences were reported under this head showed a decrease of 15 cases over the previous year 2008. Of the total cases 37.93% cases were found registered under this head during the year 2009. Kangra district with the 9 cases remained on the top in registration under this head followed by Bilaspur (6 cases), Shimla and Sirmaur (5 cases each), Chamba, Mandi, Una 2 cases each, Hamirpur and Una (1 case each).

(iv) Others:

During the years 2009, 18 incidences were reported under other heads against the 15 registration for the previous year. In Sirmaur district 5 cases were found registered with the highest followed by Shimla (4 cases), Mandi, Kangra (3 cases each), Bilaspur, Hamirpur and Solan districts (one case each).

TABLE 7.1

**HEAD WISE INCIDENCE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
AND PERCENTAGE VARIATION.**

Sr.No.	CRIME HEADS	YEAR			PERCENTAGE VARIATION IN	
		2007	2008	2009	2008 over 2007	2009 over 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Murder	0	0	0	0	0
2	Rape	6	5	6	-16.67	20
3	Kidnapping & Abduction	0	0	0	0	0
4	Dacoity	0	0	0	0	0
5	Robbery	0	0	0	0	0
6	Arson	0	0	0	0	0
0	Hurt	0	0	0	0	0
0	PCR Act.	4	3	4	-25%	33.33
9	SC/ST (POA) Act	81	48	33	-40.74%	-31.25
10	Others	0	15	18	100%	20
	TOTAL	91	71	61	-21.97%	-14.08%

TABLE- 7.2

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	MURDER		RAPE		KID & ABD		DACOITY	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	BADDI	2.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.41	0	0	1	0.29	0	0	0	0
3	Chamba	4.61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Hamirpur	4.13	0	0	1	0.24	0	0	0	0
5	Kangra	13.39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Kinnaur	0.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Kullu	3.82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	L/Spiti	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Mandi	9.01	0	0	1	0.11	0	0	0	0
10	Shimla	7.23	0	0	2	0.28	0	0	0	0
11	Sirmaur	4.59	0	0	1	0.22	0	0	0	0
12	Solan	2.72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Una	4.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	GRP	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60.78	0	0	6	0.09	0	0	0	0

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	ROBBERY		ARSON		HURT		PCR ACT	
			I	R	I	R	I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
1	BADDI	2.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Chamba	4.61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Hamirpur	4.13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Kangra	13.39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Kinnaur	0.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Kullu	3.82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	L/Spiti	0.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Mandi	9.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.22
10	Shimla	7.23	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.14
11	Sirmaur	4.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Solan	2.72	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.37
13	Una	4.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	GRP	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	60.78	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0.07

TABLE- 7.2 (CONTD..)

**INCIDENCE AND RATE OF CRIME AGAINST SC/ST
(DISTRICT WISE & HEAD WISE) DURING 2009**

SR. NO	DISTRICT/ UNIT	POPULATION (IN LAKHS)	SC/ST (POA)ACT		OTHERS	
			I	R	I	R
(1)	(2)	(3)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
1	BADDI	2.29	0	0	0	0
2	Bilaspur	3.41	6	1.76	1	0.29
3	Chamba	4.61	2	0.43	0	0.00
4	Hamirpur	4.13	1	0.24	1	0.24
5	Kangra	13.39	9	0.67	3	0.22
6	Kinnaur	0.78	0	0.00	0	0.00
7	Kullu	3.82	1	0.26	0	0.00
8	L/Spiti	0.33	0	0.00	0	0.00
9	Mandi	9.01	2	0.22	3	0.33
10	Shimla	7.23	5	0.69	4	0.55
11	Sirmaur	4.59	5	1.09	5	1.09
12	Solan	2.72	0	0.00	1	0.37
13	Una	4.48	2	0.45	0	0.00
14	GRP	00	0	0.00	0	0.00
	TOTAL	60.78	33	0.54	18	0.29

CHAPTER-8

SUICIDAL DEATHS

8.1 General :

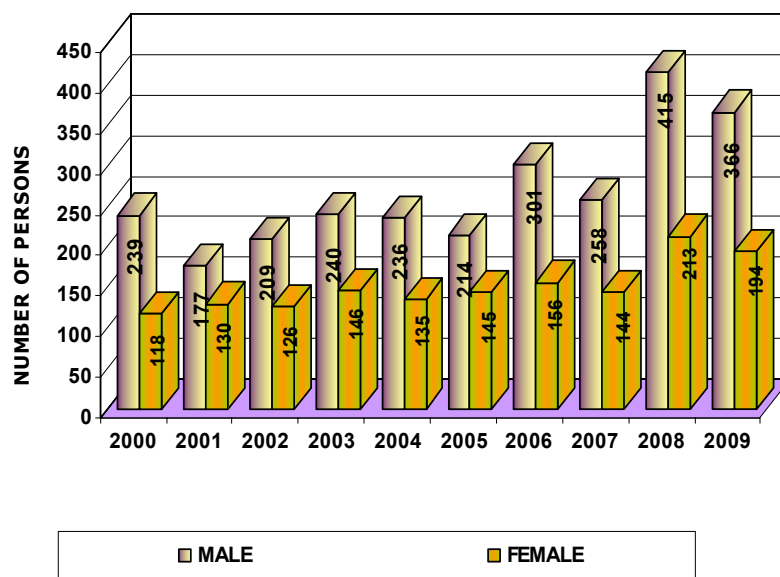
According to Oxford dictionary, 'suicide' means 'the act of killing oneself intentionally'. The 'suicide' word has its origin from Latin word 'sui' (of oneself) plus 'cardere' [kill]. It is a step which is taken by one normally in an emotionally or mentally weak moment when he or she feels coping with life is impossible

The number of Suicides reported in Himachal Pradesh during 2009 was 560 as against 628 in 2008 indicating decrease of 10.83%.

Mandi District recorded the highest number of suicides during 2009 (94) followed by Bilaspur, Hamirpur (91 each) and Kangra (90). Remaining districts reported below 60 cases of suicides. Suicides during 2000-2009 is presented in Chart 8.1

CHART 8.1

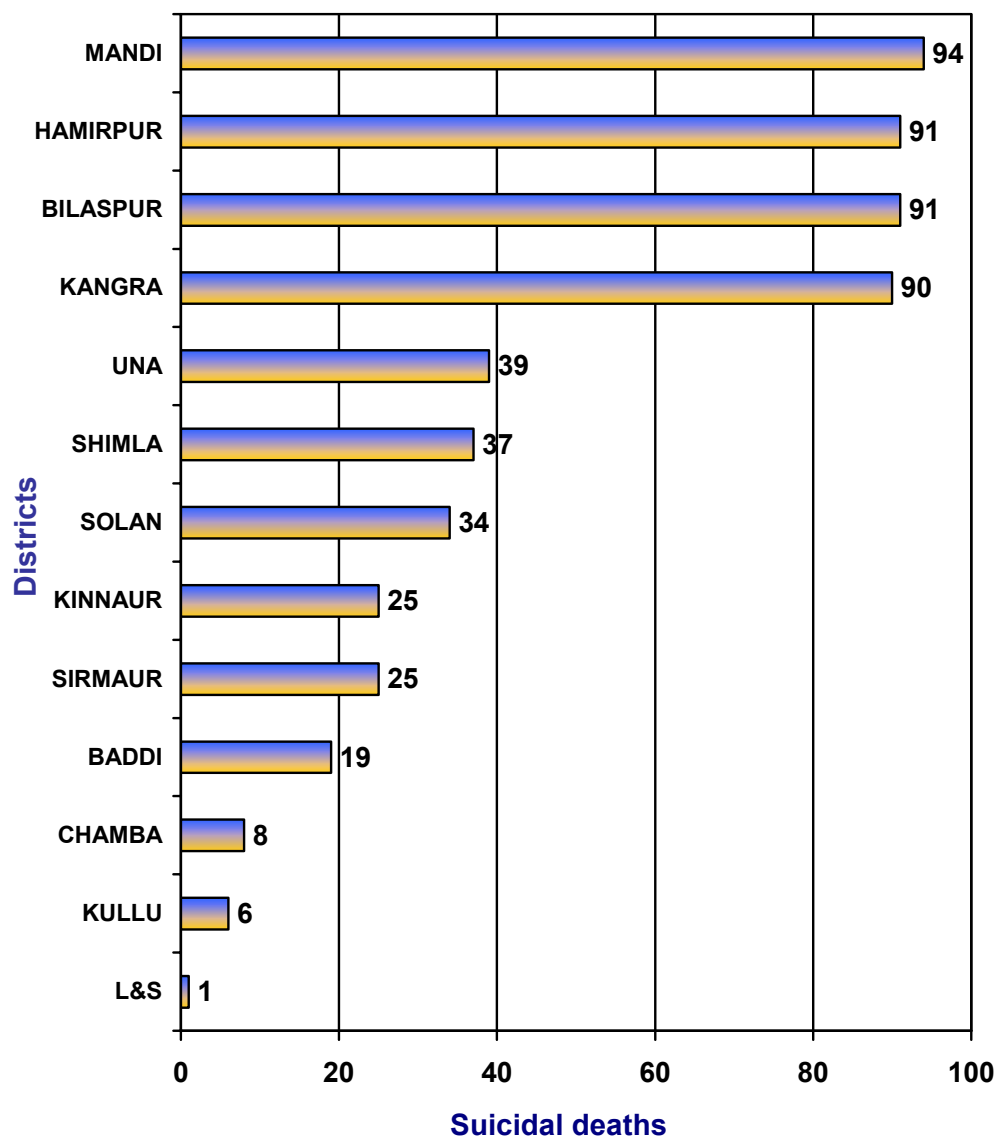
SUICIDE CASES (MALE AND FEMALE) DURING 2000-2009



District-wise break-up of suicides during 2009 is available in Table 8.1. Comparative Suicidal deaths for the last 10 years (2000-2009) including male and female is depicted in Table 8.1. Chart 8.2 depicts the district wise incidence of suicidal deaths during 2009.

CHART-8.2

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDE INCIDENCE DURING THE YEAR 2009



8.2. Suicide Rate per lac persons:

The following table shows district-wise suicide rate per lac population during 2008 & 2009:-

Year Distt	Population (2001)	Suicide Cases		Rate per Lac	
		2008	2009	2008	2009
PD BADDI	228804	0	19	0	8.30
Bilaspur	340855	69	91	20.25	26.70
Chamba	460887	9	8	1.95	1.74
Hamirpur	412700	91	91	22.08	22.05
Kangra	1339030	205	90	15.31	6.72
Kinnaur	78334	8	25	10.38	31.91
Kullu	381571	24	6	6.31	1.57
L/Spiti	33224	2	1	6.01	3.01
Mandi	901344	73	94	8.10	10.43
Shimla	722502	32	37	4.43	5.12
Sirmaur	458593	31	25	6.76	5.45
Solan	271753	53	34	10.61	12.51
Una	448227	31	39	6.92	8.70
Total	6077824	628	560	10.34	9.21

From the above table it is revealed that there has been decrease of over 10.83% (from 628 to 560) in suicide cases during the year 2009 over the year 2008. The major decrease has been witnessed in the districts of Kangra (from 205 to 90), Kullu (from 24 to 6),

Sirmaur (31 to 25). However, there has been major increase in Kinnaur (from 8 to 25), Bilaspur (from 69 to 91), Mandi (73 to 94) and minor increase in Shimla (from 32 to 37 and Una (31 to 39).

8.3 District-wise percentage of suicide cases:-

The following table shows the percentage of suicide cases as compared to the percentage of the population of the district:

Year District	Population Percentage	Percentage of Suicide Cases	
		2008	2009
PD BADDI	3.76	0	3.39
Bilaspur	5.61	10.99	16.25
Chamba	7.58	1.43	1.42
Hamirpur	6.79	14.50	16.25
Kangra	22.05	32.64	16.07
Kinnaur	1.27	1.27	4.46
Kullu	6.26	3.82	1.07
L/Spiti	0.55	0.31	0.17
Mandi	14.84	11.62	16.78
Shimla	11.89	5.09	6.61
Sirmaur	7.55	4.94	4.46
Solan	4.47	8.44	6.07
Una	7.38	4.94	6.96

The analysis of the above table reveals that percentage of suicide deaths in the districts of Kinnaur, Bilaspur, Hamirpur and Mandi has remained higher than the percentage of the population of the district concerned the years 2009. In other words, these 4 districts are more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to other 8 districts of Himachal Pradesh.

8.4 Suicide Cases:- (Males Versus Females):

The following table gives District-wise number of males and females committing suicide and their percentage to the total cases for 2008 and 2009:

Year Distt	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
BADDI	00	0	0	0	12	2.14	7	1.25
Bilaspur	49	7.80	20	3.18	67	11.96	24	4.28
Chamba	8	1.27	1	0.16	1	0.17	7	1.25
Hamirpur	64	10.19	27	4.29	60	10.71	31	5.53
Kangra	141	22.45	64	10.99	48	8.57	42	7.5
Kinnaur	6	0.96	2	0.32	18	3.21	7	1.25
Kullu	15	2.38	9	1.43	2	0.35	4	0.71
L/Spiti	2	0.32	-	-	0	0	1	0.17
Mandi	40	6.37	33	5.25	70	12.5	24	4.28
Shimla	24	3.82	8	1.27	23	4.10	14	2.5
Sirmaur	19	3.03	12	1.91	15	2.67	10	1.78
Solan	33	2.72	20	3.18	21	3.75	13	2.32
Una	14	2.23	17	2.71	29	5.17	10	1.78
Total	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.3	194	34.6

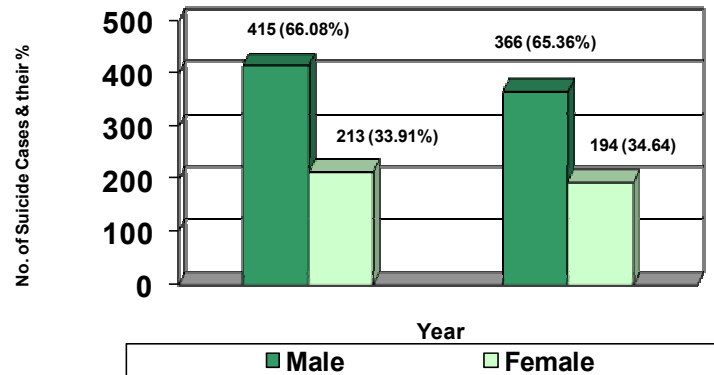
It is revealed from the above table that the number of males committing suicide outnumber the females (66.08% males as against 33.91% females in 2008 and 65.3 % males as against 34.6% females in 2009).

It is further revealed that there has been decrease of 11.81% in the male suicide cases (from 415 to 366) as against 8.92%

decrease in the number of female suicide cases (from 213 to 194) during the year 2009 as compared to the year 2008.

CHART-8.3

NO. OF MALE AND FEMALE SUICIDE VICTIMS AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2008&2009



8.5 Social Status of Suicide Victims:

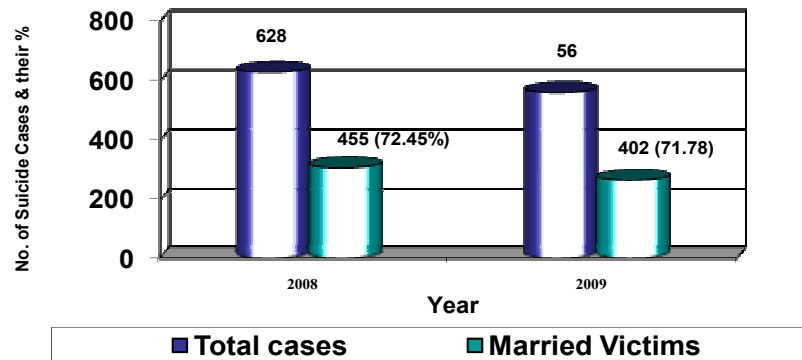
The following table shows the number and percentage of unmarried/married/separated/divorcee suicide victims for 2008 and 2009:

Year	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Female	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Female	%against Total
Never Married	85	13.53	48	7.64	79	14.10	44	7.85
Married	308	49.04	147	23.41	266	47.66	136	24.28
Widow /Widower	10	1.59	14	2.23	17	3.03	11	1.96
Separated	3	0.48	-	-	-	-	-	-
Divorcee	9	1.43	4	0.64	4	0.71	3	0.53
Total:	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.35	194	34.64

From the above table it is revealed that most of those who committed suicide whether males or females were **Married** (72.45% in 2008 and 71.78% in 2009).

CHART-8.4

NO. OF MARRIED SUICIDE VICTIMS IN HP AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2008& 2009



8.6 Educational Status of Suicide Victims:

The following table gives the educational status of the suicide victims for the years 2008 and 2009.

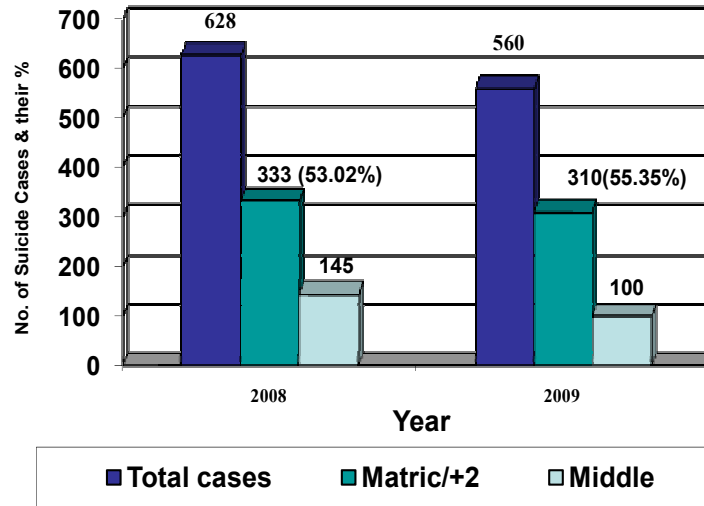
Year	2008				2009			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
Status								
No Education	29	4.62	12	1.91	28	5.0	22	3.92
Primary	59	9.39	32	5.10	34	6.07	29	5.17
Middle	96	15.87	49	7.80	71	12.67	29	5.17
Matric/+2	218	34.71	115	18.31	203	36.25	107	19.10
Diploma	1	0.16	-	-	7	1.25	1	0.17
Graduate	11	1.75	5	0.80	23	4.10	6	1.07
Post Graduate	1	0.16	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total:	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.35	194	34.64

Analysis of the above table reveals that the most of the suicide victims belong to the group who has studied upto the **Matric/+2 level**

(53.23% in 2008 & 55.35 % in 2009). These are followed by those who have studied upto the **Middle level**.

CHART-8.5

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH EDUCATIONAL STATUS AND THEIR % AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING 2008& 2009



8.7 Causes of Suicide:

The following table gives the details of various causes responsible for the suicides during 2008 and 2009:

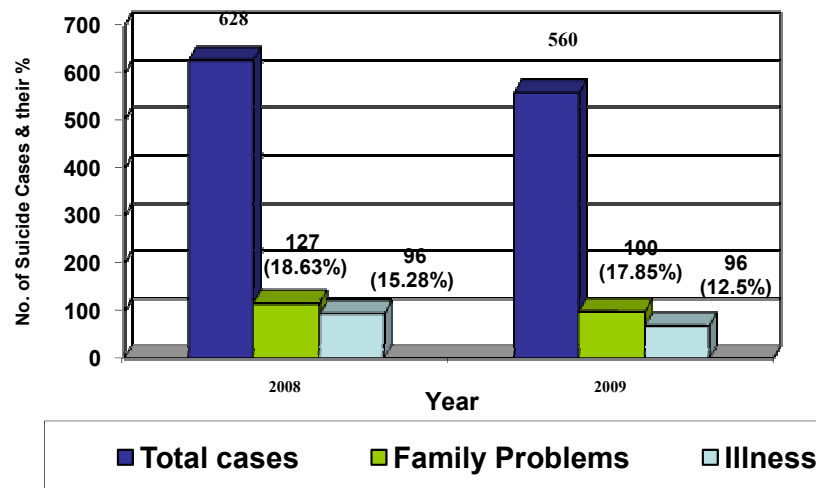
Year	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Status								
Illicit Relation	4	0.64	6	0.96	2	0.35	3	0.53
Cancellation of Marriage	2	0.32	1	0.16	3	0.53	5	0.89
Illness	67	10.67	29	1.82	51	9.10	19	3.39
Dowry dispute	-	-	2	0.32	-	-	-	-
Death of dear person	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.17
Failure in examination	6	0.96	6	0.96	3	0.53	3	0.53

Year	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe-male	%against Total
Status								
Drug abuse	9	1.43	-	-	1	0.17	-	-
Family Problems	67	10.67	50	7.96	51	9.10	49	8.75
Love Affairs	8	1.27	7	1.11	15	2.67	12	2.14
Physical abuse	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	0.17
Un-employment	2	0.32	1	0.16	2	0.35	-	-
Causes not Known	85	13.53	34	5.41	50	8.92	22	3.92
Property dispute	-	-	-	-	6	1.07	4	0.71
Misc.	165	26.27	77	12.26	182	32.5	75	13.39
Total:	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.35	194	34.64

The causes that top the list which led to suicides are Family problems (18.63% in 2008 and 17.85% in 2009), followed by illness (15.28% in 2008 and 12.5% in 2009).

CHART-8.6

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'FAMILY PROBLEMS' & 'ILLNESS' AS CAUSES AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING -2008 & 2009



8.8 Age Profile of Suicide Victims:

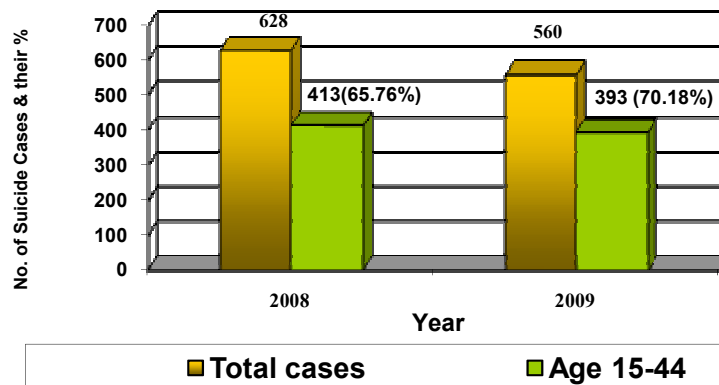
The following table gives the details of age groups of the suicide victims for the year 2008 and 2009:

Age Group	2008				2009			
	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total	Male	% against Total	Fe-male	% against Total
Upto 14 Yrs	6	0.96	10	1.59	5	0.89	11	1.96
15-29	138	21.97	103	16.40	126	22.5	84	15.0
30-44	115	18.31	57	9.08	128	22.85	55	9.82
45-59	116	18.47	25	3.98	72	12.85	26	4.64
60 and above	40	6.37	18	2.87	35	6.25	18	3.21
Total:-	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.35	194	34.64

The analysis shows that the age profile of most of the suicide victims both men and women falls into two age-groups of 15-29 and 30-44 years. Thus it can be said that most people who commit suicide do so in the prime of their lives between 15 to 44 years of age (65.76% in 2008 and 70.18% in 2009) This fact can be correlated to the reasons for suicide i.e. 'family problems' and 'illness'.

CHART-8.7

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH AGE GROUP 15 TO 44 IN MALE & FEMALE AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2008 & 2009



8.9 Profession Profile of Suicide Victims:

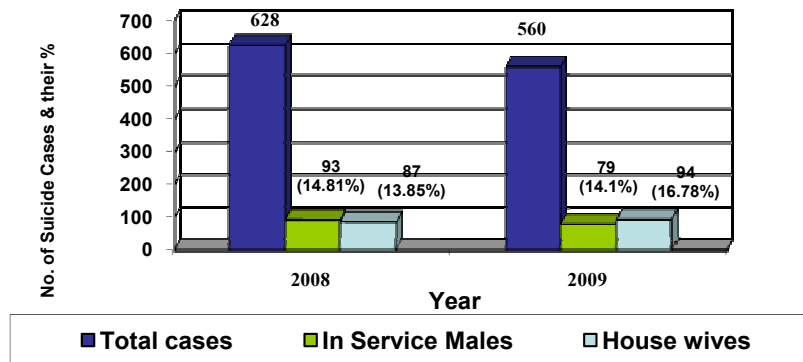
The following table gives the profession profile of the suicide victims for 2008 and 2009:

Year Status	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Service	74	11.78	19	3.03	79	14.10	19	3.39
Students	20	3.18	16	2.55	25	4.46	25	4.46
Un-Employment	29	4.62	9	1.43	52	9.28	12	2.14
Business	31	4.94	1	0.16	16	2.85	1	0.17
Farming	150	23.89	38	6.06	24	4.28	-	-
Housewives	-	-	87	13.85	-	-	94	16.78
Misce	111	17.68	43	6.85	3	0.53	-	-
Total:-	415	66.08	213	33.91	4	0.71	1	0.17

Another aspect that is brought forth is that those who committed suicide were mostly in service profession in case of males and **housewives** in the case of females. (in 2008 11.78% males were in service and 13.85% females were housewives and in 2009, 14.1% males were in service and 16.78% females were housewives). This fact can again be co-related to the age profile falling within 15-44 years.

CHART-8.8

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH MALES IN SERVICE AND FEMALES AS HOUSEWIVES AND THEIR % AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2008&2009



8.10 Means Adopted in Suicide Cases:

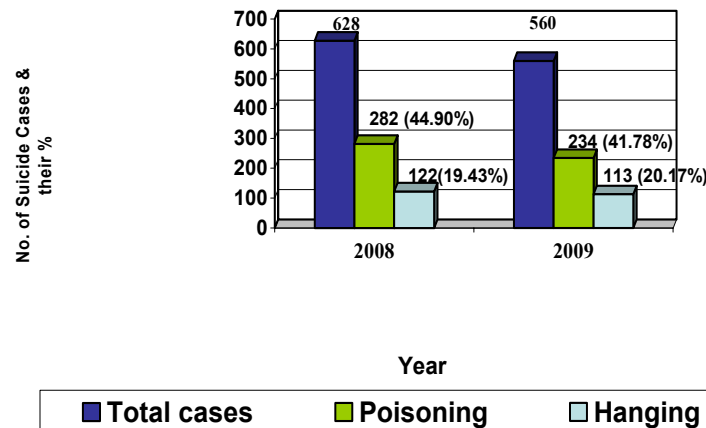
The following table gives the details of various means adopted for committing suicides during the years 2008 and 2009.

Year Status	2008				2009			
	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total	Male	%against Total	Fe- male	%against Total
Over Alcoholism	26	4.14	-	-	5	0.89	0	0
Drowning	42	6.69	13	2.07	45	8.03	16	2.85
Fire-Arms	17	2.71	17	2.71	2	0.35	0	0
Poison	160	25.48	122	19.43	130	23.21	104	18.57
Hanging	82	13.06	40	6.37	74	13.21	39	6.96
Jumping	39	6.21	2	0.32	15	2.67	4	0.71
Overdose sleeping pills	-	-	-	-	4	0.71	1	0.17
By fire/self immolation	-	-	-	-	1	0.17	7	1.25
By touching electric wires	-	-	-	-	2	0.35	0	0
Misc. Means	49	7.80	19	3.03	88	15.71	23	4.10
Total:-	415	66.08	213	33.91	366	65.35	194	34.64

The means adopted for committing suicide range over several methods from drinking too much to jumping from high places. However, the maximum number have committed suicide by **consuming poison**. (44.90% in 2008 and 41.78% in 2009.) This is followed by hanging (19.43% in 2008 and 20.17% in 2009).

CHART-8.9

NO. OF SUICIDE VICTIMS CO-RELATING WITH 'POISON' & 'HANGING' AS MEANS ADOPTED AND THEIR %AGE AGAINST TOTAL CASES DURING THE YEARS-2008 & 2009



8.11. Conclusions:

- (i) There has been a decrease in the suicide cases, both in male & female cases during the year 2009 as against the year 2008.
- (ii) The districts of Bilaspur, Hamirpur, Kinnuar and Una were found more prone to suicidal deaths as compared to the other 8 districts of the state.
- (iii) The major cause of suicides remained 'family problems' followed by 'Illness'. 'Unemployment' is certainly not one of the major causes of suicides as it contributes less than 5 % to total suicide cases.
- (iv) Most of the male suicide victims were in service and female suicide victims were house-wives. The farmers/agriculturists do not form major group of suicide

victims as this group contributes only 5% to total suicide cases.

- (v) The majority of the suicide victims were married and in the age group of 15 to 44 years.
- (vi) The most popular means for committing suicide remained taking 'poison' followed by 'hanging'.

TABLE 8.1

DISTRICT WISE SUICIDAL DEATHS DURING 2009

Sr. No.	DISTRICT	NO. OF SUICIDAL DEATHS		
		Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	PD BADDI	12	7	19
2	Bilaspur	67	24	91
3	Chamba	1	7	8
4	Hamirpur	60	31	91
5	Kangra	48	42	90
6	Kinnaur	18	7	25
7	Kullu	2	4	6
8	L/Spiti	0	1	1
9	Mandi	70	24	94
10	Shimla	23	14	37
11	Sirmaur	15	10	25
12	Solan	21	13	34
12	Una	29	10	39
Total		366	194	560

MAP-8.1

SUICIDES – 2009

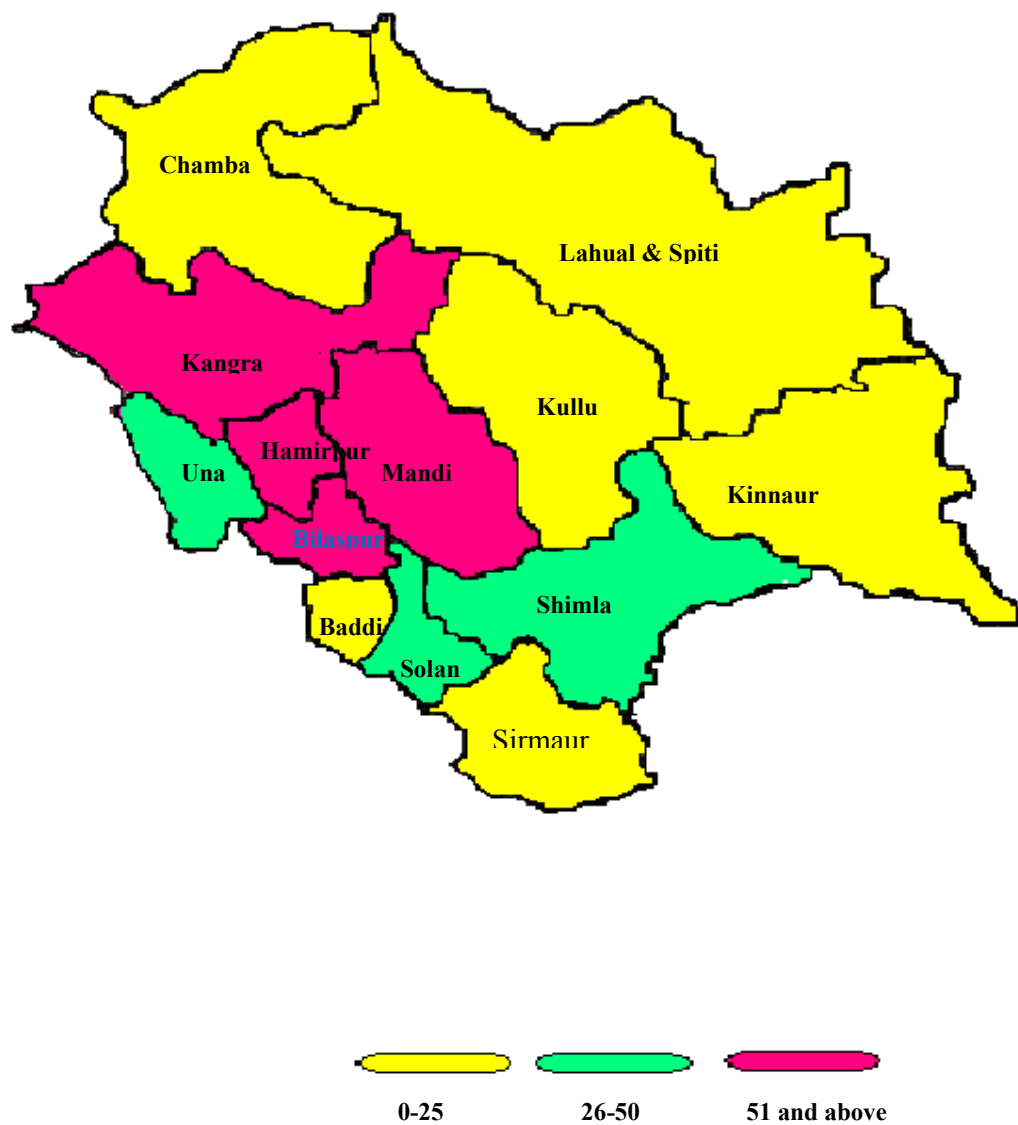


TABLE 8.2

**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF SUICIDES
DURING 2000-2009**

Sr. No.	Years	Male	Female	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2000	239	118	357
2	2001	177	130	307
3	2002	209	126	334
4	2003	240	146	386
5	2004	236	135	371
6	2005	214	145	359
7	2006	301	156	457
8	2007	258	144	402
9	2008	415	213	628
10	2009	366	194	560
% CHANGES IN 2009 OVER 2008		-11.81	-8.92	-10.83

CHAPTER-9

ACCIDENTAL DEATHS

9.1 General:

Incidents of road accidents in Himachal Pradesh show fluctuating trends. The break-up of accidents for the last ten years is shown in Table-9.1

TABLE-9.1
NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS ACCORDING TO
TYPE OF VEHICLES FROM 2000 TO 2009

SI No	TYPE OF VEHICLES	YEAR										(%) TYPE OF VEHI CLE
		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
1.	BUS	405	371	439	428	411	406	431	375	332	308	10.12
2.	TRUCK/ LORRY	539	541	619	578	664	715	631	680	529	362	11.9
3.	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	832	922	968	1100	1276	1200	1190	1341	1173	1094	35.96
4.	THREE/ TWO WHEELERS	501	513	645	570	604	638	650	677	730	734	24.13
5.	OTHERS	221	240	237	282	273	208	325	324	353	580	18.84
	TOTAL	2498	2587	2908	2958	3228	3167	3227	3397	3117	3078	99.99

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO account for the largest number of accidents. During the year 2009, 35.96 % of the road accidents were attributed to CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPO. During the year 2008, 22.89% road accidents involved light vehicles (LMVs). District wise comparative statement of road accidents during 2008-2009 is presented in

Table-9.2. 3078 road accidents were reported during the year 2009 out of which 2348 fatalities, 730 accidents were fatal.

9.2 Accidental Deaths :

CAR/JEEP/TAXI/TEMPOS were responsible for 38.03% of accidental deaths during 2009. Out of 1112 persons who died due to accidents, as many as 423 were involved in accidents with these type of vehicle. Table-9.2 gives details of road accidental deaths for the year 2009 with break-up of types of vehicles and due to other reasons. Kangra District reported the highest (165) accidents followed by shimla (153), Chamba (148) and Mandi (137). Chart-9.1 depicts road accidents occurred during 2000 – 2009.

Percentage of road accidental deaths according to type of vehicles during the years 2009 is presented in Chart-9.2.

CHART-9.1
NUMBER OF ROAD ACCIDENTS (1999-2009)

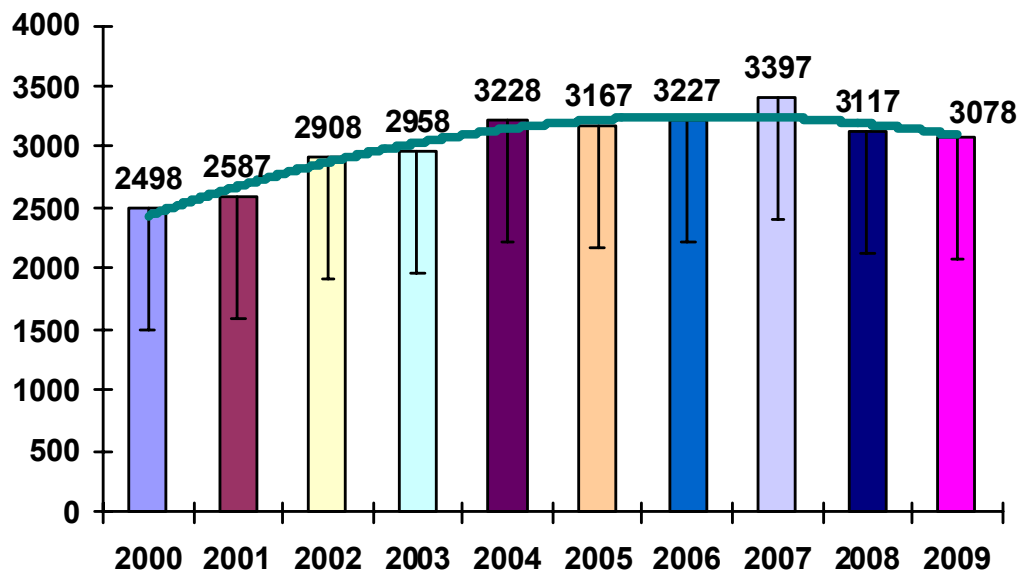


CHART-9.2

**PERCENTAGE OF ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS
(ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VEHICLES DURING 2009)**

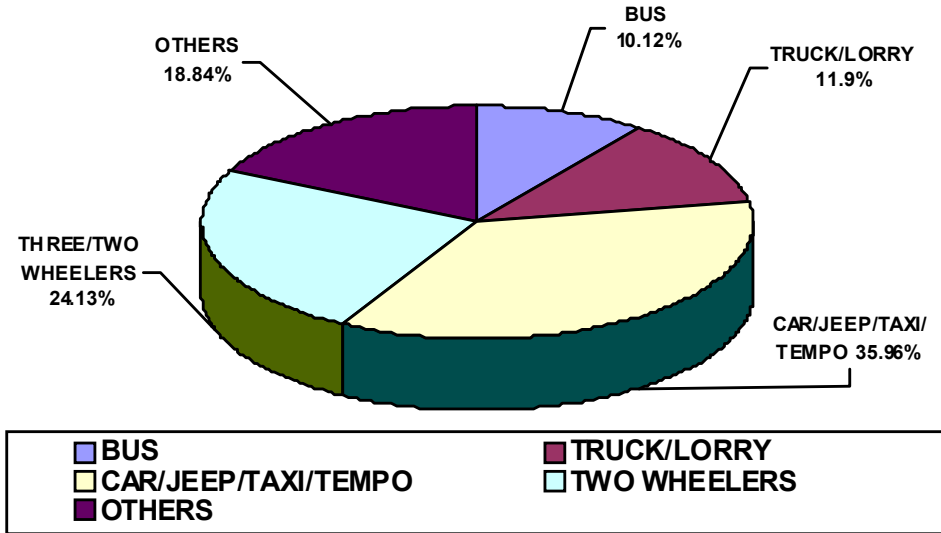


TABLE-9.2

**ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS ACCORDING TO
TYPES OF VEHICLES -2009**

Sl. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	TYPE OF VEHICLES					TOTAL
		BUS	TRUCK / LORRY	CAR/JEEP/ TAXI/ TEMPO	Three/Two WHEELERS	OTHERS	
1.	Baddi	2	21	10	9	5	47
2.	Bilaspur	12	26	15	17	4	74
3.	Chamba	65	6	66	6	5	148
4.	Hamirpur	6	4	14	11	0	35
5.	Kangra	52	21	31	25	36	165
6.	Kinnaur	0	10	30	2	0	42
7.	Kullu	0	15	62	5	11	93
8.	Lahul /Spiti	0	0	9	0	2	11
9.	Mandi	31	26	60	12	8	137
10.	Shimla	24	17	66	18	28	153
11.	Sirmaur	2	26	32	8	10	78
12.	Solan	12	12	23	12	4	63
13.	Una	24	5	5	6	26	66
TOTAL		230	189	423	131	139	1112

MAP-9.1

ROAD ACCIDENTAL DEATHS DURING -2009

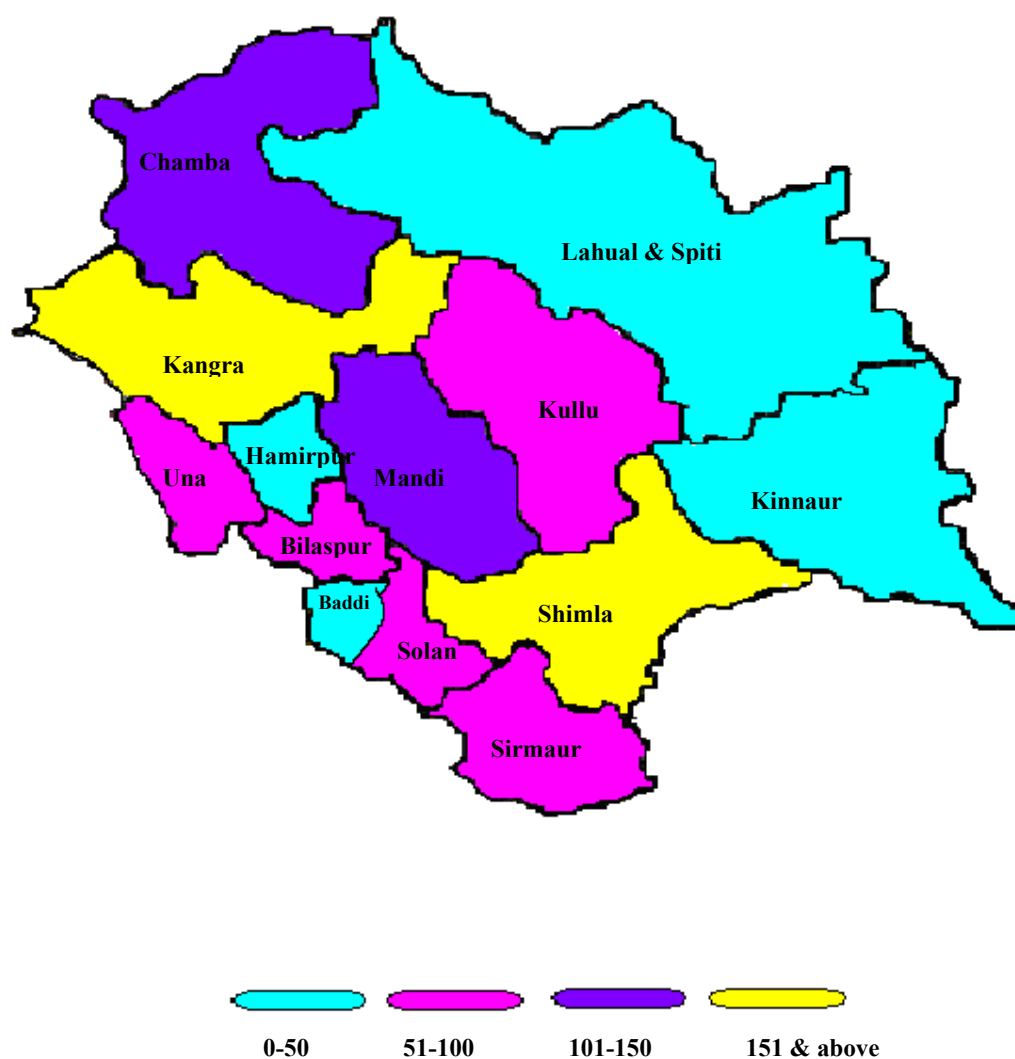
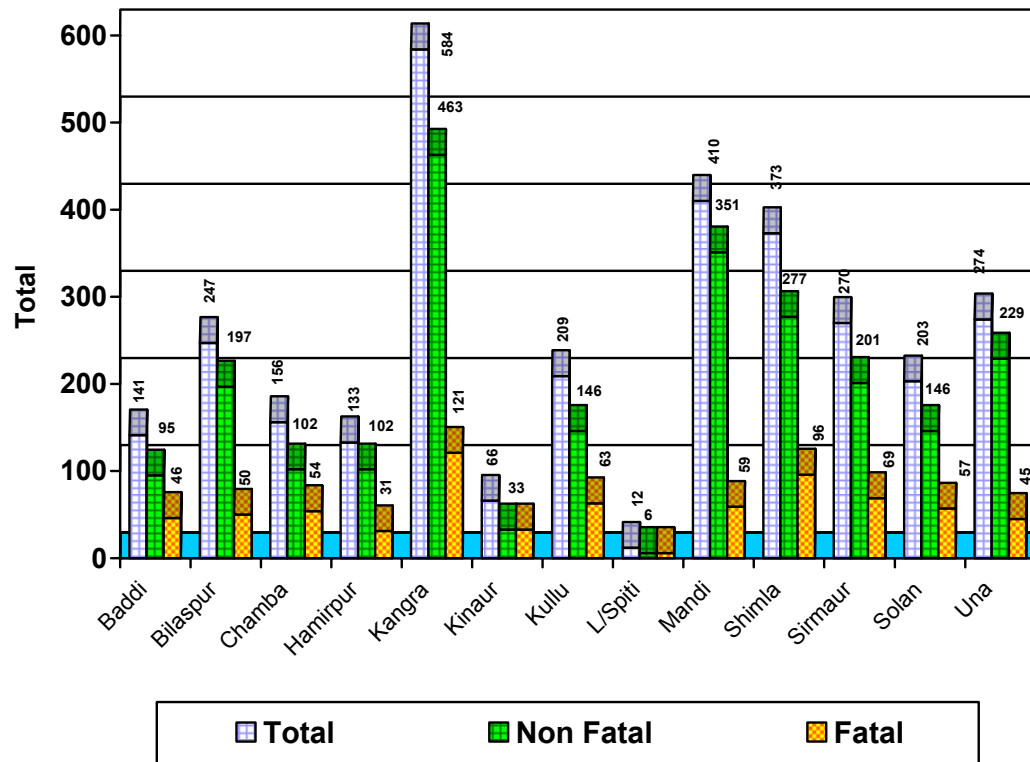


TABLE-9.3

DISTRICT-WISE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF ROAD ACCIDENTS CASES FOR THE YEAR 2008 & 2009.

SR. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	FATAL		NON FATAL		TOTAL	
		2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009
1.	Baddi	0	46	0	95	0	141
2.	Bilaspur	33	50	174	197	207	247
3.	Chamba	44	54	66	102	110	156
4.	Hamirpur	21	31	100	102	121	133
5.	Kangra	59	121	389	463	448	584
6.	Kinnaur	19	33	48	33	67	66
7.	Kullu	57	63	139	146	196	209
8.	Lahual /Spiti	4	6	7	6	11	12
9.	Mandi	74	59	310	351	384	410
10.	Shimla	74	96	303	277	377	373
11.	Sirmaur	59	69	197	201	256	270
12.	Solan	76	57	283	146	359	203
13.	Una	47	45	191	229	238	274
TOTAL		567	730	2207	2348	2774	3078

CHART-9.3
DISTRICT WISE TOTAL ACCIDENTS
(FATAL AND NON FATAL DURING 2009)



CHAPTER-10

CYBER CRIMES

10.1. Definition of Cyber Crime:

“Any illegal action in which a computer is a tool or object of crime, in other words, any crime, the means or purpose of which is to influence the function of computer.”

Computer and Tele-communications are the key areas of cyber crimes. In cyber crimes, the Computer is used in the following two ways:-

- i.) Computer as a target
- ii.) Computer as a tool

The computer becomes a target of cyber crime when, by way of hacking or intrusion, the criminals access a computer with a motive to impair, damage or alter the system. The hacking can evolve into other substantive violations, for example, alteration of accounts, drawl of money etc. by cyber intrusion into a bank.

Computer becomes a tool for cyber crime when it becomes a convenient method to commit crimes affecting large scale net-works and programmes such as introducing virus into large scale reservation or financial network or unauthorizedly obtaining classified information from data stored in defence and security computers.

10.2 Classification of computer crimes:

The most accepted classification of computer crimes is as follows:

- (i) Computer related frauds.
- (ii) Computer forgery.
- (iii) Damage to computer data of computer programmes.
- (iv) Computer sabotage.

- (v) Unauthorized access.
- (vi) Unauthorized interception
- (vii) Unauthorized reproduction of a protected computer programmes
- (viii) Unauthorized reproduction of a topography
- (ix) Alteration of computer data or computer programmes
- (x) Computer espionage
- (xi) Unauthorized use of a computer
- (xii) Unauthorized use of a protected computer programmes.

10.3. Incidence of Computer Crime:

During the year 2009, 6 cases of computer crime were registered in the State. District wise details are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of District	Offences	No. of Cases Registered	Persons Arrested
1.	Shimla	Fraud E.Mail Under Sections 467,468 IPC	1	-
2.	Kullu	Fraud ATM Under Sections 65 IT & 420,406,379IPC	1	-
3	Bilaspur	Obscene Publication Under Sections 67 IT & 509, 34 IPC	1	-
4.	Kangra	Embezzled of money 66D IT & 120 B, 378,398,415,416, 420,463, 464& 14 Foreign Act U/S 66 D, 70 B IT Act. 420 IPC	2	7
5	PS CID	Lottery Scams Under Sections 66, 67 IT 420 IPC	1	-

CHAPTER-11

DETECTION UNDER NARCOTIC DRUGS & PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCE (ND&PS) ACT.

11.1 General:

A drug is a substance intended for use as a medicine for the all alleviation of human and animal suffering either alone or in the form of a medical preparation. A drug when modify one or more of its functions. This would include not only medication meant for the treatment of the patients but also other pharmacologically active substances. In other words a drug is any substance that can cause a change in man's body or way of thinking and feeling.

In Himachal Pradesh there are total 17495 villages out of which 402 villages of the following five Districts are the natural habitants of cannabis where it grows naturally. Analysis reveals that these five districts of the State have been identified by the drug traffickers for cultivation and transporting of Cannabis at national and international level.

Name of Distt.	Number of Panchayats	Number of Villages
Kullu	50	227
Mandi	11	136
Shimla	35	52
Kinnaur	29	44
Chamba	119	631
Kangra	9	20

11.2 Narcotic Drugs:

In general, Narcotics drug can be defined as a awareness of sensory impulses, especially pain, by the brain. In large doses it caused stupor (Condition of insensibility), coma or convulsion. These would include:

- (i) Cannabis preparations like Bhang, Ganja and Charas.
- (ii) Opium and Opium alkaloids like morphine.
- (iii) Coca alkaloids like Cocaine.
- (iv) Synthetic narcotic drugs like pethidine.

11.3 Psychotropic Drugs:

The Greek word Phycho means “Soul” and “Trope” means ‘Turning’, and drug having peculiar affinity for or effect on mind (Mind altering). The term psychotropic drug include:

- 1) Hallucinogens: There are both natural and synthetic Drugs like LSD (Lysergic acid Diethylamide) and tetrahydrocannabinals.
- 2) Hypnotics: Secobarbitone, Phenobarbitone.
- 3) Stimulants: These drugs induce and excitement in the body like amphetamines cocaine.
- 4) Tranquillizers: Methaqualone, Mandrax, etc.
- 5) Depressants: Under this class would fall drugs which are pain killers, analgesics, sedatives, like barbiturates, opiates.

11.4 Important (ND&PS) Drugs:

- Opium
- Morphine
- Codeine
- Heroin
- Cocaine
- Cannabis
- Ganja
- Hashish
- Marijuana
- Synthetic Drugs
- LSD etc.

11.5 Seizer of Drugs :

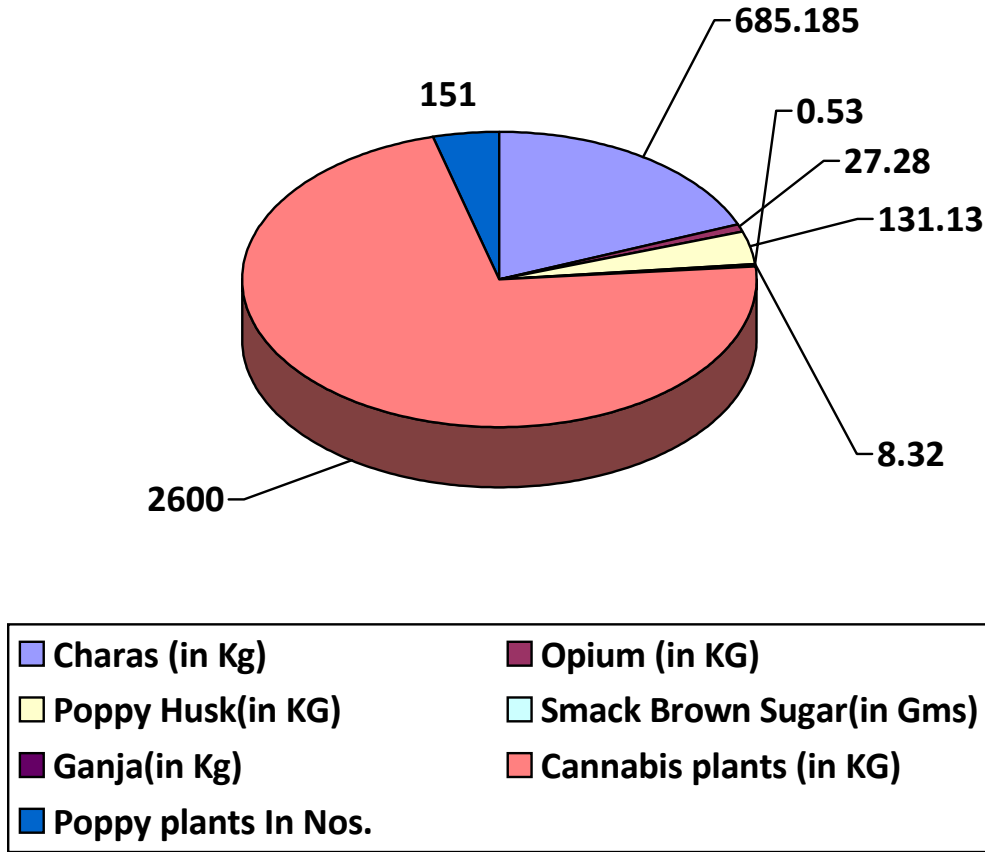
The detail of drugs seized/recovered during the last 5 years and the case registered thereon is given in the below mentioned Table.

CASES REGISTERED AND CONTRABANDS SEIZED UNDER ND&PS ACT FROM THE YEAR 2005 TO 2009

Sr. No.	Type of Drugs	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
1.	Cases Regd.	242	385	233	374	473
2.	Charas (in Kgs.)	258	309	328.755	217.153	685.185
3.	Opium (in Kgs.)	12	11	9.270	18.632	27.280
4.	Poppy Husk (Kgs.)	265	407	1270.840	456.398	131.130
5.	Poppy Plants (Nos.)	2820	2069	37 Kgs, 125 Nos	25213	151 NoS
6.	Smack Brown Sugar (Gms.)	754	307	258.537	2.344	.053 Gms
7.	Morphine (in Gms.)	-	5	-	-	-
8.	Ganja (in Kgs.)	7.850	920	9.600	5.120	8.320
9.	Cannabis Plants	-	-	1Kg Seed 30 Plants	-	2600 Kgs
10.	Cocaine/crack (in Gms.)	-	-	653	450	-

The drug-wise detection during the year 2009 according to the above mentioned table is presented in the chart 11.1. The major detection of charas (685.185 Kgs) has been made during the year 2009 followed by poppy husk (131.130). Detection of other drugs i.e. Opium is 27.280 Kgs., smack 0.53 gms and ganja 8.320 Kgms has been made during the year 2009

CHART-11.1
QUANTITY OF DETECTED DRUGS UNDER
ND&PS ACT DURING 2009



11.6 Detailed Analysis :

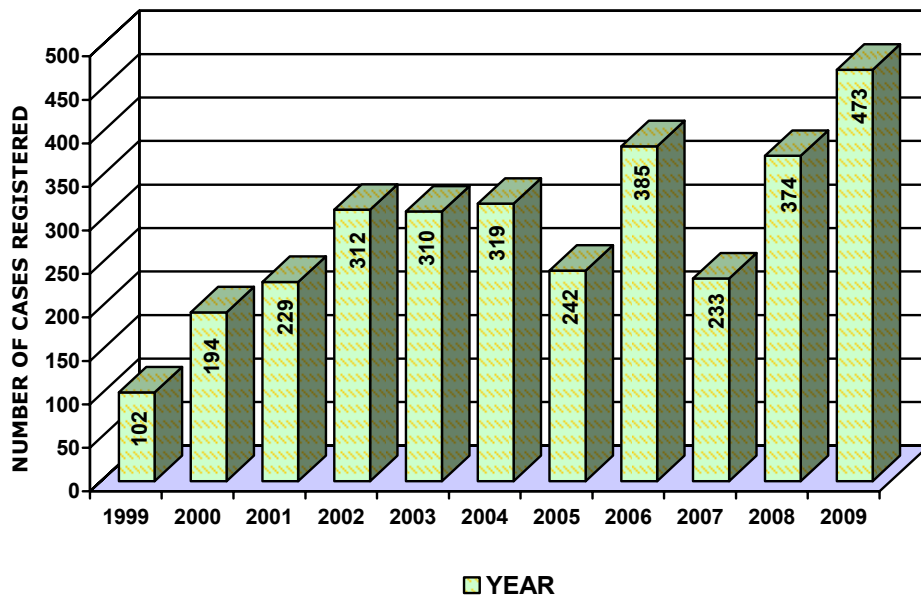
The incidence of 473 cases under the ND&PS Act in the year 2009 showed an increase of 26.47% over 2008. Cases under this Act constituted 11.53 % against the total Local & Special Law reported cases during the year 2009. The highest incidence of narcotics cases were reported in Kullu district (130) followed by Mandi (106), Chamba (41), Shimla and Hamirpur (38 cases each), Kangra (35), Bilaspur (25), Solan (24), Sirmaur and Baddi (11 cases each), Una (7), CID (4), Kinnaur (3). No case under this Act was reported in Lahaul & Spiti District in the year 2009.

The main concentration on the incidence registered under this Act remains on District Kullu and Mandi with 49.89 % of the total registered cases. The analysis reveals that the main source area of drugs are Kullu, Mandi, Chamba and Shimla. Further carriers of this contraband are mostly labourers and poor people.

Of the total persons apprehended under this Act, 80 % belong to Himachal Pradesh and 20% were outsiders. Study of age profile shows that mostly adults between 18-30 years of age are involved (35%). About 39% were in the age group of 30-45 years. Above 45 years were 26%.

The participation of children below 18 years is negligible. Foreigners involved in this activity are mostly Italians and Israelis. Previous 10 Years (2000-2009) Crime under this head is presented in Chart-11.1

CHART-11.2
DETECTION UNDER ND&PS ACT DURING (2000-2009)



CHAPTER-12

POLICE STRENGTH, INFRASTRUCTURE AND EXPENDITURE

12.1 Police Strength:

The sanctioned strength of the Police personnel in the Himachal Pradesh during the year 2009 was 17896 while actual strength is 14767. Total strength of (GOs) Class-I is 282, which includes 75 IPS, and 159 HPS. Total Class-II GOs are 28. The strength of executive force is 15924 which includes 2000 NGOs: Inspectors (258), Sub-Inspectors (647) Asstt. Sub-Inspectors (1095). The strength of Head Constables and Constables is 13924, (HCs-2699 and Const.-11225). The strength of ministerial staff (Class-III is 618, Class-IV 593 and other Whole time, Daily Wagers and Part Timers) is 451. The rank wise detailed sanctioned position and actual strength is presented in Table 12.1.

TABLE-12.1

TOTAL SANCTIONED AND ACTUAL POLICE STRENGTH IN HIMACHAL PRADESH (2009)

SR. No.	Rank	Class of Post	Sanctioned Strength	Actual Strength
1.	IPS	I	75*	64
2.	HPS	I	159**	150
3.	GOs in CTS	I	6	5
4.	Admn. Officer	I	1	1
5.	Private Secretary	I	2	2
6.	Supdt. Grade-I	I	8	8
7.	Doctors	I	8	3
8.	Joint Director	I	4	4
9.	District Attorney	I	4	4
10.	Dy. District Attorney	I	7	6
11.	Asstt. Distt. Attorney	I	7	6
12.	Law Officer	I	1	0
Total G.O's.			282	253
1	Supdt. Grade-II	II	18	18
2	Lecturers	II	5	-
3	S.O. (Audit)	II	5	4

Total Class-II			28	22
EXECUTIVE FORCE				
1	Inspectors	III	258	245
2	Sub-Inspectors	III	647	525
3	Asstt.Sub-Inspectors	III	1095	1064
4	Head Constables	III	2699	2223
5	Constables	III	11225***	9216
	Total		15924	13273
MINISTERIAL STAFF				
1.	Personal Assistants	III	2	2
2.	Sr. Assistants	III	81	77
3.	Clerks	III	129	102
4.	Sr. Scale Stenographer	III	14	14
5.	Jr. Scale Stenographer	III	10	09
6.	Steno Typists	III	74	40
7.	Restorer	III	2	1
8.	Coaches	III	3	0
9.	Computer Science	III	1	0
10.	Forensic Assistant	III	1	0
11.	Electronic Technician	III	1	0
12.	Computer Instructor	III	1	0
13.	Librarian	III	1	0
14.	Pharmacist	III	11	1
15.	Nursing Assistant	III	5	0
16.	Foreman	III	1	0
17.	Electrician	III	2	1
18.	Fitter	III	1	1
19.	Mechanic	III	1	0
20.	Painter	III	1	1
21.	Welder	III	1	1
22.	Cook	III	275	209
	Total	III	618	459
CLASS-IV				
1.	Sweeper	IV	187	118
2.	Male	IV	15	14
3.	Syce	IV	9	9
4.	Painter	IV	2	1
5.	Tailor	IV	10	6
6.	Carpenter	IV	14	8
7.	Barber	IV	59	42
8.	Washermen	IV	78	53
9.	Water Carrier	IV	145	94
10.	Cobbler	IV	15	12
11.	Mason	IV	4	2
12.	Kennelmen	IV	1	1
13.	Chowkidar	IV	2	2

14.	Blacksmith	IV	1	1
15.	Plumber	IV	1	1
16.	Nursing Orderly	IV	2	2
17.	Khalasi	IV	3	3
18.	Ward Servant	IV	2	2
19.	Frash	IV	2	1
20.	Peon	IV	33	33
21.	Book Binder	IV	3	0
22.	Daftari	IV	3	3
23.	Jamadar	IV	2	1
	TOTAL CLASS-IV		593	409
	TOTAL (I+II+III+IV)		17445	14416
	Whole -Time Contingent paid, Daily Wagers, Part-Time	IV	451	351
	GRAND TOTAL		17896	14767

* Excluding 3 posts of SP i.e.; CO 4th and 5th IRB and SP BBN

** Including 25 posts i.e.; 10 each in 4th and 5th IRB, 4 in HPIPS and 1 in BBN.

*** Excluding 530 Posts of Constables are held in abeyance vide Government letter No. Home (A) B (1) -5/2006 dated 4.5.2007

12.2 Police Districts and Sub-divisions:

During the year 2009, there were 1 Zone, 3 Ranges (Northern, Southern & Central), 13 Districts (including one Police District at Baddi), 26 Police Sub-Divisions, 102 Police Stations (including 2 Police Stations of GRP) . Detailed summary is given in Table 12.2.

12.3 Police Housing:

The details of different types of available Police housing are depicted in Table 12.3.

12.4 Police Budget:

The budget allocation for Police department in Himachal Pradesh for the last 3 years is depicted in Table 12.4. During the budget year 2009-2010 Himachal Pradesh Police Budget account for 2.03 % of the total budget for Himachal Pradesh.

12.5 Equipment & Transport:

The district wise number and type of available equipments with Himachal Pradesh, during 2009 are presented in Table 12.5. There are 89 HF Sets, 959 VHF Sets, 1407 Walkie Talkies and 23 other equipments available with the Himachal Police Department.

At present the total available (fleet) strength in Himachal Pradesh Police is 474 Motor Cycles, 200 (Gypsy/Jeep/Bolero/Tata Mobiles), 145 Heavy Vehicles and 32 Vans & others. The district wise detail summary is given in Table 12.6.

TABLE-12.2

NUMBER OF POLICE DISTRICTS, SUB DIVISIONS, POLICE STATION AND POLICE POSTS DURING 2009

SR. NO.	NAME OF DISTRICT	NO. OF SUB DIVISIONS	NO. OF POLICE STATIONS	NO. OF POLICE POSTS	
				Permanent	Temporary
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	BILASPUR	01	07	04	0
2.	CHAMBA	02	08	10	04
3.	HAMIRPUR	01	05	03	0
4.	KANGRA	05	15	09	06
5.	KINNAUR	0	04	03	03
6.	KULLU	03	07	04	02
7.	LAHUAL & SPITI	01	03	03	0
8.	MANDI	02	10	11	03
9.	SHIMLA	04	15	18	05
10.	SIRMAUR	02	07	07	0
11.	SOLAN	02	10	08	03
12.	BBN.	02	02	01	01
13.	UNA	01	06	05	0
14.	G.R.P.	0	02	02	0
15.	CID	0	1	0	0
	TOTAL	26	102	88	27

TABLE-12.3

**TYPE WISE AVAILABLE POLICE HOUSING IN
HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2009**

SR. NO	TYPE-III QUARTERS	TYPE-I & II QUARTERS	BARRACKS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	377	2380	3525 MEN

TABLE-12.4

**BUDGET ALLOTMENT NON-PLAN TO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR
THE LAST THREE YEAR AND THE PERCENTAGE SHARE OF
POLICE DEPARTMENT OUT OF THE TOTAL STATE BUDGET.**

SR. NO	YEAR	RUPEES IN CRORES		
		STATE BUDGET	POLICE BUDGET	PERCENTAGE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	2007-2008	11670.79	248.01	2.12
2	2008-2009	14502.42	293.95	2.02
3	2009-2010	15780.02	319.94	2.03

TABLE-12.5

**DISTRICT WISE AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT IN
HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE DURING 2009**

SR. NO.	DISTRICT	H.F 25 WT	V.H.F 25 WATT	WALKIE TALKIE 5 WATTS	OTHER WIRELESS EQUIPMENT			TOTAL
					BEST	POLNET	SAT PHONE	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1.	PD BADDI	0	36	60	0	0	0	96
2.	BILASPUR	01	43	81	0	1	0	126
3.	CHAMBA	16	131	163	2	1	1	314
4.	HAMIRPUR	2	49	124	0	1	0	176
5.	KANGRA	2	126	152	0	1	0	281
6.	KINNAUR	9	34	23	1	1	0	68
7.	KULLU	10	67	116	0	1	0	194
8.	LAHUAL & SPITI	16	36	40	1	1	2	96
9.	MANDI	3	76	95	0	1	0	175
10.	SHIMLA	19	152	241	1	2	2	417
11.	SIRMAUR	08	46	81	0	1	0	136
12.	SOLAN	01	69	59	0	1	0	130
13.	UNA	2	82	156	0	1	0	241
14.	GRP	0	4	11	0	0	0	15
15.	STATE CID	0	8	5	0	0	0	13
	TOTAL	89	959	1407	5	13	5	2478

TABLE-12.6**NUMBER OF AVAILABLE TRANSPORTS SUPPORT DURING-2009
(DISTRICT WISE)**

S. NO.	DISTRICT UNIT	CARS	GYPSY JEEP/ TAVERA, T-MOBILE BOLERO & QUAILS	OTHERS (M. VAN)	HEAVY VEHI- CLES	MOTOR CYCLE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Shimla	03	25	01	08	56
2.	Solan	01	12	02	05	28
3.	Sirmaur	03	09	01	05	24
4.	Kinnaur	01	07	00	03	25
5.	Bilaspur	01	09	02	04	25
6.	Mandi	03	13	04	7	48
7.	Kullu	01	14	02	05	32
8.	L & S	00	05	01	01	11
9.	Hamirpur	01	08	01	04	20
10.	Kangra	02	22	04	06	44
11.	Chamba	01	16	00	04	38
12.	Una	03	09	00	03	22
13.	BBN Baddi	00	09	01	02	18
14.	IG -SR	00	01	00	00	01
15.	IG -NR	00	01	00	00	02
16.	IG -CR	00	01	00	00	02
17.	Ist HPAP Bn. Junga	02	01	00	14	03
18.	Ist IRBn Bangarh	01	03	02	17	02
19.	2 nd IRBn Sakoh	01	03	02	20	03
20.	3 rd IRBn Pandoh	01	03	02	22	03
21.	4 th IRBn Jangalbari	01	01	01	06	03
22.	5 th IRbn. Bilaspur	00	00	00	00	02
23.	Mahila IRB Bassi	01	01	00	00	00
24.	6 th IRBn. Sirmaur	00	00	01	00	00
25.	C&TS	01	01	01	02	04
26.	TTR	03	01	01	00	04
27.	CID	05	17	01	02	24
28.	PTC Daroh	01	04	01	05	19
29.	HP IPS	00	01	00	00	02
30.	AP&T	03	00	00	00	03
31.	PHQ	09	03	01	00	06
	TOTAL	49	200	32	145	474

ANNEXURE-I

OTHER IPC CRIMES

The following are the important sections of law in Other IPC cases under which cognizance are taken up by Police.

1. 323 IPC R/W 190 (b) Cr.PC., Causing simple hurt by means of simple weapon.
2. 411 IPC receiving stolen property
3. 465,466,467,468,469,471,472,473,475,476,477, 477 (A) IPC Forgery.
4. 160 IPC Affray
5. 294 (b) IPC
6. 283 IPC Act endangering human life
7. 377 IPC Unnatural offences
8. 417,419,420 & 493 IPC cheating
9. 328, 329-IPC (Poison)
10. 224 IPC Escaping from Police custody
11. 384- IPC Extortion
12. 318- IPC Infanticide
13. 355 IPC-assault with criminal force with intent to dishonour
14. 306 IPC abetment of suicide
15. 332, 353 IPC Assaulting public servant while on duty
16. 429 IPC
17. 447,448,449,450,452 IPC-Trespass
18. 506 (i) & 506 (ii) IPC-Intimidation
19. 509 IPC-Insulting the modesty of a women

ANNEXURE-II

SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS

1. The Essential Commodities (Special provisions) Amendment Act 1993
2. The Essential commodities Act, 1995
3. SC/ST Prevention of (Atrocities) Act 1989
4. SC,ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Rules 1995
5. Protection of Civil Rights Act 1955
6. The Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1966
7. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
8. Railways Act, 1989
9. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 (Act No.104/56 as amended upto Act 44/86)
10. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1986
11. The Telegraph Wires (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1950
12. The Official secrets Act, 1923
13. The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967
14. The Foreigners Order, 1948
15. The Indian Extradition Act, 1973
16. The National security Act, 1980
17. The Customs Act, 1962
18. Juvenile justice Act, 1986 and Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
19. Anti Hijacking Act, 1982
20. The Prize Competitions Act, 1955

21. The Prize Chits and Money Circulation Schemes (Banning) Act, 1978
22. The Prisoners (Attendance in Courts) Act, 1955
23. The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act and Rules 1976
24. The Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1961 (Act XL of 1981)
25. The Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act, 1984 (Act III of 1984)
26. The prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, 1960
27. The Arms Act, 1981
28. Arms rules 1997
29. The Explosives Act, 1984
30. The Indian Explosives Rules 1998
31. The Explosive Substances Act, 1908
32. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act, 1985
33. The Wild Life (Protection) Amendment Act, 1993
34. The Identification of Prisoner's Act, 1920
35. The Railway property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966
36. Antiquities and Art Treasure Act, 1972
37. The foreigners Act, 1964 (Act XXXI of 1964)
38. The Electricity Act, 1910
39. Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
40. The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958
41. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
42. The Central M.V. Rules, 1995
43. The Copy Right (Amendment) Act, 1992
44. Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971

45. The Telegraph Act, 1885.
46. The Post Office Act, 1898
47. The Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933
48. Contempt's of Courts Act, 1971
49. The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867
50. The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological sites and Remains Act, 1958
51. The Petroleum Act, 1934
52. The General Clauses Act, 1897 (Central)
53. The Cinematography Act, 1952
54. The Police Forces (Restriction of Rights)Act, 1966
55. The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922
56. The Passports (Amendment) Act, 1993
57. The Citizenship Act, 1955
58. The Atomic Energy Act, 1962
59. The Army Act, 1950
60. The Cattle Trespass Act, 1981
61. The Fisheries Act, 1897
62. Representation of the People Act 1950 and Conduct of Election Rules-1961
63. The Indian Passport Rules 1950
64. Consumer Protection Act, 1986
65. Environment Protection Act, 1986
66. Land Acquisition Act, 1894
67. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1983

68. The Water (Prevention and Control Pollution) Act, 1977
69. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
70. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
71. The Family Courts Act, 1984
72. The Special Marriage Act, 1954
73. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
74. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
75. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
76. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
77. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
78. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
79. The Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Act, 1929
80. The Factories Act, 1948
81. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
82. Advocates Act 1961
83. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
84. Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944
85. Companies Act, 1956
86. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944
87. Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946
88. Departmental Enquiries (Enforcement of Attendance of Witnesses and Production of Documents) Act, 1972
89. Disturbed Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1976
90. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1949
91. The Forests Act, 1927

92. Mental Health Act, 1987
93. Poisons Act, 1934
94. Police Act, 1949
95. Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980
96. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954
97. Prevention of Food Adulteration Rules, 1955
98. Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911
99. The Public Gambling Act, 1867
100. Standards of Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Act, 1985
101. Terrorist Affected Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1984
102. Trade and Merchandise Marks Act, 1958
103. The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000
104. The pre-Natal Diagnostic Technique (Regulation, Prevention & Misuse) Act, 1994
105. Information Technology Act, 2000

ANNEXURE-III

HIMACHAL PRADESH ACT

1. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1968.
2. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1972.
3. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1973.
4. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 26 Of 1976.
5. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act No. 36 Of 1976.
6. Himachal Pradesh Repealing Act, 1978.
7. Himachal Pradesh Roadside Land Control Act, 1969
8. Himachal Pradesh Silk worn Seeds Control Act, 1968.
9. Himachal Pradesh State Aid To Industries Act, 1968
10. Himachal Pradesh Tenancy & Land Reforms Act, 1972
11. Foreign Marriage Act, 1969
12. Himachal Pradesh Tolls (Repealing) Act, 1972
13. Himachal Pradesh Tolls Act, 1975
14. Himachal Pradesh Town And Country Planning Act, 1977
15. Himachal Pradesh Transfer Of Land (Regulation) Act, 1969.
16. Himachal Pradesh University Act, 1970
17. Himachal Pradesh Urban Rent Control Act, 1987
18. Himachal Pradesh Utilization Of Lands Act, 1973.
19. Himachal Pradesh Vaccination Act, 1968
20. Himachal Pradesh Vehicles (Bridge Tolls) Act, 1968
21. Himachal Pradesh Village & Small Town Patrol Act, 1964
22. Foreigners Law (Appl.& Amendment) Act, 1962
23. Himachal Pradesh War Awards Act, 1972
24. Himachal Pradesh Warehouses Act, 1976
25. Himachal Pradesh Water Supply Act, 1968
26. Indian Forest (H.P Second Amendment) Act, 1991
27. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.
28. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
29. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1978.

30. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1988.
31. Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952
32. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1991.
33. Indian Stamp (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
34. Indian Treasure Trove (H.P Amendment) Act, 1972.
35. Land Acquisition (H.P Amendment) Act, 1986.
36. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
37. Local Authorities (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976.
38. Press & Regn. Of Books & Newspapers (H.P Amendment) Act,1973
39. Prisons (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973
40. Provincial Insolvency (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
41. Provincial Small Cause Courts (H.P Amendment)Act, 1969.
42. General Clauses Act,1897
43. Public Gambling (H.P Amendment) Act, 1976
44. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1977
45. Public Waifs (Extension Of Limitation) (H.P Amend.) Act,1984
46. Public Waifs (Extn.Of Limit.) (H.P Amend.) Act,1974
47. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1965
48. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 3 Of 1989
49. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act No. 4 Of 1989
50. Punjab Excise (H.P Amendment) Act, 1995
51. Punjab Gen. Sales Tax (H.P Amend. & Validation) Act,1968.
52. Punjab Pre-Emption (H.P Amendment) Act, 1987.
53. Gift Tax Act, 1958
54. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
55. Punjab Profes.Trades,Callings & Emp.Taxn.(HP Repl.)Act, 1968
56. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1980
57. Punjab Security Of State (H.P Amendment) Act, 1984
58. Redemption Of Mortgages (H.P Amendment) Act, 1971

- 59. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1969
- 60. Registration (H.P Amendment) Act. 1981.
- 61. Salaries & Allowances Of Deputy Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
- 62. Salaries & Allowances Of Ministers (H.P) Act, 1971
- 63. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
- 64. Societies Registration (H.P Amendment) Act, 1992.
- 65. Gold Control Act, 1968
- 66. Stage Carriage (H.P Amendment) Act, 1973.
- 67. Suits Valuation (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969
- 68. Usurious Loans (H.P Amendment) Act, 1969.

CRIME IN HIMACHAL PRADESH-2009

GLOSSARY

Arrest Rate:

Number of arrests per lakh of population.

Charge sheeting Rate:

Percentage of cases charge sheeted to cases in which investigations were completed.

Cognizable Offences:

A cognizable case means a case in which, a police officer may in accordance with the first schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 or under any other Law for the time being in force, arrest without warrant.

Conviction Rate:

Percentage of cases that resulted in conviction to the number of cases in which trials were completed during a year.

Crime Against Women:

Rape, Dowry deaths, molestation, Cruelty by husband and relatives, Sexual harassment, Kidnapping & abduction of women and girls, dowry Prohibition Act.

Crime Rate:

Incidence of crime per lakh of population.

Disposal Rate by Police:

Percentage of cases investigated and chaland to total cases meant for investigation during the year.

Disposal Rate by Courts:

Percentage of cases disposed to total cases pending/trial during a year.

Indian Penal Code:

A Penal Code for India listing out the offences and their punishments (Act No. XLV of 1960).

Local Law:

A law applicable only to a particular state/part of India.

Offence:

The word offence means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force.

Property Offence:

Include Burglary, Theft, Dacoity and Robbery.

Special law :

A law applicable to a particular subject.

HIMACHAL PRADESH POLICE



**STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT
HIMACHAL PRADESH**